# The New-York Times.

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## THE WAR.

### No Definite Result from the Negotiations.

### Longing for Peace Among the German Populations.

### Sacrifices for the Army of Relatives in the Field.

### A Sortie at Metz Makes 430 Widows and 1,000 Orphans.

### Berlin Shops Closed—The Keepers in the Army.

### The Promised Bombardment of Paris Postponed.

#### THE PEACE QUESTION.

**French Distrust of England Unabated—King William Urged by Queen Victoria to Moderate His Demands—Conditions Considered Indispensable by Both Belligerents—The Pope, Napoleon and Peace.**

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The French regard England's last effort at mediation with extreme distrust. It is reported on the Continent that Queen VICTORIA has written to the King of Prussia, urging him to moderate his demands. The arrival of M. THIERS at Versailles is expected today. The *Pall Mall Gazette* of last evening announces that a meeting between M. THIERS and Count VON BISMARCK has been arranged, the Government at Tours having accepted the principle of the armistice. The Tours Government is firm in its refusal to enter on any negotiations involving surrender of territory. BISMARCK's constant answer to the instances daily made to him for peace is that the election by the French of some authorized Government is an indispensable preliminary. The Berlin *Provincial Correspondenz* (semi-official) says:

"On the fact of armistice little hope is to be founded, as the French refuse to recognize the hopelessness of their cause. The delay in the bombardment of Paris is due to the imperfect state of its preparations, not to political considerations."

ENGLISH AND PRUSSIAN ANNEXATION.

Sir FRANCIS HEAD writes to the *Times*, today, deprecating the English protest against the annexation of Alsace and Lorraine to Germany, "seeing that England has captured and annexed more millions of men than all Europe together."

THE ENGLISH INITIATIVE.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Dispatches from Tours, dated Tuesday evening, state that the pending peace negotiations are due to the initiative taken by Great Britain. The free pass for M. THIERS to enter Paris is not expected for a week or ten days.

A RUSSIAN OPINION.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 26.—The *Journal* (official organ) hopes that the discussion of the conditions of peace will not be mixed up with the discussion of an armistice. The Constituent Assembly is the only competent power to decide that question. The writer hopes further that, pending the armistice, in deference to humanity, Paris may be revictualed.

BONAPARTIST SCHEMES.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 26.—This city continues to be the seat of active Bonapartist intrigues. The *Independance Belge* still denounces these violations of international law, and calls upon the Government to expel the culprits.

A COMPLICATED SUGGESTION.

Rumors are circulating today of negotiations between the Emperor NAPOLEON and the Prussian Government regarding the temporal power of the Pope, and the question of peace between France and Prussia; but they cannot be traced to any reliable source, and are therefore discredited.

NEGOTIATIONS WITH BAZAINE STOPPED.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—A dispatch from Metz says all peace negotiations with BAZAINE have been abandoned.

#### IN GERMANY.

**Longing for Peace—What the War Costs to the Working Classes—Four Hundred Widows of One Battalion at Metz—Censorship of News—Political Dissatisfaction.**

LONDON, Oct. 26.—A Berlin letter dated the 24th says: The uppermost feeling in Berlin at the present moment, is an intense longing for peace, especially among the lower classes, whose desire is emphasized more strongly day after day. They feel the early inclemency of the season, and picture to themselves the sufferings of their friends in the field. Their last penny has been invested in woollen underclothing and socks to be sent off to the army, and they loudly clamor for a termination of the war.

WHAT IT COSTS.

A single battalion of Landwehr, under Gen. KUMMER, at Metz, in repelling BAZAINE's sortie on the 7th, lost over 400 fathers of families, leaving as many bereaved widows and 1,070 orphans.

IN BERLIN—GONE TO THE FRONT.

In the suburbs of Berlin, the shops of smaller mechanics are closed, and so are those of small butchers, bakers and artisans. They are all gone to the front, says the written placards on the doors of shops and lodgings. These and other evidences of the distress of the people have aroused a decided feeling in favor of an immediate peace.

POLITICAL DISSATISFACTION.

Dissatisfaction prevails in political circles on account of the secrecy observed by the Government relative to the negotiations for the enterence of the Southern States in the German Confederation. The only information to be vovchsafed comes from Versailles, and represents Bavaria and Wurtemburg ager to rush headlong into the arms of the Confederation, while it is well known that the liberals of Munich, Stuttgard and other places openly demand a German Parliament and a new revised constitution.

THE IMPERIAL STATE PRISONER.

A considerable stir was recently observed at Wilhemshoehe. Among the recent visitors were Dr. Conneau, M. Rainbeau, Count Daviller, Regnault de St. Jean d'Angely, Marquis de Gallifar, and Count Karitz, Aid-de-Camp of King WILLIAM.

GLORY ENOUGH.

The position of the Prussian leaders is by no means the same now as at the opening of the war, when everybody approved the situation, and was willing to make sacrifices in behalf of the country; now they are tired of the war, satisfied with their victories, and unwilling to go further for purposes of ambition and aggrandizement.

GERMAN AFFAIRS.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—The elections for the new Prussian Diet will be held on the 9th and 16th of November. Herr JACOBY and seven other political prisoners have been released.

BRUSSELLS, Oct. 26.—The conference between Count VON BISMARCK and the representatives of the various southern States of Germany, regarding the terms unification, has already begun. The Bavarian representative announced that his Government desired a separate military Budget, and some special taxes, as well as a special postal service. He agrees, in case these points are conceded, that her Deputies in the Federal Parliament shall not participate in the discussions on the Federal Budget. It is not thought these terms will be accepted.

#### SIEGE OF PARIS.

**The Bombardment to Begin Oct. 29—A Girdle of Ruin About the City—The Railway Communication with Germany—Further Parcles Refused to French Officers—Moltke's Birthday.**

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The Prussians again announce that fire will be opened on Paris on the 29th inst. The correspondents report that "Paris is girdled with ruin. The country without the walls for miles around is desolate."

COMMUNICATIONS.

The Prussians have impressed the miners into their service to repair the railways from the German frontiers to Paris. The bakers and butchers of Saarbrück and other frontier towns have been ordered to prepare ample supplies for the German forces. A Berlin dispatch says the Paris and Orleans Railway has been nearly restored.

BALLOON OPERATIONS.

The military authorities before Paris have successfully examined the defenses of that city by means of balloons.

TOURS, Oct. 26.—Yesterday a balloon which the authorities were trying to dispatch to Paris, was carried against a tree and badly damaged. Another effort will be made to-morrow. A messenger from the Government, who has important news to communicate, will essay the hazardous experiment of visiting Paris by balloon.

ANOTHER SORTIE.

Gen. TROCHU made another attempt to force an outlet near Issy on Monday, but was repulsed.

FRENCH PAROLES VIOLATED.

BERLIN, Oct. 25, via LONDON, Oct. 26.—The Prussians refuse further paroles to captured French officers because it has been ascertained that many thus released have resumed service in the French Army.

THE SORTIE OF SATURDAY.

VERSAILLES, Oct. 26, (via London.)—Gen. VON MOLTKE celebrated his seventieth birthday today, and received congratulations from the King, the Crown Prince, the principal officers of the army, and all the Princes and statesmen now present at the royal head-quarters....In the combat at Airy on the 22d, the Germans lost about 100 killed and wounded. The French loss was serious.

#### AFFAIRS IN THE CITY.

**The Mobiles as Soldiers—Prospects for the Garrison—Property of Absentees Safe—Peace Rumors.**

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The following is from a private letter from Paris, dated the 18th inst.: All is going on very comfortably at present; no starvation nor bombardment yet; the city is perfectly tranquil, and the Mobiles are gradually becoming soldiers, but they are by no means soldiers yet. BISMARCK seems disposed to allow the American Legation to send and receive a weekly bag through the Prussian lines, but he absolutely refuses to allow them a messenger. I look upon Paris as impregnable from assault until one or more of the forts are taken. No great danger is anticipated from the bombardment. Famine is all we have to fear, and that, it is supposed, will begin to pinch cruelly toward December. About two-thirds of the Americans here want to leave: they are tired of the situation. The Prussians will let them go directly, but the French interpose objections, being afraid of the moral effect upon the population, seeing so many strangers depart. It will end, I suppose, in their going at different dates in small numbers. Tell any of our folks in London that their property here is entirely safe. WASHBURNE does not propose to leave, but will probably do so one of these days. We had lots of peace rumors recently, and many insist that an armistice is certain. I confess that I have not much hope myself of peace before a greater actual pressure is felt.

### MILITARY OPERATIONS.

**Stores for the Besiegers of Metz—Conflicting Claims to Success in the East—The Germans in the North—The Troubles in Marseilles.**

LONDON, Oct. 26.—One thousand stoves have been ordered for the huts of the Prussians besieging Metz. Gen. CAMBRIEL claims a victory for the French at Chatillon-le-Duc. The Germans, on their westward march, gutted the City of Besancon, in the Department of Doubs. They took thirty-seven carriages filled with wounded French soldiers.

TOURS, Oct. 26.—It is confirmed that Gen. GARIBALDI has successfully attacked the Prussians.

CARSRUHE, Oct. 26.—The *Gazette* of this city, last evening, published a dispatch from Gen. BEYER to the Duke of BADEN, containing the following intelligence: On Saturday, the 22d, several victorious engagement occurred on the River Agnon, at Voray, Cussey, Anson and Genneville. The French losses were severe. Battalions of the First, Third, Fourth and Fifth Baden regiments took part in the actions. The German losses were generally insignificant. The following is a complete list of the casualties suffered by the Baden troops: Killed, 7; wounded, 38; captured—officers, 12; rank and file, 200.

IN THE NORTH.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The German troops are apparently concentrating at Rheims. The French Commander at Verdun has sent a defiant message to the Prussians. The Germans refrain from attacking Amiens. Their troops at Beauvais and Soissons are retiring toward Mezieres. Belgium is again sending troops to the frontier.

THE SOUTH.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The troubles at Marseilles are increasing. The Red Rapublicans are largely in the ascendant, and are in open rebellion against the Republican authority at Paris and Tours. They have even gone so far as to offer a reward for M. GAMBETTA's head.

TOURS, Oct. 26.—Advices from Marsailles show that disorders are prevalent there. Even the authority of M. ESQUIROS is now denied. At Lyons all is quiet. The National Guard have greatly assisted the local officers in preserving order.

TRIESTE, Oct. 26.—The Government has sent a frigate to Marsailles to protect the interests of Austrian subjects.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**Removal of Art Treasures from Sevres—A Member of British Parliament on the War—The French Loan.**

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The Prussians have removed all the art treasures from Sevres to Versailles.

PRUSSIA IN THE WRONG.

Mr. SHAW-LEFEVRE, member of Parliament for Reading, last evening made a speech to his constituents in that city. He said since the proclamation of the French Republic, Prussia, by her persistency, had become the aggressor, English sympathies, which were originally with Prussia, had now been transferred to the French. Leaving the subject of the war, he rejoiced in the departure from the rule of marrying English Princesses exclusively to German Princes.

THE FRENCH LOAN.

Books for subscriptions to the new French loan have been opened in seventy out of the eighty-nine Departments of France, nineteen being occupied by the Germans. A Tours dispatch says: "An extra edition of the *Moniteur* appeared last evening, containing a decree for the issue of a loan of 250,000,000 francs on Thursday, the 27th inst., under the title, 'Loan for the National Defense.'"

ANOTHER "MAID OF ORLEANS."

Dispatches from Tours announce that a young girl of that city is creating the most intense excitement by imitating the example of JOAN of Arc. Hundreds of enthusiastic persons have joined her standard. Her appeals for recruits are said to be singularly patriotic and eloquent.

**Meeting of French Sympathizers in Washington—Prussia Denounced for Violating Her Pledge.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—A large public meeting was held at Lincoln Hall to-night, to express sympathy with the French Republic, and with the sufferings of the French people. Hon. THOMAS J. DURANT, of Louisiana, presided, and speeches were made by. R. T. MERRICK and A. G. RIDDLES, Esqs. Gen. MUSSEY, from the Committee on Resolutions, reported a series, strongly condemnatory of the King of Prussia, who, they say, in violation of his solemn pledges, is now prosecuting a war of conquest, and has caused unprecedented carnage, devastation and human suffering, and that the effort now made by the military despotism of Prussia to crush the Republic of France is a direct attack upon Republican ideas in Germany, &c. The resolutions conclude as follows:

*Resolved*, That henceforth we will use every means in our power, consistent with the international and municipal law, to aid the unfortunate people of France in the condition of unparalleled suffering they are now enduring from the war, and that we will, with our whole strength, under the same limitations, encourage the spirit of civil liberty and republican government in Europe and throughout the world.

*Resolved*, That we earnestly request our fellow-citizens in all parts of the Union to meet at an early day in their respective localities for the purpose of expressing their abhorrence of war against the French Republic, and their desire for the success of the republican movement in Europe.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

### CITY WAR NEWS.

**The French National Bazaar.**

Mme. MOURAILLA, the Secretary of the French Ladies' Committee, who are engaged in preparing the French Fair in aid of the French wounded, makes the official announcement that the opening of the Fair, which is to be held in the same building where the German Fair is now held, has been definitely fixed for the 15th of next month. The arrangements thus far are complete, and the ladies acknowledge that they have been ably assisted in their undertaking by a number of French and American gentlemen. A committee, composed of a number of prominent artists, has been formed to prepare the decorations, and the services of Mme. DE LUSSAN and M. CHARLES VON GHELS have been secured to make proper arrangements for the music.

The following is a list of the ladies who have been selected to preside at the different tables: Mmes. Victor Place, wife of the Consul-General; R. Ogden Doremus, Ames Van Ward; Mlle. Blossière; Mmes. W. A. Budd, H. J. Allen, A. Charvet, Judge Alker, A. H. Lazarre, Le Rochette, Simon Picot, Lasalle, Jumel Perry, Bigot, Nash Jarvis, Bouillon, Lebeauf; Mlles. Leclercq and Aubert.

The following ladies have been delegated to receive contributions outside of New-York: Mmes. Lespinass, Washington Heights; De Comeau, Staten Island; D'Hervilly, Philadelphia; Rutz, Philadelphia; Astie, New-Jersey; St. Ament, No. 274 Henry-street, Brooklyn.

**The French National Subscription.**

M. GERDY, the President of the French Subscription Committee, has received the third subscription-list of Philadelphia and Camden, showing that the recent subscriptions in those localities amounted to $400.

The French at Pittsburg have raised $589 60 in addition to previous contributions. From Steatsburg, N. Y., the Committee has received $97 75, collected by Frenchmen, principally among the American and Irish population of that town. The Committee have decided to suspend the transmission of further funds to France until advices have been received from the French Society de Leceurs as to the best means of transmitting the money with safety, and in the meantime the money collected will be deposited in bank.

**The French Committee of National Defense.**

A French Committee of National Defense has been in existence for some time in this City, which is now collecting goods and articles for a drawing in aid of the French Relief Fund. The Committee is composed of Messrs. PELLETIER, President; Vice-Presidents BARON and BUISSON, Corresponding Secretary DEBUCHY, Recording Secretary HUBERT, Treasurer Mr. NAVY, and about seventeen other members. Articles for the drawing will be received until the 31st inst., and the day of the drawing will be appointed hereafter. Tickets are disposed of by the members of the Committee. Large quantities of articles of a miscellaneous character have been collected in this City and in various parts of the country. Mlle. FERRIER, of Donaldsonville, La., has sent in a package of goods for the drawing, and $5 in cash toward a subscription for a sword of honor to be presented to the heroic defender of Strasbourg, Gen. UHERICH.

**The German Fair.**

The German Fair, at the Thirty-seventh Regiment Armory, continues to be generally patronized. It will be closed on Saturday. Last evening the vocalists of the Liederkrans Society entertained the visitors by a series of choice chorus performances, which drew a large attendance of the numerous friends of this popular musical organization. At nearly all the stands drawings are in progress, the results of which will be announced in the *Fair Gazette*.

**The German War Fund Collections.**

The Teutonia Lodge No. 14, of D. O. H., has contributed $25 in aid of the German Relief Fund. The Yorkville Patriotic Aid Society gave last night a concert in aid of the fund at the hall on the corner of Fourth-avenue and Eighty-seventh-street, in which Mme. A. DAVIS, Miss IDA FALLER, Mr. JOSEPH WEINLICH and several vocalists of the Beethoven Maennerchor Society assisted.

**The Lost Steamer Cambria—A Doubt Set at Rest.**

On ascertaining from the Western Union Telegraph Company that a telegram had passed through New-York on the night of the 22d, addressed to a gentleman in Indiana, to the same effect as that which their correspondent in Pittsburg, CHARLES W. BINGHAM, described as having been received by J. L. HODSON, whose brother was supposed to be a passenger on board the unlucky ship, Messrs. HENDERSON, the New-York agents of the Anchor line, dispatched a telegram to Glasgow, to ascertain if anything had yet been heard from the missing boats in Scotland, and thus put an end to the great anxiety felt here by the relatives of the passengers. A cable telegram was received this morning at the offices, as follows:

GLASGOW, Oct. 26, 1870.

*To Messrs. Henderson Bros., Bowling-green, New-York:*

Nothing further has been heard from passengers or the crew of *Cambria*.

The opinion of the agents must then be correct, that Mr. ALBERT HODSON went to Europe by the *Caledonia*, and his name was omitted from the passenger list of that vessel, as he had been booked for the *Cambria*, and the custom of the office is not to insert a name in any other list than that for which he is booked.

**Reception of Colored Soldiers—Grand Concert at Cooper Institute.**

A "grand complimentary concert in honor of Companies D and H, Twelfth Pennsylvania Militia," (colored,) was given last evening at Cooper Institute, under the auspices of the "Saloonmen's Protective Union" (colored.) The main hall of the building was crowded with a well-dressed and most respectable-looking audience of colored people of both sexes. On the platform were the Committee of Arrangements, the Excelsior Band, of Philadelphia, (colored,) Rev. H. HIGHLAND GARNETT and the officers of the Saloonmen's Protective Union. A grand piano also occupied a prominent position on the platform.

The concert was really in the nature of a reception to the colored troops, and the Excelsior Band, which accompanied them, The Band is composed of a remarkably fine looking body of men, who were a handsome uniform, and proved themselves accomplished musicians. The soldiers are also fine looking men, wearing a very neat uniform, and occupied the front rows of seats in the auditorium. The soldiers are veterans of the war. The programme comprised solos, duets, readings, an address by Rev. H. HIGHLAND GARNEIT, and brief remarks by others.

### GENERAL TELEGRAMS.

#### GENERAL EUROPEAN NEWS.

**No Tidings of the Cambria's Boats—The Social Revolution in England—The Spanish Crown—Italy and the Pope—Flat Contradiction of an Infallible Document.**

LONDON, Oct. 26—5 P. M.—No tidings have been heard of the missing boats of the steamer *Cambria*, and it is now thought they went down with the ship....The brig *Ackworth*, from Jacmel, for Havre, has put into Dieppe, with seven feet of water in her hold, deck load gone, and sails, spars and rigging damaged. All hands were disabled....The ship *Queen*, from London for Halifax, has put back to Queenstown leaky, with her boats stove, and other damages....Viscount AVONMORE is dead. Major YELVERTON succeeds to the title....It is officially announced that the Queen, yesterday, at a council at Balmoral, sanctioned the contemplated marriage between the Princess LOUISE and the Marquis of LORNE.....The Liverpool Chamber of Commerce complain of the losses caused by the inaccuracy and delay in the telegraphic service between Liverpool and America. They have resolved to petition the Government for a direct line between Liverpool and Valentia Bay, as it is between these points that the greatest irregularities occur....It is understood that the Madrid Government awaits Prussia's approval of the nomination of the Duke of AOSTA to the throne.

MADRID, Oct. 26.—The vomito has appeared again at Barcelona, and the mortality is increasing.

FLORENCE, Oct. 26.—The Minister of Foreign Affairs has sent a circular letter to the representatives of Italy in foreign countries, denying the assertions made in the late Papal bull relative to the reasons for dissolving the Ecumenical Council. The Minister says: "Italy has not raised, nor will she raise, any obstacle whatever, either to the reassembling of the Council, or the perfect freedom of its discussion." The *Opinsone* says the dissolution of the Italian Chambers is contemplated. The election for new members will be held in November next. Nearly all the journals of this city are preparing for an early emigration to Rome, which, it is generally considered, must ultimately become the capital of the nation.

#### SOUTH AMERICA.

**The Argentine Rebels Again Defeated—A New Cabinet in Brazil—Reforms Promised.**

LISBON, Oct. 26.—The regular mail steamship from Rio Janeiro arrived at this port late last evening, bringing dates from that city to the 8th inst. The news is quite important. Favorable intelligence had been received from Montevideo. LOPEZ JORDAN had again been defeated by the forces of the Argentine Republic....The Brazilian Cabinet had been reconstructed, and a moderately conservative Ministry substituted, as follows:

Minister of Foreign Affairs—Viscount St. Vincent.
Minister of State—Oliveira.
Minister of Finance—Hemen.
Minister of Justice—Barras.
Minister of Commerce—Teixeira.
Minister of the Marine—Souza-Franco.
Minister of War—Caldwell.

Many reform measures, including one relative to emancipation, have been promised.

#### THE EAST.

**Heavy Bank Robbery in Grafton, Mass.—Three Hundred Thousand Dollars Taken—Escape of the Burglars—The Boston Hide and Leather Bank Defalcation Case Again.**

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 26.—The First National Bank at Grafton, Worcester County, was robbed, last night, by a gang of burglars, of a large amount of treasure and valuables, including over $100,000 in Government bonds. The whole amount taken is estimated at from $200,000 to $300,000. The robbers attacked, gagged and bound the watchman, and fastened him in the coal-room, threatening him with death if he made a noise. The watchman states that only five of the gang were in the bank, but they told him there were twelve in all. The burglars tore away the bricks in the wall around the safe, and were several hours at the work. After securing the treasure, the thieves made a hasty retreat at about 4 o'clock this morning. In their hurry they dropped a considerable number of gold dollars in the street. They also stole a horse and wagon in the vicinity, which was found this morning, leading to supposition that they came here and left on the early train. The bank offers a reward of $10,000 for the capture of the thieves and the recovery of the property. GEORGE F. SLOCUM, one of the directors, offers an additional reward of $5,000. The affair has created much excitement in this county.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 26.—In the case of the Hide and Leather Bank defalcation of $300,000, for which MARTIN, the cashier, was sentenced for the embezzlement and pardoned by President JOHNSON, Judge CLIFFORD, of the United States Circuit Court, has decided that ALEXANDER C. FELTON can be tried as an accomplice. FELTON's counsel claimed that the indictment would not hold because his client was not an officer of the bank, but Judge CLIFFORD decided that it is not necessary that more than one party in such conspiracy shall be a bank officer.

#### THE WEST.

**Newport and Cincinnati Bridge—The Ohio Female College—Lynching in Indiana—A Curious Law Suit in Missouri.**

CINCINNATI, Oct. 26.—At a meeting of the Joint Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, Board of Trade and Common Council on the Newport and Cincinnati bridge, held yesterday, dispatches were read from Major PARKER, the engineer, in which he says the Secretary of War has directed the Board of Engineers to meet at once at Cincinnati to take up consideration of the bridge now constructing. A committee was appointed to furnish them information....In the Synod of Cincinnati a Committee of Five has been appointed to take into consideration the purchase of the Ohio Female College, and to raise money for the same.

NEW ALBANY, Ind., Oct. 26.—At 11 o'clock last night, the Sheriff and a posse of men were taking two prisoners from Orleans, Orange County, Ind., to Paoli, for the purpose of placing them in jail at the latter place. When about four miles from Orleans, about 100 disguised and well-armed men suddenly appeared, surrounded the party, took the two prisoners and hung them to the rafters of a covered bridge. The prisoners were a portion of a gang who robbed a farmer near Orleans about a week ago. Great excitement prevails throughout this section.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 25.—CHARLES POMEY, a wine merchant of California, was found dead in bed here, yesterday. It is supposed he committed suicide....PERRY RANDOLPH, who was arrested in Jackson County, in this State, some months ago, for passing counterfeit money, entered suit in the United States Circuit Court, yesterday, against SWIFT & COWAN, lawyers of Kansas City, for $20,000 damages. Randolph alleges that he paid SWIFT & COWAN $1,000 for which they were to procure bail for and defend his case, which they failed to do, and kept his money.

Robbery and Attempted Murder by Negroes—Escape of the Robbers.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 26.—Two colored men broke into the store of G. C. MILLER, at Mile Creek, one mile west of the Fortress, last night. They stole $10 from the drawer, and were removing some flour and bacon, when Mr. JOHNSON, the clerk, who slept upstairs, hearing the noise, came down to see what it was. As he was coming down the stairs one of the men fired at him. The ball passed through his thigh, inflicting a painful and, perhaps, fatal wound. The robbers made their escape in a cart which they had in waiting.

#### THE TURF.

**Heavy Betting in Baltimore—The Second Newmarket October Meeting.**

BALTIMORE, Oct. 26.—Last night, at a dinner given by W. W. GLENN, Esq., to the gentlemen of the turf now in this city, a match between two three-year olds was made for $25,000 a side, $10,000 forfeit, between a horse to be imported from England and an American horse, both to be named within a month. The race—a dash of two miles—is to be run at the Fall meeting at Jerome Park in 1871. In case either horse is not named within the time, a forfeit of $500 is to be paid and the match to be off.

This was the second day of the inaugural meeting of Pimlico Course. The weather was fine and the attendance large. The first race was for the Supper Stakes, a sweepstakes for two-year olds; one mile; entrance fee $100, half forfeit. There were twenty-five entries. The race was won easily by *Harry Bassett*, beating *Madame Dubley* three lengths; time—1:49¼. The second race was the Monumental City Handicap, two miles, for all ages; $50 entrance, half forfeit: the Maryland Jockey Club to add $1,000; $800 to first horse, $200 to second. There were eight entries, four of which started. The race was won by *Abdel Kader*, beating *Midday* second, *Sue Dougherty* third, *Orown Prince* distanced. Time—3:50. The third race was a selling race for $500, for all ages, one and one-fourth miles. The race was won by *Edenton*, beating *St. Patrick* second. *Glencoe, Jr.*, was distanced. Time—2:19¼. The fourth race was for the Breakfast Stakes, for four-year olds, two miles and repeat, $500 entrance, half forfeit. There were twelve entries, but only two started. *Gleneig* won in two lengths, beating *Helmbold*. Time—3:45, 3:44¼.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The chief feature of the second October meeting at Newmarket, yesterday, was the race for the Cambridgeshire Stakes of 25 sovereigns each, 10 sovereigns forfeit, with 100 sovereigns added by the Jockey Club, closed with 236 subscribers, ninety-three of whom paid 5 sovereigns, one mile and 240 yards. The race was won by *Adonis*. The following is the summary:

| | |
|---|---|
| Count Renard's ch. c. Adonis, by Grimston, out of Ledgerdemain, 3 years old | 1 |
| Major Stapylton's ch. c. Syrian, by Mentmore, out of Princess, 3 years old | 2 |
| Capt. Mitchell's b. c. Bonny Swell, by Maccaroni, out of Bonny Bell, 3 years old | 3 |

Time—2:35.

The betting previous to the race was fifteen to two against *Adonis*.

#### NATIONAL CAPITAL REMOVAL.

**Second Day of the Convention at Cincinnati—Resolutions Adopted—Adjournment Sine Die.**

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 26.—The Capital Convention reassembled at 10 o'clock this morning. On motion it was resolved to have read the letter of J. W. FORNEY, but the document was not at hand. The resolutions reported contain the following points:

The removal of the capital to the Mississippi Valley and to some point as near as possible to the centre of population, territory, production and transportation, with reference to the future as well as the present demands of the nation; opposition to further appropriations for new buildings in the District of Columbia; reaffirmation of the resolutions of the St. Louis Convention, and recommendation of the appointment of a committee to memorialise Congress at the next session in favor of the passage of a joint resolution authorizing the appointment of commissioners to examine the question of the removal and relocation of the capital, and to report at an early day.

Mr. WM. BEACH, of Ohio, offered a substitute, declaring the agitation of the removal uncalled for and unwise, and proposing that the Convention adjourn *sine die*. A discussion followed, which was participated in by many speakers in favor of, and but two opposed to, removal. Mr. BEACH's substitute was lost, only two votes being in the affirmative. Mr. WILLIAMS, of Ohio, moved to designate Cincinnati as the place for the capital, but subsequently withdrew the motion. The report of the Committee was then adopted, with one dissenting vote. The Chair appointed the following persons a Committee to memorial Congress: JOSEPH MEDILL, of Illinois; Gov. J. W. STEVENSON, of Kentucky; HORACE GREELEY, of New-York; W. M. BURWELL, of Louisiana; L. W. REAVIS, of Missouri. On motion, an Executive Committee, consisting of one from each State and Territory represented, was appointed to take charge of the whole subject, and call conventions and employ other means as deemed best. This Committee organized, with E. B. HARLAN, of Illinois, President; L. W. REAVIS, Secretary; and SILAS BENT, Treasurer. A vote of approval of the action of Congress in refusing to make appropriations for the further improvement to public buildings in the District of Columbia, was unanimously passed. Adjourned *sine die*.

**The "Red Stockings" Defeated by the Atlantics—A Magnificent Game.**

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—The game of baseball played here today between the Red Stockings, of Cincinnati, and the Atlantics, of Brooklyn, resulted in favor of the latter, 11 to 7. The playing of both clubs was magnificent throughout in the field, while the Atlantics by far excelled at the bat.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Red Stockings..... | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | —7 |
| Atlantics..... | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5 | —11 |

Runs earned—Atlantics, 7; Red Stockings, 1.

Umpire—C. MILLS, of the Mutuals.

**Miscellaneous Telegrams.**

JAMESTOWN, Oct. 26.—In Panama, Chautauqua County, New-York, last Friday evening, Mr. F. G. STEWARD was knocked down and robbed of $1,000. Suspicion rests on a person by the name of SESSIONS, who has left for parts unknown.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 26.—The Agricultural Congress assembled today, and after a temporary organization took a recess until 8 o'clock this evening. About 200 delegates were present.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26.—The treasure shipments to New-York overland, during the past week, were $211,000, principally in silver bars....Gov. HAIGHT has been urged to call an extra session of the California Legislature.... The Oregon Legislature adjourned to-night *sine die*.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 26.—A. J. BOTELLE, of Grinnell, Iowa, formerly Clerk of the Connecticut State Prison, has been appointed Warden, to succeed WM. WILLARD, who was murdered Aug. 14.

**Annual Session of the Sons of Temperance of Eastern New-York.**

The Grand Division Sons of Temperance of Eastern New-York held its annual session at Lyric Hall, Sixth-avenue, yesterday, at 10 o'clock A. M., G. W. P. Rev. STEPHEN MERRITT, Jr., presiding.

The Grand Worthy Patriarch, in reviewing the work of the past year, stated that it was his privilege to give 350 nights to the work of the Order, making, during his term of office, over 700 addresses. He closed with an earnest appeal for unity among the brethren, and declared that the past year, with all its labor and trials, was one of the happiest of his whole life.

The Grand Scribe, E. H. HOPKINS, presented his annual report, containing the following statistics: Number of male members, 16,106; number of female members, 7,553; new members admitted, 1,816; members withdrawn, 745; deaths, 54; violated pledge, 694; expelled for violation of pledge, 305; expelled for other causes, 617; temperance documents distributed, 10,347; number of public meetings, 374; number of lady visitors, 3,453; youths in organizations under the auspices of the Order, 2,744; amount received for initiation fees and dues, $10,413 20; paid for relief, $789 46; expenses, exclusive of relief, $10,766 61; cash on hand, $21,026 23; number of representatives to Grand Division, 1,982.

The report of the Grand Treasurer, A. P. HIGGINS, was also read and referred to the Finance Committee.

At the afternoon session a lengthy debate occurred upon the report of the Press Committee, which contained a resolution calling upon subordinate Divisions to contribute funds for the purpose of spreading temperance literature and news through the medium of the Evangelical Press Association. With some slight alteration the report of the Committee was adopted.

During an argument which took place, Mrs. EMMA GREENER, a representative of Morrisania Division, addressed the body with logic so convincing that she gained her point, amid the hearty laughs of the assembled "lords of creation." This is the first lady who ever took part in the discussions of this Grand Division.

The evening session was very agreeably opened by the reception of Hon. S. R. RANSOM, Most Worthy Patriarch of the National Division of North America, who was introduced and received with the honors. The Most Worthy Patriarch, in the name of several subordinate Divisions, presented a fine gold watch and chain to G. W. P. MERRITT, and the latter in turn gave the Most Worthy Patriarch his old silver watch, which had the effect of convulsing the Division with laughter. The election of officers was then held for the ensuing year, with the following result: Grand Worthy Patriarch, A. W. GLEASON; Grand Worthy Associate, Miss GLARVINA SPENCE; Grand Scribe, E. H. HOPKINS; Grand Treasurer, A. P. HIGGINS; Grand Chaplain, WILLIAM WARD; Grand Sentinel, GEORGE R. TREMPER.

#### WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE.

**Convention in Rhode Island—Some of the Women Present—A Little Fight Brewing—The Speakers and Speeches.**

From Our Special Correspondent.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Wednesday, Oct. 26, 1870.

In this "Fair City by the Sea" there is an unusual stir today over the annual meeting of the Rhode Island Woman Suffrage Association, and the fair speakers whom the indefatigable President, Mrs. PAULINA WRIGHT DAVIS, has imported here to keep up this never-ending contest which the champions of Woman's Rights wage against the established order of things. Unwearied by her recent great exertions in holding the Decade Convention in New-York, Mrs. DAVIS, with fresh vigor, carries on the battle in her own State and calls her forces to order here in Howard Hall, which long use has established as the most eligible for such purposes in this city.

SOME OF THE WOMEN PRESENT.

The Convention began last evening by a preliminary meeting for speeches merely. The hall was well filled with a fashionable set of people, as usual "the beautiful" predominating over "the strong," as there were a large number of women present. Mrs. DAVIS called the meeting to order. Your citizens are tolerably familiar with her tall and stately figure and snow-white hair. She is a lady of so commanding a presence that her mere support in the movement is of weight. She gave a brief account of the recent Decade Convention in New-York, and then entered into a history of governments, the dangers which beset their formations and the evils of class, caste or sex legislation, ending by an appeal to carry on this work for woman's enfranchisement on a broad basis above all petty personal ambitions. Mrs. HAZLETT, of Michigan, next came forward. She is a most irrepressible little woman, and deserves a word of personal description. She is of the medium height, with a slender and wiry figure, a small head, profuse dark hair, sparkling black eyes and a piquant face full of resolution. Her style of delivery is very pungent, and she every now and then utters some odd saying, with an irresistible air of sarcasm. Her dress was a green silk polonaise over a black silk skirt.

Her address was vigorous and well delivered. She began by saying that she had little hope of finding favor in the eyes of so conservative a crowd; but she had always been taught to put her "trust in Providence," which venerable joke was received with much applause. We are told, she urged, that women are represented by their husbands; then, if a man votes for capital punishment, and his wife commits murder, he should be punished. If we are reasonable beings, the punishment of any woman for crime is a cruelty, for no woman ever gave her consent to the laws establishing such punishment. If mutual representation is correct, how about the large number of women who have no husbands? Another point: If any woman ought to be a wife, then every man ought to be a husband. In this vein of true humorous argument she continued at some length, her remarks being very well received. Rev. OLYMPIA BROWN, fresh as if she had been all the time since the Decade Convention in retirement instead of having gone home to preach three sermons since it, then uprose and began one of her half-sermon-like addresses. She is a thin, keen-faced woman, with a most self-asserting *nes retrousse* and brown eyes, with a sly twinkle of humor in them. Handsomely dressed in black silk, and speaking in her usual somewhat high-pitched voice and vigorous manner, she declared that women were already so far advanced toward voting that the question now was not, shall women be given the ballot, but how shall they obtain it?

Mr. STILLMAN, of Rhode Island, closed the meeting by speaking a few earnest words in behalf of the reform.

A LITTLE CONTEST.

Thus ended the first day, but all this was merely preliminary to the real business, as this morning there was a regular meeting of work, at which something of a fight was anticipated. It is well known, probably, to your readers, that there is a division in the ranks of the suffrage advocates, and it has been anticipated that there might be a sharp contest over the little State of Rhode Island as to which of the two associations this State would be made auxiliary to, the American or the Union Woman Suffrage Society. Mrs. DAVIS called the meeting to order again, and, after the report of the measure had been submitted and accepted, the new board of officers was voted upon.

President—Mrs. Elizabeth B. Chace. Vice-President—Col. T. W. Higginson, Mrs. C. C. Knowles, Mrs. Roland Hasard, Dr. Wm. P. Channing, Mrs. F. Howland, Mrs. Sarah A. Buffum. Executive Committee—Mrs. P. W. Davis, Miss Susan Sisson, Arnold B. Chace, Mrs. Mary E. Chace, Mrs. E. K. Churchill, Mrs. Louis J. Doyle, Mrs. Anna E. Aldrich, Mrs. Pamelia Putnam, Mr. J. W. Stillman. Treasurer—Mrs. Susan K. Harris. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. P. A. F. Peckham. Recording Secretary—Mrs. S. B. P. Martin.

After this list of officers had been accepted, the new President introduced Col. T. W. HIGGINSON, who began one of his characteristic speeches, somewhat long, but earnest and full of illustration. As I write, the possibility of a

## FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

**List of Members Already Elected.**

We give below a list of the members already elected to the Forty-second Congress, representing ten States,—Mississippi at her last election elected five Republicans to represent her for the remainder of the Forty-first session and the whole of the Forty-second. These States elect eighty-two members of the two hundred and forty-three constituting a full House, and they have chosen fifty-five Republicans and twenty-seven Democrats. In the present Congress they have sixty-four Republicans and eighteen Democrats. The members elect are the following, the names of Democrats being printed in italics, and the names of members of the present Congress who have been re-elected being marked with an asterisk:

INDIANA.

1. *Wm. E. Niblack.
2. *M. C. Kerr.
3. *Wm. S. Holman.
4. Jere. M. Wilson.
5. *John Coburn.
6. *Daniel W. Voorhees.
7. *Mahlon D Manson.
8. *James N. Tyner.
9. *John P. C. Shanks.
10. *William Williams.
11. *Jasper Packard.

IOWA.

1. *Geo. W. McCrary.
2. A. B. Colton.
3. W. G. Dorman.
4. Madison M. Walden.
5. *Frank W. Palmer.
6. Jackson Orr.

MAINE.

1. *John Lynch.
2. William P. Frye.
3. *James G. Blaine.
4. *John A. Peters.
5. *Eugene Hale.

MISSISSIPPI.

1. George E. Harris.
2. J. L. Morphis.
3. Henry W. Barry.
4. George C. McKee.
5. Legrand W. Perce.

NEBRASKA.

*John Taffe.

NORTH CAROLINA.

1. *Clinton L. Cobb.
2. Charles R. Thomas.
3. *Alfred M. Waddell.
4. Sion H. Rogers.
5. *James M. Leach.
6. *Francis E. Shober.
7. *J. C. Harper.

OHIO.

1. Aaron F. Perry.
2. *Job E. Stevenson.
3. *Jacob D. Campbell.
4. *J. P. McKinney.
5. *Chas. L. Lamison.
6. *John A. Smith.
7. Sam'l Shellabarger.
8. *John Beatty.
9. Charles Foster.
10. *E. D. Peck.
11. *John T. Wilson.
12. *P. Van Trump.
13. *Geo. W. Morgan.
14. James Monroe.
15. W. P. Sprague.
16. *John A. Bingham.
17. *Jacob A. Ambler.
18. *Wm. H. Upson.
19. *James A. Garfield.

OREGON.

Joseph H. Slater.

PENNSYLVANIA.

1. *Samuel J. Randall.
2. *J. V. Creeley, (Ind.)
3. *Leonard Myers.
4. *Wm. D. Kelley.
5. Alfred C. Harmer.
6. E. L. Acker.
7. *W. Townsend.
8. *J. Lawrence Getz.
9. *Oliver J. Dickey.
10. J. W. Killinger.
11. John B. Storms.
12. L. D. Shoemaker.
13. *Ulysses Mercur.
14. *John B. Packer.
15. *R. J. Haldeman.
16. B. F. Meyers.
17. E. Mitton Speer.
18. Henry Sherwood.
19. *G. W. Scofield.
20. Samuel Griffith.
21. *Henry D. Foster.
22. *James S. Negley.
23. Ebenezer McJunkin.
24. Wm. McClelland.

VERMONT.

1. *Charles W. Willard.
2. *Luke P. Poland.
3. *Worthington C. Smith

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Full returns of the election in South Carolina, which was held last week, have not yet been received. It is claimed that the following candidates for Congress were elected:

1. J. H. Rainey, (col'd.)
2. R. C. DeLarge, (col'd)
3. R. B. Elliott, (col'd.)
4. J. J. McKissick, (Ref.)

**List of Candidates in Other States.**

West Virginia votes for Congressmen on Thursday, Oct. 27; Arkansas and Louisiana, on Monday, Nov. 7, and New-York, Alabama, Delaware, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, New-Jersey, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Virginia and Wisconsin, on Tuesday, Nov. 8. Georgia will hold an election in December, Texas in February, New-Hampshire in March, and Connecticut in April. The candidates for Congress nominated in these States, so far as they have come under our observation, are as follows:

| | Republican. | Democratic. |
|---|---|---|
| NEW-YORK. | | |
| 1. | Caleb C. Norvell. | Dwight Townsend. |
| 2. | Silas B. Dutcher. | Thomas Kinsella. |
| 3. | Erastus D. Webster. | *Henry W. Slocum. |
| | R. M. Whiting, Jr. | |
| 4. | —— —— | M. T. McMahon. |
| 5. | —— —— | William R. Roberts. |
| 6. | Horace Greeley. | *John Morrissey. |
| | Thomas E. Stewart. | *Samuel S. Cox. |
| 7. | Benj. A. Willis. | Smith Ely, Jr. |
| 8. | George Wilkes. | James Brooks. |
| | | Julius Wadsworth. |
| 9. | Morris Ellinger. | *Fernando Wood. |
| | William A. Darling. | William S. Hillyer. |
| 10. | James Westervelt. | *Clarkson N. Potter. |
| 11. | Charles St. John. | W. C. H. Sherman. |
| 12. | *John H. Ketcham. | William H. Phillip. |
| 13. | James G. Lindsley. | Joseph H. Tuthill. |
| 14. | Minard Harder. | Eli Perry. |
| 15. | J. Thomas Davis. | Joseph M. Warren. |
| 16. | Andrew Williams. | John Rogers. |
| 17. | Alexander W. Wheeler. | George Mott. |
| 18. | James A. Marvin. | John M. Carroll. |
| | Sam. McKean, (Ind.) | |
| 19. | Elizur H. Prindle. | Joseph Juliand. |
| 20. | Clinton L. Merriam. | —— —— |
| 21. | Ellis H. Roberts. | Abram B. Weaver. |
| 22. | Wm. E. Lansing. | Matthew J. Shoecraft. |
| 23. | R. Holland Duell. | E. McCarthy (withdr'n.) |
| | *D. McCarthy, (Ind.) | |
| 24. | John E. Seeley. | George B. Daniels. |
| 25. | Wm. H. Lamport. | —— —— |
| 26. | Thomas C. Platt. | —— —— |
| 27. | Horace B. Smith. | Lucius Robinson. |
| 28. | Freeman Clarke. | John H. White. |
| 29. | Seth Wakeman. | Alex. G. Shepard. |
| 30. | Lyman K. Bass. | William Williams. |
| 31. | Walter L. Sessions. | Charles D. Murray. |
| ALABAMA. | | |
| 1. | Benj. S. Turner. | S. J. Cumming. |
| 2. | *Chas. W. Buckley. | M. B. Welborn. |
| 3. | B. W. Norris. | W. A. Handley. |
| 4. | *Charles Hays. | J. G. Harris. |
| 5. | L. J. Standefer. | *Peter M. Dox. |
| 6. | B. O. Masterson. | J. H. Sloss. |
| ARKANSAS. | | |
| 1. | *Logan H. Roots. | |
| 2. | O. P. Snyder. | |
| 3. | *Thomas Boles. | |
| DELAWARE. | | |
| | Joshua T. Heald. | *Benjamin T. Briggs. |
| FLORIDA. | | |
| | Jos. T. Walls, (col'd.) | S. L. Niblack. |
| | W. H. Kendrick, (Ind.) | |
| | Samuel Wilson, (Ind.) | |
| GEORGIA. | | |
| 1. | Virgil Hillyer. | A. T. McIntyre. |
| 2. | Richard H. Whiteley. | *Nelson Tift. |
| 3. | John S. Bigby. | William F. Wright. |
| 4. | Thomas J. Spear. | Winborn J. Lawton. |
| 5. | Epnraim Tweedy. | D. M. Riboisie. |
| 6. | William R. Bell. | William P. Price. |
| 7. | George P. Burnett. | *Pierce M. B. Young. |
| ILLINOIS. | | |
| At large. | *Jno. A. Logan. | Wm. B. Anderson. |
| 1. | Chas. B. Farwell. | —— —— |
| 2. | *J. F. Farnsworth. | Richard Bishop. |
| 3. | *H. C. Burchard. | Chas. Betts. |
| 4. | *John R. Hawley. | P. L. Cable. |
| 5. | *Ebon C. Ingersoll. | Bradford N. Stevens. |
| 6. | *Burton C. Cook. | Julius Avery. |
| 7. | *Jesse H. Moore. | Andrew J. Hunter. |
| 8. | Jonathan Merriam. | James C. Robinson. |
| 9. | B. F. Westlake. | *Thomp. W. McNeely. |
| 10. | John W. Kitchell. | Edward T. Rice. |
| 11. | Wm. H. Robinson. | *Samuel S. Marshall. |
| 12. | *John B. Hay. | Wm. Huntzell. |
| 13. | Daniel W. Munn. | *John M. Creba. |
| KANSAS. | | |
| | D. P. Lowe. | R. G. Foster. |
| KENTUCKY. | | |
| 1. | Nathan R. Black. | Edward Crossland. |
| 2. | M. J. Roark. | H. D. McHenry. |
| 3. | R. D. Parr. | Gen. Lewis. |
| 4. | J. M. Fidler. | W. B. Reed. |
| 5. | James Speed. | *Boyd Winchester. |
| 6. | Thomas Wrightson. | Judge Arthur. |
| 7. | William Brown. | *James B. Beck. |
| 8. | E. R. Finley. | *George M. Adams. |
| 9. | George M. Thomas. | *John M. Rice. |
| LOUISIANA. | | |
| 1. | J. H. Sypher. | A. W. Walker. |
| | T. E. Dumas. | |
| 2. | *Lionel A. Sheldon. | George A. Fordyck. |
| | L. Walsh. | |
| 3. | C. B. Darrell. | *Adolphe Bailey. |
| 4. | James McCleary. | *Michael Ryan. |
| 5. | —— —— | J. D. Watkins. |
| MARYLAND. | | |
| 1. | Henry R. Torbert. | *Samuel Hambleton. |
| 2. | Wm. M. Marine. | *Stevenson Archer. |
| 3. | Washington Booth. | *Thomas Swann. |
| 4. | John E. Smith. | John Ritchie. |
| 5. | James A. Garry. | Wm. M. Merrick. |
| MASSACHUSETTS. | | |
| 1. | *James Buffinton. | Wm. W. Comstock. |
| | Robert C. Pitman, (Ind.) | |
| 2. | *Oakes Ames. | Edward Avery. |
| 3. | *Ginery Twitchell. | William Gaston. |
| 4. | *Samuel Hooper. | Leopold Morse. |
| 5. | *Ben. F. Butler. | |
| 6. | *Nath'l P. Banks. | |
| 7. | *George M. Brooks. | Seth Adams. |
| 8. | *George F. Hoar. | Alvah Cook. |
| 9. | *Wm. B. Washburn. | J. B. Jaquith. |
| 10. | *Henry L. Dawes. | Reuben Noble. |
| MICHIGAN. | | |
| 1. | Henry Waldron. | Nathaniel B. Eldredge. |
| 2. | *Wm. L. Stoughton. | Henry Chamberlain. |
| 3. | *Austin Blair. | D. Darwin Hughes. |
| 4. | *Thomas W. Ferry. | Myron Elder. |
| 5. | *Omar D. Conger. | Byron G. Stout. |
| 6. | John F. Driggs. | Jabez G. Sutherland. |
| MINNESOTA. | | |
| 1. | Mark H. Dunnell. | C. F. Buck. |
| 2. | John T. Averill | Ignatius Donnelly. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| MISSOURI. | | |
| 1. | Irvin E. Smith. | *Erastus Wells. |
| | C. P. Johnson, (Lib.) | |
| 2. | *Gustavus Finkelnburg, (Lib.) | |
| 3. | Wm. N. Nalle, (Lib.) | *James R. McCormick. |
| 4. | —— Havens. | |
| | W. E. Gilmore, (Lab.) | |
| 5. | *Samuel S. Burdett. | |
| | Geo. R. Smith, (Lib.) | Abraham Comingo. |
| 6. | George Smith. | |
| | Jas. L. Price, (Lib.) | |
| 7. | I. C. Parker. | |
| | *Joel F. Asper, (Ind.) | |
| | John H. Ellis, (Lib.) | |
| 8. | J. L. K. Hayward. | |
| | James G. Blair, (Lib.) | Andrew King. |
| 9. | E. Draper. | |
| | *D. P. Dyer, (Lib.) | |
| NEVADA. | | |
| | *Thomas Fitch. | C. W. Kendall. |
| NEW-JERSEY. | | |
| 1. | John W. Haselton. | Benj. F. Lee. |
| 2. | William A. Newell. | Samuel C. Forker. |
| 3. | Robert Rusling. | *John T. Bird. |
| 4. | *John Hill. | Philip Rafferty. |
| 5. | George A. Halsey. | *Orestes Cleveland. |
| RHODE ISLAND. | | |
| 1. | *Thomas A. Jenckes. | |
| | Benj. T. Eames. | |
| | Thomas Davis. | |
| 2. | James M. Pendleton. | |
| TENNESSEE. | | |
| 1. | | James White. |
| 2. | *Horace Maynard. | A. Blisard. |
| 3. | | A. E. Garrett. |
| 4. | James Mullins. | John M. Bright. |
| 5. | *Wm. F. Prosser. | Edward I. Golliday. |
| | | Baiss Peyton. |
| 6. | J. Bunyan Frierson. | W. C. Whitthorne. |
| 7. | | Robert P. Caldwell. |
| 8. | | Wm. W. Vaughan. |
| VIRGINIA. | | |
| At Large— | | Raleigh T. Daniel. |
| 1. | D. M. Norton, (col'd.) | John Critcher. |
| | W. W. Douglas. | |
| 2. | *James H. Platt. | Robert B. Bolling. |
| | Wm. Rodney Jones. (native Rep.) | J. T. Pretlow, (Ind.) |
| 3. | *Chas. H. Porter. | Albert Ordway. |
| 4. | W. H. H. Stowell. | Wm. L. Owen. |
| 5. | Alexander Rives. | R. T. W. Duke. |
| 6. | | John T. Harris. |
| 7. | L. McKenzie, (Ind.) | Eliot M. Braxton. |
| 8. | R. W. Hughes, (Ind.) | William Terry. |
| WEST VIRGINIA. | | |
| 1. | Nathan Goff, Jr. | John J. Davis. |
| 2. | *James C. McGrew. | O. D. Downey. |
| 3. | *John S. Witcher. | Frank Hereford. |
| WISCONSIN. | | |
| 1. | Wm. Penn Lyon. | Alex. Mitchel. |
| 2. | Gerry W. Hazelton. | A. G. Cook. |
| 3. | J. Allen Barber. | John Strachan. |
| 4. | Jerome A. Watrous. | *Charles Eldridge. |
| 5. | *Philetus Sawyer. | Joseph Stringham. |
| 6. | Jeremiah M. Rusk. | —— Mygett. |

## NEW-YORK ASSEMBLY.

**List of Candidates Thus Far Nominated.**

A large number of the nominations of both parties for our State Assembly have already been made. Below we give the list for the districts outside of this City, so far as we have been able to ascertain them:

ALBANY COUNTY.

| Dist. | Republican. | Democratic. |
|---|---|---|
| 1. | John Slingerland. | Wm. H. Murphy. |
| 2. | Robert C. Blackall. | John Flood. |
| 3. | | Edward Coyle. |
| 4. | William D. Sunderlin. | John Reiley. |

ALLEGHANY COUNTY.

Charles N. Flanigan.

BROOME COUNTY.

William M. Ely. Benjamin W. Lawrence.

CATTARAUGUS COUNTY.

1. Claudius V. B. Barse. William Smith.
2. Judson Sibley.

CAYUGA COUNTY.

1. William H. Baker. Charles H. Curtis.
2. Stephen S. Hewlit. John Cuykendall.

CHAUTAUQUA COUNTY.

1. Matthew P. Bemus. Henry C. Kingsbury.
2. Orange S. Winans. Franklin Burritt.

CHEMUNG COUNTY.

David Decker. David B. Hill.

CHENANGO COUNTY.

Andrew Shepardson. John Shattuck.

CLINTON COUNTY.

A. P. Brand. | Smith M. Weed.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

1. Jacob H. Dunts. Benjamin Ray.
2. Perkins F. Cady. Henry M. Hanor.

CORTLAND COUNTY.

Irving Taintor. Henry S. Randall.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

1. Alpheus Bolt.
2. James H. Graham.

DUTCHESS COUNTY.

1. James A. Seward. Phœnix Bockee.
2. David H. Mulford. Joel N. De Groff.

ERIE COUNTY.

1. Edward H. Myers. George Chambers.
2. James E. Thompson. John Howell.
3. Fr'klin A. Alberger. John H. Vought.
4. Lewis W. Cornwell. Harry B. Ransom.
5. Job Southwick, Jr. John M. Wiley.

ESSEX COUNTY.

Dayton H. De Lano.

FULTON AND HAMILTON.

John J. Mason.

GENESEE COUNTY.

Volney G. Knapp. George Burt.

GREENE COUNTY.

Isaac Mygatt.

HERKIMER COUNTY.

Daniel A. Northrop.

KINGS COUNTY.

1. Henry E. Bowen.
2. Samuel T. Jones. Smith C. Baylis.
3. Thomas Earle. Dominick H. Roche.
4. Christian Schmidt. Wm. W. Moseley.
5. Wm. W. Goodrich.
6. Bernard Haver.
7. Fred. Coobeu. William Wainwright.
8. Geo. C. Bennett. Samuel F. Conselyea.
9. Francis Fisher. John C. Jacobs.

LEWIS COUNTY.

Joseph Pahud.

LIVINGSTON COUNTY.

Richard Johnson. W. H. C. Hosmer.

MADISON COUNTY.

David L. Fisk.

MONROE COUNTY.

1. James Harris.
3. Volney P. Brown.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Webster Wagner. Jacob G. Snell.

NIAGARA COUNTY.

1. John E. Pound. Lewis S. Payne.
2. Lee R. Sanborn. Sylvester Parsons.

ONEIDA COUNTY.

1. Geo. W. Chadwick. Theodore P. Cook.
2. Sidney A. Bunce. Joseph Benedict.
3. Erastus W. Jarves. Thomas Mulhall.
4. Isaac McDougall. Nathaniel D. Bronson.

ONONDAGA COUNTY.

1. Thomas G. Alvord. William D. Stewart.
2. Peter Burns. John Munro.
3. Gustavus Sniper. Allen H. Avery.

ONTARIO COUNTY.

1. Nathan L. Aldrich. George W. Nicholas.
2. David E. Wilson. David A. Pierpont.

ORANGE COUNTY.

1. Robert H. Strahan.
2. Alfred B. Post. Isaac V. Montayne.

ORLEANS COUNTY.

William N. Lee.

OSWEGO COUNTY.

1. DeWitt C. Littlejohn. Wm. A. Poucher.
2. J. G. Reynolds. A. Howe.
3. Chauncey S. Sage.

OTSEGO COUNTY.

1. Davis W. Bates. Alfred Chamberlain.
2. J. Lee Tucker. Wm. C. Bentley.

QUEENS COUNTY.

1. L. Bradford Prince. John Chester.
2. George A. Everett. Francis B. Baldwin. James M. Oakley, (Ind.)

RENSSELAER COUNTY.

3. James Aiken.

RICHMOND COUNTY.

David W. Judd.

ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY.

1. Geo. M. Gleason.
2. Dolphus S. Lynde.
3. William Bradford.

SARATOGA COUNTY.

1. William Buckwell. Isaiah Fuller.
2. Joseph W. Hill.

SCHENECTADY COUNTY.

John A. Deremer. Gershom Banker.

SCHOHARIE COUNTY.

George Mattice. Silas Sweet.

SCHUYLER COUNTY.

Elnathan Wixom.

SENECA COUNTY.

Fred'k L. Manning.

STEUBEN COUNTY.

1. James Clark.
2. A. C. Barney.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

George F. Carman. Robert W. Pearsall.

SULLIVAN COUNTY.

A. S. Rockwell. Frank Buckley.

TIOGA COUNTY.

Burnett B. Bignall. Ira A. Post.

TOMPKINS COUNTY.

John H. Selkreg.

ULSTER COUNTY.

1. Cyrus Burhans. Patrick J. Flynn.
2. Martin Schmit. Charles H. Keyser.

WARREN COUNTY.

J. L. Cunningham. Duncan Griffin.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

1. Thomas Stevenson.
2. Isaac V. Baker, Jr.

WAYNE COUNTY.

1. —— Wood.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

2. [illegible] Alex. W. Bartlett.
3. James W. Husted.

WYOMING COUNTY.

Orange L. Tosier. Henry S. Joy.

YATES COUNTY.

George P. Lord. Samuel S. Ellsworth.

## CURRENT NOTES.

The body of a child at Knoxville, Tenn., was recently swollen to twice its natural proportions by the bite of a spider.

The New-Orleans *Times* rejoices over the fact that the Crescent City is to have a hotel at last.

Work on the Niagara Falls branch of the Erie Railroad is said to be progressing quite rapidly.

The girls at the Normal School in Randolph, Vt., threw away their jute switches in terror, the other day, on hearing that they were inhabited by dangerous insects.

Immediately on the reassembling of Congress, an appropriation of $200,000 is to be asked, for a continuance of the work on the Louisville and Portland Canal.

An idea of the value of real estate at Montreal may be obtained from the fact that a lot of 120 by 54 was recently sold in that city for $3,416 40, gold.

Land is sold to colonies in Kansas from twenty-five to forty per cent. less than to a single individual, as an inducement for emigrants to settle in large numbers.

The *Traveller* says that the three months from the middle of June to that of September, were warmer at Boston this year than in any other during the past forty-six years.

The home of a worthy citizen of Binghamton was rendered desolate a few days since by the death of two promising children—a boy and girl,—through the caving in of a sand-bank.

The meteoric display of Monday night was witnessed at Albany, Hudson, Bennington, Rochester and Brunswick. At Bennington it was preceded by an explosion, which shook every house in the town.

Mrs. James Oates, the burlesque actress, is now experiencing the same sort of annoyance that Miss Lydia Thompson suffered from some time ago. An insane female lover is following her about the country.

Pittsburg, Penn., suffers so much from the presence of a gang of highway-robbers and burglars that citizens, whose duties require them to be out of doors after dark, have to be armed to the teeth.

During the storm which lately passed over Ohio, the life of a lady, attending a circus at the town of Belleville, was saved by ducking her head, and receiving the force of a falling pole upon her *chignon*.

Cotton raising in California has proved a profitable speculation. One planter who experimented on 260 acres, calculates the total proceeds at $13,500, the total expenses at $6,700, and the net profit at $7,925.

Our New-Orleans exchanges say that yellow fever is abating very rapidly in that city, as a result of the cold weather, and that the confidence created by the announcement of the fact has already made itself apparent in business circles.

A considerate (?) individual named Bertram, who eloped with a young woman from Green Island, in this State, some time since, recently wrote to his wife, giving her permission to sell the furniture, as the probability was that he should never have occasion to use it again.

The Captain of a vessel just entering the port of Quebec at the time the shock of earthquake was felt in that city last week, describes the sensation as being the same as that which he once experienced when striking on a rock. The ship was lifted quite suddenly and bumped down again.

Of the members of Gen. Grant's staff, at the time the latter was stationed at Cairo, Ill., in 1862, two only are now living—Gen. Hillyer and Major W. W. Leland, of Saratoga. Those who have since died were Gens. McPherson, Rawlins, Bowers, Lago and Graham.

Another case of death through the stupidity of a blundering drug-clerk has been reported from Providence, R. I. In this instance corrosive sublimate was made up for calomel, and a dose sufficient to kill five ordinary persons, taken by an old colored woman, who died almost immediately afterward.

Two children, a boy and a girl, were recently rescued from the Indians, near Fort Bridger, and forwarded to their relatives in Canada. They had been in captivity for two years, having been originally taken from the home of their parents, within twenty miles of Salt Lake City.

The Delaware fishermen are afraid that the introduction of black-bass into that river by the New-Jersey Fishery Commissioners will have the effect of destroying all the young shad, as the former is eminently a carnivorous fish. The proposal of the Commissioners is exciting a lively discussion in the Philadelphia newspapers.

On Monday next the "White Stockings," of Chicago, will compete for the championship with the Mutual Base-ball Club, of this City. The game is to come off at Dexter Park, Chicago, and is looked forward to with much eagerness by the Chicagoans, who expect that victory will light on their banners.

The people of St. Louis, in anticipation of the result of the National Convention shortly to assemble at Cincinnati, have inaugurated a movement looking to the purchase of 3,000 acres of land within the corporate limits for a grand public park. The originator of the idea calculates that the purchase money can be realized by setting apart 1,000 feet from the ends and sides of the tract to be laid out in streets and house lots. The River Des Peres, a small but clear and beautiful stream, will run through the centre of the proposed park.

Weichman, whose connection with the assassination of Mr. Lincoln and the Surratt trial will be remembered by the readers of the Times, was recently married, at Philadelphia, to Miss Annie Johnson, a young lady who has been quite prominent in the temperance cause, and has served as S. W. Vice-Templar of Pennsylvania. After the execution of Mrs. Surratt, Weichman was appointed to a position in the Custom-house at Philadelphia, but having been removed shortly afterward, he was reappointed on the accession of President Grant, and still retains his post.

The will of the late John G. Mix, now before the Supreme Court of Errors, at Hartford, Conn., contains the following curious "Mix"-ture of provisions: "I give to my beloved wife, C. J. Mix, in trust for the maintenance of herself during her life, and the maintenance of my daughter, E. F. Mix, so long as she remains single; and to my beloved son, Geo. H. Mix, a sum not exceeding $400 per year. The two daughters and widow I allow $6,000 each, 'provided they die without children.' To my son-in-law, J. H., I bequeath $2,500, provided his wife dies before him, without children. * * * My property is to descend to my grand-children that may be born twenty years after my death. The will was written by the deceased himself, and bequeaths an estate valued at $150,000.

It appears that the Fourteenth Amendment is to be rigorously enforced in Tennessee. A few days since, Chief-Justice Nicholson, Justices Sneed and Nelson, and Attorney-General Heiskell, were summoned by United States District-Attorney Camp to appear before the Judges of the United States District Court, at Knoxville, on the second Monday in January next, to show by what warrant they claim to exercise the duties, power and privileges of Judges of the Supreme Court of the State. The informations recite that the said parties prior to 1861 held offices of honor and trust under the Constitution of the United States, and in assuming them took oaths to support the same, and that afterward they each engaged in insurrection and rebellion, and gave aid and comfort to the enemy.

## JACKSON'S TRIAL.

### The Testimony of Both Sides Concluded.

**Evidence of the Physicians and Others—The Accused Examined in His Own Behalf—His Version of the Killing—The Name of "Hank" Smith Dragged into the Case.**

The trial of Thomas Jackson for the murder of Archibald Douglas was continued in the Court of General Sessions yesterday before Recorder Hackett. The assemblage was quite as large as on previous days, and the interest unabated. The testimony was entirely concluded at the hour of adjournment, and was substantially as follows:

Michael Brannigan testified that he resided at No. 8 Battery-place; on the 29th of October, 1869, was a bar-tender for Thomas Brannigan, his uncle, in whose house Douglas was shot; between twelve and one o'clock on that day saw the prisoner, Douglas and Cody subsequently outside in the street, a few doors from his place; immediately afterward Douglas came in through the Battery-street door, and was about to leave again, when Jackson appeared on the scene with a pistol in his hand; he fired, and Douglas fell on his face, with his head beyond the door and his body inside; did not notice any wound on Douglas, but saw blood; it is my impression that fully five minutes elapsed from the time I observed the scuffle on the sidewalk to the firing of the shots.

Cross-examined by Mr. Graham—Douglas and Jackson appeared considerably excited, and the latter seemed under the influence of drink; at the time the shot was fired the parties were about eight feet apart; heard some parties use threatening language toward the prisoner; the witness admitted that he was on a spree for the past few days, and was not yet perfectly sober.

George R. Phillips, a surgeon, testified that on the 29th of October he conveyed Douglas, the deceased, from the Station-house in Cortlandt-street to Bellevue Hospital; he was taken in an ambulance, and it was forty minutes past three o'clock in the afternoon when he arrived; the wound was midway on the back of the head, but he did not examine it closely; the deceased was carried as quickly as possible.

Charles Raymond, a surgeon attached to Bellevue Hospital, testified that on the day in question he saw the deceased at the hospital; he arrived there about four o'clock; the wound was in the back part of the head, perforating the skull; made no further examination at that time; attended the post-mortem examination made by Drs. Shine and Sinnot.

To Mr. Graham—The post-mortem examination was made on the 1st of November, when the deceased died.

Dr. James T. Sinnot, an attache of Bellevue Hospital, testified he remembered when Douglas was brought to the hospital on the 29th October; he died about forty-eight hours afterwards; made a post-mortem examination on the 1st November, Drs. Woods, Shine, Badeau and others were in attendance; found the circular bone of the back part of the head was perforated; also that the membrane of the brain, and the brain substance contused and lacerated and surrounded by coagulated blood; this extended into the brain about two inches.

Q.—In your opinion was this wound the cause of death? A.—It was.

Mr. Graham (objecting)—They have a right to show this wound was essentially dangerous from the start, and could not be recovered from, but how it was given they have no right to show. They cannot supply the absence of a bullet by swearing they believed it was a bullet-wound. That won't do. I have the authorities here. They allege in the indictment that this pistol was loaded with ball. Now, the bones that went in did the injury. The ball never entered the head, and we have that safeguard here against all this case for the prosecution. The ball is missed, and all this pretense that the ball was fired from behind is false.

Objection allowed.

Cross-examined by Mr. Graham—Do you say that wound could not have been recovered from at all? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Was the wound necessarily deadly at the time it was received? A.—I cannot say at the time it was received, but it was readily so at the time I saw the man.

Q.—Could it not have occurred from the man exerting himself after the wound was received? A.—No, Sir; it was impossible.

Q.—Suppose a man receiving a wound of that description were to attempt to walk a considerable distance, would there be any symptom visible about the brain at the time you saw it indicating that he had been exerting himself? A.—It could have nothing to do with such a wound as I except to cause the inflammation which surrounded the wound.

Q.—Was it prudent to take a long walk after receiving such a wound? A.—The only thing it could do would be to hasten death.

Dr. Wm. Shine testified he attended at the post-mortem examination on the deceased; the wound was half an inch in diameter where it entered the skull; it was larger on the inside—perhaps three-fourths of an inch—on account of the bone being driven in; what over caused the external wound, did not enter beyond the skull; there was a large quantity of pus between the membranes and the brain, a large portion being on the membranes and the brain, a large portion being toward the base of the brain; this was the result of meningitis or inflammation; witness considered the wound was of a fatal character; the cause of death was meningitis, resulting from the wound.

Cross-examined—Found no foreign substance in the brain, except a part of the skull, which had been driven in; whatever caused the wound might have gone in and fallen out again; saw Jackson the day after, and found a contused wound on his hand, probably inflicted by coming in contact with a hard substance.

James P. Thompson was recalled, and identified the pistol given to him by Jackson on the day of the homicide.

Mr. Graham then moved for the acquittal of the prisoner on the ground that there was no evidence adduced to support the indictment. The indictment alleged that the prisoner feloniously and with malice aforethought shot him in the head with a bullet, which penetrated the brain, and proceeded to observe that no proof supporting it had been given on trial. He referred to the case of The King vs. Huges, cited in Corrington & Payne, and The King vs. Kelley in Moody's Criminal Cases, to show that though no doubt existed as to the guilt of the prisoners, the judges ordered their release, the indictment not explicitly setting forth the charge on which they sought a conviction. He contended that in this case the prosecution failed to establish the charge set forth in the indictment, and his motion for an acquittal should be granted.

Mr. Garvin objected, and was sustained by the Recorder.

Mr. Kintzing then proceeded to state the case for the defense, which he did with ability and clearness. He said it was peculiar in its character in consequence of its surroundings, and when all the facts were elicited, the jury would agree that it was a persecution, and not a prosecution, and if ever a man was justified in taking life it was Jackson, the prisoner. They would show that a Coroner's jury, not selected by the prisoner, under all the adjuncts incident to such a position, had found that he was justified in the act; that after that inquisition the case was presented to the Grand Jury, and that they, after a careful examination of the evidence, though the prisoner was permitted to make no defense, indicted him for manslaughter, thus virtually indorsing the action of the Coroner's jury. Here were two juries who had passed on it, but they bring it before a third, the Grand Jury of the Court of General Sessions, who indict him for murder. He did not blame the District-Attorney, for he was well aware of the integrity of his character, and circumstances which would compel him to force up this prosecution, but there was a pressure behind, hounding on the prisoner to death. Before that Grand Jury, Leary and O'Halloran, who, before the Coroner had testified that Douglas had held Jackson while Leary beat him, suppressed that fact before them, and would have suppressed it in Court, too, if they dared. Jackson was an officer of this Court, appointed by Judge Russell, and on the morning of the 30th October, started on his way to the Tombs to attend prisoners to Court. He met Douglas, with whom he had been on the best of terms previously, and they drank together. Jackson called Cody a liar and a thief, and a few minutes later, when Cody approached Leary, Cody and Douglas assaulted him to such an extent that he was apprehensive for the safety of his life. Instead of pursuing Douglas, he himself ran for refuge into the bar-room. The separation and the shooting, it was testified to, were almost instantaneous. Jackson was followed into the saloon by Douglas and his associates; he had no chance to recognise the fact that he was clear of his enemies, and he was not clear of them. Mr. Kintzing then referred to the several degrees of homicide, claiming that unless premeditation was proved on the part of the prisoner he was not guilty of murder, and that premeditation the evidence failed to sustain.

At the conclusion of counsel's opening Thomas Jackson, the prisoner, was examined. He testified he was a native of England, and was thirty-four years of age; on the day of this occurrence there were four chambers of this revolver loaded; there was only one shot fired on the day in question; the others were loaded; I carried a pistol about a year or eighteen months during the time I was an officer of this Court; I have always been a prominent supporter of Mr. John Fox, and was so at the time of my imprisonment; I attended this Court as an officer on the morning of the 29th of October; I was then engaged in getting up a procession for a general Democratic gathering; I turned out with a company bearing the name of the Thomas Foley Musketeers on the 27th of October; I reside at the corner of Liberty and Washington; on the 29th, and on this morning I left home about nine o'clock to report to the Tombs to my Captain; I walked up Liberty until I came to Greenwich, where I met a few friends with whom I walked down the street; I had a drink in No. 70 Greenwich-street; I then went to the First District and made some inquiry about registering; I had three drinks, also, with a Mr. O'Connell, and found as I was not on a condition to remain abroad I determined to go home; I met Douglas on Washington-street, and told him to have nothing to do with Cody, for he was a liar and a loafer; he said I would not dare say that to his face, and he drew me along toward Battery-place; we met Leary, and we three went into Brannigan's, where I stood a treat; Douglas and I were friends up to this; we then left and were speaking on the sidewalk when Cody came up; Douglas told him what I said of him, and he said if I said that I was a liar; I shoved him, and a fight commenced; Douglas caught hold of me round the waist and Cody caught me round the neck, while Leary struck me a number of times, hitting me twice; Mr. McShine came out then and separated us; Douglas went away, as I supposed, and I entered Brannigan's saloon; there I saw Douglas, and he said, "Now we have you, ——, and we will give it to you;" I had no intention of meeting Douglas when I entered there, but seeing four or five, I thought my life was in danger, and I fired; I was so much excited I had no control over myself, but I had no intention to kill any one, though I intended to hit some one; I never said anything that day to provoke this disturbance; my r.mark about Cody referred to a charge he made against me that I converted money to my own purposes which was collected for a procession; I received an injury in the arm that day from a blow from some heavy substance, which I did not recover from for four or five weeks; I showed this wound to Mr. Kintzing, and complained of it also to the doctor at the Tombs; I made a voluntary surrender of myself to the detective at the time of the difficulty; I understood Cody was a man of a dangerous character, for he had attempted to drown Mr. Martindale; I never carried a pistol until directed to do so by the Captain of the squad of this Court.

Cross-examined by Mr. Garvin—I won the pistol at a raffle two or three weeks before this occurrence; the pistol was loaded for me by a person named Mr. Dooling, residing at the corner of Morris and Greenwich streets; I took it on this day as I entered Brannigan's saloon; I fired about a minute after I entered, and Douglas was then standing about six feet from the Washington-street door; I was standing within three feet of him; I left through the Battery-place door and delivered myself up; there were no blows exchanged between the two men, and I did not say anything to provoke him in his hand.

By Mr. Graham—When Douglas made the threat to me, when entered the saloon, he advanced toward me from the door violently, and I took it as a signal to fire; I drew my pistol and fired.

Charles Leary testified that he was present and saw the shooting in Battery-place, on the 29th October; he was there in company with the parties concerned; he had been for a short time previous with Douglas, Cody and Riley, who was standing by, to interfere, but he replied, "Let him (Jackson) get it;" I hurried Leary around the corner, and on my return heard the pistol shot; Jackson appeared to be under the influence of drink, and was very much excited.

Cross-examined by Mr. Garvin—It was between three and five minutes from the time I first saw them clinched to the time I heard this shot.

Q.—Could the shot have been fired elsewhere than while I was taking Leary a distance of about twenty-five feet, and as I was about to return I heard the shot.

John Martindale testified—On Sunday morning, about three years ago, I was swimming at the dock in the water at the Battery, when Cody approached me and said he would lick me if I did not call him out; I said he could not do so, and as I went to call the dog from the street he stepped behind me and threw me into the water which was ten feet deep; I made a complaint against him and as the case was considered of too aggravated a character to be tried at the Court of Special Sessions, it was sent to this Court, and the papers to the District-Attorney's office, but it has never been heard of since. I was one day down to Castle Garden when some one told me I had better take $20 and have it settled, for I would get no satisfaction, as Hank Smith—

Mr. Graham—Never mind that matter. We shall not mention names, but we could show that the man who shielded Cody from trial is the same who is now hunting Jackson to his death.

Capt. A. Oakford, formerly Captain of the Court Squad of the General Sessions, testified that in February, 1869, he told the prisoner he should always carry a pistol to prevent prisoners from escaping, and that the prisoner followed his advice.

Mr. Graham—I now offer in evidence

## THE BIBLE UNION.

### The Twenty-first Anniversary—Election of Officers—Annual Reports.

The twenty-first anniversary of the American Bible Union (Baptist) was held, yesterday, at the Baptist Mariners' Church, corner of Henry and Oliver streets. There was a full attendance of delegates, many of them from far-distant sections of the country. The President of the Union, Rev. Dr. ARMITAGE, presided over the deliberations of the meeting. After suitable religious services, the usual committees were appointed—on Nominations, Arrangements, Obituaries, Chinese Scriptures, Contributions, Southern Field, Psalms, Joshua, Circulation of Spanish Scriptures. The Nominating Committee presented the names of the following gentlemen as officers for the ensuing year: President, Rev. THOMAS ARMITAGE, D. D.; Vice-Presidents, about sixty, representing all sections of the Union; Corresponding Secretary, Rev. William H. Wyckoff, LL.D.; Recording Secretary, Rev. H. F. Smith; Treasurer, B. G. Bloss; Assistant Treasurer, Wm. D. Wright; Auditor, Isaac T. Smith. Forty-two Managers, composed of both clerical and lay delegates, were also named.

The report of the Committee was unanimously adopted, and the gentlemen above named were declared elected officers for the ensuing year.

Rev. Mr. ARMITAGE then addressed the meeting, the burden of his discourse going to show the necessity of a revision of the Holy Scriptures.

Rev. W. H. WYCKOFF, LL.D., then read the annual report, the substance of which is embodied in the following:

The religious public, both in England and America, has been aroused to the necessity of improving the English version. The convention of Canterbury has actually adopted a plan of proceeding, appointed revisers, and commenced the work. The American Baptist Publication Society and the American and Foreign Bible Society have been blended, and the united body has unanimously declared itself in favor of the most faithful versions for the world. The appeal has been made to the Bible Union, backed by the strongest names, for a more faithful version of the German Bible. Also from another quarter, for a revised and faithful version of the Swedish Bible. Also for a revision of the Danish Bible. Also for a revision of the Welsh Bible. Even the Russian Bible has been brought to our notice by respectable parties, craving our helping hand to revise and improve it. But the most remarkable case of all is that of the Spanish Testament, which has been circulated in Spain and Mexico.

Rev. Mr. PENTECOST moved the adoption of the annual report, and made an address congratulating the Society on its successful work during the past year, and contended that a revision of the Scriptures was rendered absolutely the necessity of the times. The report was adopted.

At the afternoon session, Rev. Mr. WOODROUGH, of England, made a congratulatory address, declaring that the objections formerly made to Bible revision were readily yielding to the efforts of the friends of the work.

Mr. B. G. BLOSS, Treasurer, then read his report. The receipts for the past year were $50,-698 90; the expenditures, $53,567 54. Of these expenditures there were paid for revision of English Scriptures, $6,024 35; for publication and distribution, $15,024 39; for Spanish Scriptures, $2,942 12½; for grants and donations, $5,182 82; for Chinese Scriptures, $2,464 76; for Bible Union, and *Quarterly*, $1,000.

Rev. Mr. DAVIES, successor of Rev. Dr. DOWLING, of this City, moved the adoption of the report in a short address, and was followed by Messrs. CHARLES T. GOODWIN, B. G. BLOSS and ISAAC T. SMITH, all of whom pledged $200 each and one of the funds of the Society. A committee of collectors was then appointed to go among the audience and receive subscriptions to the fund. The report was then adopted, and a free interchange of ideas took place, after which an adjournment was had till 7½ P. M.

The subscription taken up in the afternoon amounted to $2,278. At 8 o'clock P. M. there was a devotional meeting, which was followed at 7½ by the regular evening session. Rev. C. C. FOOTE and Dr. EVARTS, of Chicago, delivered addresses on the work and expediency of the revision of the Bible, and Dr. WYCKOFF's motion that the Board considered the propriety of holding similar meetings to this in Chicago and Philadelphia, was adopted, and the meeting adjourned. Today at 10½ A. M. addresses will be delivered by Rev. J. JOHNSON, of New-Jersey, and J. CULVER WIGHTMAN and the reports of Committees read at 2½ P. M. A poem will be read by Hon. CHAS. THURBER, and services in the evening at 7½ there will be addresses by Rev. J. W. WILMOT, of New-Jersey, and FRED. EVANS, of New-York, which will bring the anniversary to a close.

## ADAMS EXPRESS IN TROUBLE.

### A Reminiscence of the War—Legal Proceedings in Relation to the Old Adams Express Company—History of the New Company.

Legal proceedings have been commenced in the Supreme Court, Special Term, in the form of an action brought by Edwin Enstein, Lewis Enstein and David Enstein against William B. Dinsmore, E. S. Sanford and S. M. Shoemaker, trustees of the old Adams Express Company, for the appointment of a receiver, and to compel an accounting. The plaintiffs, who are stockholders of the old Adams Express Company, allege that when the war broke out the Southern Express Company was formed at the South for the purpose of carrying on the business of the Adams Express Company in the Southern States, and that it has since carried on business successfully on the capital of the Adams Express Company, and that its assets belong to the Adams Express Company; but that the defendants now deny this, and are endeavoring, in defiance of their fiduciary duty, to secure the profits of the Company for themselves and co-conspirators, by pretending the original sale to have been valid, and thus deprive the stockholders of the old Adams Express Company of their property in and right to the revenues of the Southern department of their Company. On these grounds plaintiffs ask to have the defendants removed from their trusteeship; that they be enjoined, pending this action, from interfering with the property and books of the old Adams Express Company, and that a receiver be appointed of the trust property.

Judge BARNARD granted an order to show cause why the relief demanded in the complaint should not be granted.

Subsequently, the defendants commenced a cross-action against the defendants and all the other stockholders, alleging in their complaint as follows: That in 1854, ALVIN ADAMS, Wm. B. DINSMORE and EDWARD S. SANFORD were appointed trustees of the Adams Express Company, ADAMS subsequently resigning, and SAMUEL M. SHOEMAKER being appointed in his stead; that a Board of Managers was appointed with authority to divide the profits to such an extent as they might from time to time determine, the original interest being divided into thirty-two thousand shares; that in this way the association conducted business until April, 1866, when the number of shares was increased to 100,000 shares, which were equally divided among those shareholders whose names appeared on the books of the association on the 30th of April, 1866, subsequent to which time the association was known as Adams Express Company, new; about the same time the managers passed a unanimous resolution directing the division among the shareholders of all the surplus earnings and assets of the association, except those required to run the Company, provided outstanding certificates of shares were surrendered, and a certificate of interest in such surplus earnings accepted in lieu thereof. On the 30th of April, 1866, all of the 32,000 shares were outstanding, except less than 2,000 owned by the association in common, and all the owners surrendered their certificates therefor and received certificates of interest in the surplus earnings. After such division of surplus earnings, the owners were known as Adams Express Company, old. Such surplus earnings consisted of debts due from individuals, from other express companies, stock in various corporations, real estate and cash, the larger portion of which has been converted into money, and from time to time divided among the defendants on presentation of their certificates, the undivided portion remaining in the hands of the trustees. They then refer to the fact that various suits had been commenced against them by the ENSTEINS and others, and pray for an investigation of their accounts and a discharge from further liability.

On this complaint Judge CARDOZO restrained the ENSTEINS and all other stockholders from commencing other suits, or prosecuting those commenced, until the final determination of the action brought by the trustees. Subsequently Judge CARDOZO granted an order requiring the trustees to show cause why this injunction in their favor should not be modified so far as to permit the appointment of a receiver. On this motion, now on the calendar, the argument will take place in a few days.

EDWARD L. ANDREWS appears for the ENSTEINS; BLATCHFORD, SEWARD and GRISWOLD for the trustees.

### Police Trials—An Interesting Case.

Commissioner BOSWORTH yesterday investigated thirty complaints make against policemen, several of which were made by citizens for improper conduct, and the remainder by Sergeants and roundsmen for neglect of duty and violations of duty. The most interesting case was the charge of ANNIE MONTAINE against Patrolman THOMAS REARDON, of the Fifteenth Precinct, for arresting her without cause, at 9½ o'clock, on the evening of the 15th inst., in Thirteenth-street. That portion of the precinct is so greatly infested with disreputable women who annoy passers-by with infamous proposals that Capt. HEDDEN has been compelled to put special men there to keep these women in check. REARDON was on this duty at the time stated, and arrested the complainant, as he alleged, for disorderly conduct, and said also that he had seen her coming out of a disreputable house in Thirteenth-street. She denied these statements utterly, saying that she had never been in the house referred to, and was going quietly from MACY's store in Fourteenth-street home when arrested. The officer brought evidence to show that on that evening, as on all others, MACY's store was closed at 6 o'clock, which left an interval of two hours and a quarter, which, according to her statement, she had occupied in going to MACY's, at Thirteenth-street, near University-place. Several witnesses were produced, who swore that the woman is of good character, and the case was adjourned for further testimony.

### The Grand Park Enterprise—Assets and Liabilities of Andrew Wilson, Jr.

A meeting of the creditors of ANDREW WILSON, Jr., deceased, the original projector of the Grand Park enterprise, of Mamaroneck, in Westchester County, was held yesterday afternoon at the Astor House. Dr. SILSBEE presented a report as to the liabilities of the late Mr. WILSON as far as it had been possible to ascertain them. The report sets forth also the assets of the Grand Park property. The liabilities amount to $629,000. From this sum $137,500 is to be deducted, already provided for, leaving $491,-500 to be paid to liquidate the indebtedness. The trustee holds the land, which, if sold at $1,000 per acre, would more than pay all debts.

The Chairman, Col. GEO. H. VANDERBURGH, stated that Mr. THOMAS R. HAWLEY had consented to act as trustee of the Grand Park property, and that taking as a valuation fifty per cent. of the price the land sold for in July last, was willing that all the money realized above that sum should be applied for the benefit of creditors. A committee was appointed to wait on Mr. HAWLEY, and if not able to obtain better terms, accept those offered. The Chairman appointed Mr. MILLER, of the firm of JOHNSON & MILLER, real estate auctioneers, Dr. SILSBEE and Mr. THAYER, as such committee, and the meeting adjourned.

## LAW REPORTS.

### COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 26.—Following is the Court of Appeals day calendar for Oct. 27, 1870: Nos. 53, 55, 56, 57, 59, 47, 60, 49½, 54.

OYER AND TERMINER AND SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

*Part I.—Held by Ingraham, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.*

| Nos. | |
|---|---|
| 2362—Hamilton vs. Webster. | 2533—Gano vs. N. Haven Steam-boat Co. |
| 2405—McFarland vs. Lybrecker. | 2535—Baum vs. Moses. |
| 2445—Stuyvesant Bank vs. Nat. Mech. Banking Association. | 2537—Tillman vs. Brunner. |
| 2519—Weyman vs. Standwood. | 2542—Logan vs. Dunn. |
| 2521—McCready vs. Woodhull. | 2545—Rogers vs. Moen. |
| 2525—Burns vs. Walsh. | 2547—Brewster vs. Packer. |
| 2527—Bell vs. Smith. | 2549—Manhattan Ins. Co. vs. Leary. |
| 2531—Peck vs. Metropolitan Steam-ship Co. | 2551—Gates vs. Morris. |
| | 2553—Benedict vs. Baxter. |
| | 2555—Darcy vs. Rogers. |
| | 2561—Devlin vs. Connolly. |
| | 2565—Stewart vs. Appleton. |

*Part II.—Held by Brady, J.—Court opens at 10½ A.M.*

Case on. No calendar.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

*Held by Barnard, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.*

| Nos. | |
|---|---|
| 194—Huches vs. Heath. | 215—Gregory vs. Lindsay. |
| 183—Bass vs. Home Insurance Co. | 97—Doyle vs. Jones. |
| 213—Burdick vs. Slocum. | 1115—Hart vs. Wolf. |
| 213—Schuyler vs. Selig. | 214½—Lane vs. Wagner. |
| 45—Halskie vs. Merritt. | 187—Mitchell vs. Read. |

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

*Held by Cardozo, J.*

| Nos. | |
|---|---|
| 81—Juvenile Delinquents vs. Glover. | 205—Cantull vs. Cantull. |

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

*Part I.—Held by Barbour, C. J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.*

Same calendar, with the following additional cause: No. 413—Bloom vs. Power.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.

*Part I.—Held by Van Brunt, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.*

*Equity Causes.*

| Nos. | |
|---|---|
| 4—Fitch vs. Smith. | 14—Busick vs. Jolley. |
| 7—Fitzpatrick vs. Boylan. | |

*Part II.—Held by Joseph F. Daly, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.*

| No. |
|---|
| 26—Roeming vs. Charlton. |

MARINE COURT—GENERAL TERM.

*Held by Curtis, Shea and Joachimsen, JJ.*

| Nos. | |
|---|---|
| 1—Crowell vs. Crispin. | 7—Bean vs. Clark. |
| 2—Trier vs. Metropolitan Paper Collar Co. | 8—Kossen vs. Bonits. |
| 3—Forty-second and Grand-street Railroad Company vs. Cruntzer. | 9—Levison vs. Samuels. |
| | 10—Etling vs. Klintzer. |
| | 11—Matthews vs. Burnett. |
| 4—Cossen vs. Altart. | 12—Fox vs. McKnight. |
| 5—Hurd vs. Keller. | 13—Ran vs. Schneider. |
| 6—Excelsior Life Insurance Co. vs. Boeren. | 14—Pace vs. Stif. |
| | 15—Harvey vs. Hilhard. |

### DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—OCT. 26.

*By Judge Cardozo.*

Fowler *vs.* Wood; order settled.

Bliss *vs.* Levy; order granted.

Blood *vs.* Metropolitan Insurance Company; motion denied without costs.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—OCT. 26.

*By Judge Robinson.*

Leland *vs.* Smith; motion granted.

Reilly *vs.* Trust; motion to dissolve the injunction denied, with $10 costs, but to be modified so as not to prevent the institution of new proceedings.

The Willcox & Gibbs Sewing-machine Company *vs.* Alfred Wagstaff; preliminary injunction dissolved with $10 costs.

More *vs.* Rand; motion denied with $10 costs.

*By Judge Loew.*

Charles Silverbrandt *vs.* Caroline Silverbrandt; motion granted without costs to either party.

COURT OF APPEALS.

*Before a Full Bench.*

IMPORTANT DECISION AS TO THE SURRENDER BY BAIL.

*Asa Hall vs. Paine, Emmons and Smith.*—This action was brought upon a bail bond. A motion was made for a discontinuance upon surrender of the principal. This motion was denied, because the surrender was made twenty-two days subsequent to the commencement of this action. A new motion was made, in which Chief-Justice Barbour, of the Superior Court, granted an order allowing the principal to be surrendered within ten days. On appeal to the General Term, before Judges McCUNN, Sedgwick and Spencer, this order was reversed, upon the ground that leave to renew the second motion had not been obtained, and that this preliminary objection should have been sustained. The defendants then appealed to this Court from the General Term order, and it was claimed by counsel for them that the decision on a *preliminary* objection is never reviewable and that an order allowing time to surrender is not appealable. The Court of Appeals has now rendered its decision, unanimously sustaining the order of Chief-Justice Barbour, and reversing the order of the General Term, with costs.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—OCT. 26.

*Part I.—Before Judge Ingraham and a Jury.*

MARINE INSURANCE—VERBAL CONTRACT.

*The International Insurance Company vs. The Manhattan Insurance Company.*—This is an action to recover $5,000 insurance, alleged to have been affected by a verbal agreement with defendant on the 26th of September, 1866. It appeared by the testimony that plaintiff instructed an insurance broker to procure a reinsurance for $5,000 on the steamer *Sheridan* and the same on the steamer *Montgomery*, both then on a voyage from New-York to New-Orleans. The broker applied to defendant to take the risk, and, as testified by him, defendant agreed to take the risk; the marine agent of the defendant testified that he acted for the Company in making the agreement; that he had a conversation on the subject with the broker, and agreed to insure, but that the understanding was that the insurance could not be effected until an application in writing had been formally handed in and acted upon. Before any application was handed in news arrived of the loss of the *Sheridan*, and defendant, when applied to, refused to recognize any agreement to insure. In charging the jury, Judge INGRAHAM instructed them that a verbal contract of insurance was valid in law, but that it was for the jury to say, as a question of fact for them to determine whether there was a mutual understanding, or the minds of the parties had met on the agreement to insure.

The jury found in favor of the plaintiff for the amount of insurance, with interest, amounting in all to $1,429 16.

James C. Carter for plaintiff; W. D. Booth for defendant.

SUPREME COURT CIRCUIT—PART II.—OCT. 26.

*Before Judge Brady and a Jury.*

FAST DRIVING—RUNNING DOWN A WOMAN.

*Matilda A. Moody vs. George A. Osgood.*—The defendant was the owner of a three-minute team, and on the 6th of January, 1868, it being a fine day for sleighing, he took a friend with him in his sleigh, and when on the long level of Eighth-avenue, near One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, let out his bloods for a little "brush." At the corner of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street the Eighth-avenue cars stop, and the plaintiff having reached that point in a car had alighted, and was crossing the street eastward toward Harlem when she was struck on the side of the head by the pole of the sleigh, and sustained injuries from which she still claims to suffer, and for which she claims damages to the extent of $10,000. The cause was once tried in the Supreme Court, Circuit, and a verdict rendered in favor of plaintiff for $3,500, but on appeal this verdict was set aside on exceptions to the admission of testimony on the trial, and a new trial ordered. Case still on.

McKeon and Smythe, for plaintiff; Platt, Gerard and Buckley, for defendant.

## FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

### Sales at the Stock Exchange—OCT. 26.

FIRST BOARD.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| $10,000 | U. S. 5-20 C., '62 | 112⅞ | 100 Del. & H. C. |
| 1,000 | do. | 112⅝ | 100 Michigan Fd. |
| 600 | do. | 112⅝ | 10,000 Mar. Tra. 10s C. |
| 2,000 | U. S. 5-20 R., '65, new | 110⅛ | 100 Pac. Mail |
| 27,000 | U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new | 110⅛ | do. |
| 1,000 | U. S. 5-20 C., '65 | 110⅛ | 200 N. Y. C. & H. |
| 1,000 | U. S. 5-20 C., '65 | 110⅛ | do. |
| 4,000 | U. S. 5-20 R., '67 | 110⅛ | 50,000 N. Y. C. & H. C. |
| 20,000 | U. S. 6-30 C., '65 | 111⅛ | 100 Erie |
| 5,000 | Tenn. 6s, new | 69⅜ | 200 do. |
| 1,000 | N. Car. 6s, Sp. T. | 35 | 200 do. |
| 1,000 | Missouri 6s | 91⅛ | 100 Erie Pf. |
| 1,000 | Ala. 5s, 1883 | 100½ | do. |
| 5,000 | Ala. 5s, 1883 | 100½ | do. |
| 3,000 | Erie 6s | 90 | do. |
| 1,000 | Union Pf. 1st | 83 | do. |
| 20,000 | U. P. 7s L. G. bds | 92⅛ | 100 do. |
| 5,000 | Cen. P. G. Bds | 80⅝ | 100 L. S. & M. S. |
| 1,000 | Union P. 1st | 83 | 400 do. |
| 1,000 | Union P. 1st | 83 | do. |
| 2,000 | M. S. & N. bds | 101½ | 100 do. |
| 2,000 | Ill. Cen. bds | 105 | 25 do. |
| 3,000 | Chi. & N. W. C. | 90 | 200 Chi. & N. W. |
| 4,000 | Tol. & N. W. 1st | 89⅛ | 34 C., C. C. & Ind. |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 200 | N. J. Cen. | | 102⅛ |
| 100 | do. | | 102⅝ |
| 200 | do. | | 102⅝ |
| 300 | Mil. & St. P. | | 67⅛ |
| 100 | do. | | 67⅜ |
| 100 | Mil. & St. P. Pf. | | 80⅜ |
| 300 | Tol., W. & W. | | 82⅛ |
| 200 | do. | | 82⅜ |
| 100 | Del., L. & W. | | 95⅛ |
| 100 | Bos., H. & E. | | 4 |
| 220 | Chi. & Alt. | | 118 |
| 125 | Chi. & Alt. Pf. | | 132½ |
| 51 | Chi., R. I. & P. | | 101 |
| 100 | Mil. & St. P. Pf. | | 80⅜ |
| 300 | Tol., W. & W. | | 82⅛ |
| 200 | do. | | 82⅜ |
| 100 | Del., L. & W. | | 95⅛ |
| 5 | Dub. & S. City | | 100 |
| 40 | do. | | 99½ |
| 100 | Bos., H. & E. | | 4 |
| 220 | Chi. & Alt. | | 118 |
| 125 | Chi. & Alt. Pf. | | 132½ |
| 51 | Chi., R. I. & P. | | 101 |
| 100 | Mil. & St. P. | | 67⅛

# The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, OCT. 27, 1870.



**Amusements this Evening.**

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
TWO ROSES. Leading characters by Messrs. Chas. Fisher, Clark, Stoddart, Marlowe, Miss Effie Germon, Miss Emily Mestayer and Mrs. Sefton.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
6th-av., corner 23d-st.
RIP VAN WINKLE. Leading characters by Messrs. Joseph Jefferson, Sheridan, Anderson and Miss Mary Wells.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
8th-av., corner 23d-st.
LA GRAND DUCHESSE. (Opera Bouffe.) Characters by Mme. Lea Silly, Montaland, Messrs. Hittermana, Gausins, Anthony and others.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
24th-st., near Broadway.
MAN AND WIFE. Characters by Messrs. Harkins, Lewis, Davidge, Miss Fanny Davenport and Miss Clara Morris.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, near Prince-st.
FRA DIAVOLO. (English opera.) Leading characters by Miss Rose Hersee, Mrs. Bowler, Messrs. Campbell, Bowler and Drayton.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, near Houston-st.
WEE WILLIE WINKIE. Characters by Messrs. G. L. Fox, Honeywood, Atkins, Miss Fanny Beane, Miss Rogers, Mrs. Yeamans, and others.

FOURTEENTH-STREET THEATRE.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
ADRIENNE LECOUVREUR. Leading character by Mme. Marie Seebach.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE.
Broadway, near Waverley-place.
CAPTAIN OF THE WATCH, MR. AND MRS. WHITE, and SOMNAMBULA.

STADT THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
THE BARBER OF SEVILLE. (German Opera.)

WOOD'S MUSEUM.
Broadway, corner 30th-st.
DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE. Afternoon and evening. Large collection of curiosities on exhibition.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., between 2d and 4th avs.
GRAND EQUESTRIAN and GYMNASTIC PERFORMANCES.

STEINWAY HALL.
14th-st., near 4th-av.
LECTURE BY MR. DE CORDOVA. Subject: "Jealous Little Mrs. Williams."

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR.
3d-av., corner 63d-st.
ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE.

THIRTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT ARMORY.
Broadway, corner 26th-st.
GRAND FAIR. For the benefit of the wounded and the widows and orphans of the German Army.

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Special Notices, fifth page, after Marriages and Deaths, 30 cents per line each insertion.
Advertisements on eighth page, 30 cents per line each insertion.
City Items, with word "advertisement" prefixed, 60 cents per line each insertion.
Deaths or Marriage Notices, $1 each insertion.
The above have been the fixed advertising rates of the NEW-YORK TIMES for the past eight years, and will not be changed, although our circulation has largely increased during that time.

**To Advertisers.**
Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.
☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 23d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av., and at No. 40 East 18th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.; also at No. 6 Astor-place, at same rates as are charged at office of publication.
☞ Messrs. DREXEL, HARJES & CO., Bankers, No. 3 Rue Scribe, Paris, are the accredited agents for the NEW-YORK TIMES in that city.

**Notice.**
We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.
We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.


## NEWS OF THE DAY.

### THE WAR.

The French continue to regard the last efforts of England toward mediation with distrust. A report prevails on the Continent that the Queen of England has written to the King of Prussia urging him to moderate his demands. M. THIERS' arrival at Versailles is expected today. The Government at Tours is said to firmly decline negotiations involving the surrender of territory, and BISMARCK considers the election of some authorized Government an indispensable preliminary. A Berlin "semi-official" journal says little hope is to be founded on an armistice, as the French refuse to recognize the hopelessness of their cause.

According to a London telegram the Prussians announce that the bombardment of Paris will begin Oct. 29. A Berlin paper says, semi-officially, that the delay is due to imperfect preparations, and not to political causes. The country outside the walls of Paris for miles is desolate. The Prussians have removed the art treasures from Sevres to Versailles. Gen. VON MOLTKE celebrated his seventieth birthday yesterday at Versailles.... Attempts are being made by the French authorities to communicate with Paris by balloon. One set out recently, but was damaged against a tree. Another, with important dispatches, will again attempt to visit the capital. Subscriptions for the French loan have been opened in seventy of the eighty-nine Departments, the other nineteen being occupied by the Germans. A thousand stoves have been ordered for the huts of German armies about Metz. The negotiations for the capitulation of Metz are said to be still in progress. The reports of military operations are contradictory, both sides claiming successes in the East. No new movement of importance has taken place on the Loire. Belgium is again sending troops to the frontier.

Herr JACOBY, the German Republican, and seven other political prisoners have been set at liberty by the Prussian Government. The elections for the new Prussian Diet will be held on the 9th and 16th of November.

### GENERAL EUROPEAN NEWS.

A dispatch from London dated 5 P. M. yesterday, says nothing had been heard of the missing boats of the steam-ship *Cambria*, and that it is believed they went down with the steamer. The official consent of Queen VICTORIA has been given to the intended marriage of one of her daughters with the Marquis of LORNE. The death of Viscount AVONMORE is announced. Major YELVERTON succeeds to the title.... The Spanish Government it is said awaits the approval of the King of Prussia before proceeding in the nomination of the Duke of AOSTA to the throne. Vomito has reappeared in Barcelona.... The Italian Foreign Office has issued a circular to the foreign representatives of Italy denying the assertions made in the recent Papal bull relating to the Ecumenical Council. The Italian Chambers are expected soon to dissolve, and the election for new members to take place in November. The Florence journals are preparing to go to Rome, the future capital.

### GENERAL.

Advices from South America via Lisbon, to the 8th inst., are at hand. LOPEZ JORDAN had again been defeated by the forces of the Argentine Republic. The Brazilian Cabinet had undergone a reconstruction, and a moderately conservative Ministry was in power. A measure relating to emancipation is among the reforms promised.

The First National Bank of Grafton, Worcester County, Mass., was entered on Tuesday night by burglars, who, after gagging and handcuffing the watchman, robbed the bank of between $300,000 and $300,000 in treasure and valuables, $100,000 of which was in Government bonds. They worked several hours at the safe, tearing away the bricks around it. There were five of them in the bank, but they pretended to the watchman there were twelve. They stole a horse and wagon, which was found in Worcester yesterday morning. The bank offers $10,000 for the capture of the thieves and recovery of the money, and one of the directors offers $5,000 more.

The Atlantic Base-ball Club, of Brooklyn, yesterday, defeated the Red Stockings, of Cincinnati, at Philadelphia, by a score of 11 to 7.

The auroral lights of Tuesday night were visible in San Francisco, Canada, and the Western States generally. The prevailing color was crimson.

One hundred well-armed and disguised men in Orange County, Ind., took two prisoners from the Sheriff and his posse, and hanged them to the rafters of a covered bridge, on Sunday night last. The prisoners were a portion of a gang who had robbed an Orange County farmer a week before.

The National Capital Convention reassembled yesterday in Cincinnati. Resolutions were reported which favor removal of the capital to the Mississippi Valley, oppose appropriations for any more public buildings in Washington, and recommend a memorial to Congress for commissioners to examine and report on removal and relocation. A substitute, declaring the agitation of removal uncalled for and unwise, and proposing an adjournment *sine die*, brought on a protracted debate, at the close of which the substitute was rejected, and the reported resolutions adopted. After appointing the Memorializing Committee, and other business, the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

According to the census returns the population of San Francisco is 150,961, of which 12,017 are Chinese. The property valuation is over two hundred and sixty millions, an increase of 600 per cent.

A number of small business houses in Cameron, Mo., were burned on Monday night, involving a loss of about $40,000. The insurance is about $25,000.

The naturalization convention between the United States and Great Britain was officially published yesterday.

In the United States Circuit Court, in Boston, Judge CLIFFORD has decided that ALEX. C. FELTON can be tried as an accomplice in the Hide and Leather Bank defalcation, for which MARTIN, the Cashier, was sentenced for embezzlement.

The Province of Manitoba, having become a portion of the Dominion of Canada, the rates of postage thither will be the same as to the other portions of the Dominion.

### The Approaching Election.

The Democratic papers, having spent some days in uttering gloomy warnings about what we may expect from their "materials for sturdy soldiers" on election day, are now complaining in equally dismal tones of the measures which are being taken to preserve the public peace. They have first gone out of their way to convince everybody of the necessity for taking proper precautions against riot, and then fly into a rage because they have been taken at their word, and measures have been adopted for keeping their "robust multitudes" in good order. The whole question lies within a very small compass. The first thing indispensable is that the public peace shall not be broken. Now, our ordinary securities against disturbances have completely broken down. It would be mere insanity to depend upon those agencies by which order is obtained in other communities. We cannot trust to the *Police*, for every day they are employed in suppressing popular liberties at the instigation of the rascals whom we are striving to drive from office. We cannot trust to the *Judges*, for they are ready to do anything that TWEED and SWEENY may order them. Obviously, then, we are driven to seek help outside the ordinary channels, and the President has done no more than his imperative duty in taking proper measures to secure this City from a repetition of the scenes of 1863.

We now entreat our friends in the interior of the State to familiarize their minds with the true position of affairs. The Republicans in the City will cast a heavier vote than they have done for years past, while Democratic frauds, which hitherto have so often overwhelmed everything, will be more completely under check than ever before. If our friends in the State will only be true to the good cause this time, we shall gain a victory which will ever afterward rank as one of the most memorable in political history—for it will begin a new era, an era in which, as we hope and believe, purity of government, and the best men to the front, will be the guiding principles of our own party; while the so-called "Democratic" adventurers who now swarm in our public offices will be cast out like the swine in the parable. This is what we are working for—and a nobler cause never engaged the journalist or politician, or appealed more strongly to the sympathies of the public. We implore Republicans to work hard in the interior of the State. Some craven-hearted marplots will say: "It is of no use." Never mind their croaking. Election day will see their prophecies thrust down their own throats. We have a splendid chance before us. The Hoffman set audaciously rely upon fraud and swindling to carry the day. But, most of all, they depend upon *the apathy of the public*. Let us defeat them at all points. The man who talks now of the uselessness of recording his vote ought to be ashamed to show his face. We are enlisted in a struggle where all the right is on our side. The moral forces are all with us, and if *each man* determines to vote we shall complete the destruction of the infamous gang which now dishonors and impoverishes the whole community.

In the City we hope all Republicans have made up their minds to use their votes on the 8th of next month. The merchants and brokers ought to do so, for their business is crumbling away under the ruinous pressure of "Rings" formed by TWEED, SWEENY, FISK, and their accomplices. Ask any broker about the state of his business nowadays, and he will tell you that there is no business. TWEED and FISK have nearly brought him to ruin. The respectable hard working mechanic finds every necessity of daily life sold at enormous prices, because taxation is so high, the rents are all excessive, and the tolls go into the pockets of TWEED, SWEENY & Co. There is not a reputable class in the community which has not a direct and urgent interest in defeating HOFFMAN at the approaching election. The City was never in so terrible a plight as it is today. Let HOFFMAN be re-elected, and everything will become worse and worse. Look at your Central Park! Already you will find more roughs there in a single morning's walk than you ever saw in a year before. Ladies can no longer go there without fear of being insulted. The day before yesterday a horrible outrage was committed on a woman in the Park—the first case of the kind ever recorded. The reason is that the Police are afraid to interfere with TWEED's lambs. Once the force was beyond the reach of TWEED, SWEENY, or any of the gang—and how well the Park was kept we need not remind the reader. But now let a policeman arrest one of TWEED's political supporters, and he would very soon be turned adrift. A few months more, and the Park will be completely in the hands of ruffians. The Ring cannot help themselves. They *must* "stick to their friends." Now or never is your time to save everything you hold in high esteem. Poor men ought to register, and vote against HOFFMAN, for TWEED, SWEENY & Co. keep them poor. It is the hour for making a supreme effort in all directions to rid ourselves of a clique which has blighted everything it touched, and now believes that it cannot be shaken because the people will not take the trouble to go to the polls.

### The Rights of Conquest.

Sir FRANCIS HEAD, an Ex-Governor of Upper Canada, and a traveler and man of letters, whose achievements extend over two generations, has been, according to the cable, uttering some homely truths about English criticism upon the Prussian terms of peace. The veteran author and statesman points out the absurdity there would be in a nation which has annexed more subjects and territory than all Europe contains, making a formal protest against the acquisition by Germany of two paltry provinces. The truth is, that, from this point of view, every Great Power of Europe is debarred from making any remonstrance whatever against the proposed acquisition of territory by Germany. Russia was the prime mover in the infamous partition of Poland. Austria profited by it, and rules over thousands of semi-rebellious Czechs and Dalmatians. Besides, France itself is in at least two-thirds of its area a mere agglomeration of conquered provinces; and England, the most glaring transgressor of all, holds her millions of Indian subjects by right of conquest, and would not dare, even after all her late reforms, to submit her rule in Ireland to the test of a popular vote. The Prussian acquisitions of 1866 passed without any decided protest from neutral States, and the accident of eastern France being only half German, will be scarcely likely to awaken either the verbal or armed intervention of Powers who can be so easily silenced by the rejoinder of "you're another."

In spite, however, of the fact that Prussia is merely prepared to follow with a better show of reason than usual, the traditional policy of European nations, in spite also of the further consideration that had France been victorious, she would scarcely have failed to exact terms quite as severe, the abstract justice of the German demands cannot be said to be fully proved. No amount of usage can render an injustice just, and the practice of robbing a burglar who comes to rob you can hardly be justified in public any more than in private life. European criticism must, however, continue to fall perfectly harmless on King WILLIAM and his advisers, since the only quality that could make it vital—a recognition of the sovereign rights of the people—is fully admitted by neither party. Excellent reasons can be adduced by Germany on the score of future safety for rectifying her frontiers. The fact that, along with the territory, a million and a half of population is to be transferred without being consulted, is an objection whose force cannot be brought home, unless from the Democratic standpoint. Dr. JACOBY and other German liberals have so criticised it, and have had a few weeks' imprisonment for their pains. Until Europe is governed after the true Democratic ideal, it would be Quixotic to expect the abandonment of the long-established rights of military conquest. Republicanism is the only platform from which they can be assailed, and Republicanism is the only form of government under which they are likely to be abrogated.

### Wonderful Crops.

A very large part of our Western Territory is so dry as to require irrigation for its successful culture. Of all this arid soil only a small fraction can be watered by the natural streams. There are, for example, some sixty-eight millions of acres in Colorado, of which only about one-tenth can be supplied from the rivers. It follows that in a few years artesian wells must be resorted to, and that a system of cultivation will probably then be adopted on a scale never seen before in the world. Large crops have long been raised in the Old World by irrigation, and various similar processes were in use among the nations of antiquity. Yet, although the first prize of the New-York State Agricultural Society was given, some years ago, to a farm cultivated exclusively by irrigation, it is only within a short time that this resource has in any considerable measure been adopted or believed in. As immigration, however, pours into the vast unwatered plains beyond the Mississippi, we hear more and more of water being supplied artificially to the soil. The rich prairie lands of Illinois and Iowa may, indeed, require only to be "tickled with a hoe," in order to "laugh with a harvest." But the alkali, and wild sage, and prickly pear regions nearer the Pacific, need different and far more scientific treatment.

It is a satisfaction to know that, although more time, more money and labor are requisite to make these thirsty tracts of the central continent bring forth their vegetation, than districts moistened by rains, the outlay is repaid with generous interest. Some facts that come to us from Colorado are a pleasant evidence of this. We learn, for instance, that a Mr. MAGNES, whose farm is on the South Platte, near Denver, raised, in 1869, ninety bushels of wheat on one acre of ground, sixty-five on another, and five hundred and fifty bushels on ten acres of another farm. Mr. T. G. ANDERSON raised ninety bushels of oats on one acre. Mr. WM. HUNTING, on the Purgatoire, twelve miles below Trinidad, raised six hundred and forty bushels of oats on eight acres. Close by the same spot, Mr. RANKIN raised two hundred and fifty bushels of onions on half an acre. The Governor of the Territory has lately declared in public that he has seen ninety-three bushels of wheat raised on one acre, two hundred and thirty-two bushels of "English Excelsior" on four acres, and one hundred and sixty-six bushels of "Black Swedish" on two acres; one thousand bushels of potatoes on three acres—fifty-four potatoes making the bushel, and weighing fifty-nine and one-half pounds. Onions planted in a hot-bed, and raised out of doors afterward, yielded also one thousand bushels to the acre. From one pound of seed-barley one hundred and ten pounds were produced. The *average* yield of grains and vegetables Gov. MCCOOK publishes as follows: Wheat, thirty-eight bushels to the acre; oats, fifty-five bushels; corn, thirty; potatoes, one hundred and fifty to two hundred; onions, two hundred and fifty, and beans thirty bushels.

All these results were obtained, we infer, from lands bordering streams whence a good supply of water was diverted. The excess over ordinary product must, under such circumstances, pay largely enough to cover handsomely the additional cost of cultivation. To divert and apply the water of running rivers is usually neither difficult nor highly expensive, provided the distance is not too great; but to procure the needed fluid by the artesian process may prove laborious and costly. However, in lands underlaid by stratified rocks and surrounded by mountains—and a large part of Colorado is such a region—artesian wells are usually very successful, and when the banks of the streams are taken up, the interior tracts will doubtless, by this means, be made to blossom as the rose.

### The Citizen's Duty.

Every day develops the growing strength of organized resistance to the corrupt administration of our City Government, and increases the public determination to blot out the disgraceful evils of fraud and peculation in office. Let no man think, however, that *his* vote is of no consequence among the legions, or that his single ballot can well be spared. The political jobbers and office-traders who hold our unwilling purse-strings at present, and who will use every means—honest or dishonest—to effect a continuance of their power, are strong in numbers, prolific in *doubles*, rich in the people's money, skillful in trickery, and confident in the prestige of repeated successes. The united energies of *all* citizens are needed to cleanse the Augean stable. Men of well-known integrity and ability, who will work for the people's welfare, and not for self-aggrandizement, must supplant professional wire-pullers. To accomplish this, every man has a labor to perform. Apathy is now absolutely dishonorable; every vote cast against the "Ring" will bear a moral force, while aiding to make success assured. Tax-payers, who have long borne their burdens patiently, and who have been helpless spectators of the abstraction of a large percentage of the City revenue for individual enrichment—feel the necessity for immediate and determined action. Citizens, who have a pride in the growth and prosperity of the Metropolis, and who find the poor oppressed and the rich embarrassed by levies, yearly increasing, to support the princely retinues of our political tyrants—are aroused to a sense of imperative duty. This City is no longer a place for a poor man to live in, and the Tweed gang have made it what we see it. The whole crew must be driven out, and every honest man must *vote* to secure this object. With THOMAS A. LEDWITH, against whom no man can speak an evil word, in the Mayor's chair; and JEREMIAH N. TAPPAN, a gentleman of financial ability, whose name is a synonym for honesty and refinement, filling the responsible position of Controller, the air about our Executive halls will be greatly cleared. The City will rise in confidence and increase in wealth; and we shall realize, at length, in its rapid and substantial development, how great an incubus has been removed in the disruption and annihilation of the rascally "Ring." Rally, then, to the polls, one and all! Success follows courage and determination. Do not fail to put your individual veto upon corruption, by means of the ballot, on the 8th of November. Bring your friends with you, and urge, with earnestness, the importance of the performance of the good citizen's first duty—the right of suffrage. Register, if you have as yet omitted to do so, on *Monday* next. Pay no heed to the driveller who tell you it is of no use. It is of *every* use—we shall win the election if honest men will only for once unite, and prepare to cast a solid vote against TWEED, SWEENY, FISK, and all the gang, as represented by their tool, HOFFMAN.

### Out of Season.

The wonderful audacity of modern science is shown in nothing more strongly than in our defiance of the seasons. THOMPSON could never have written his poem in our day. Summer has long been made to nestle in the very lap of Winter through the simple aid of coals and conservatories, and for all the fortunate ones of the earth who desire it life was perpetual June. But now it seems we have taken another step. Not content with turning Winter into Summer, we are about to transform Summer into Winter. In the very midst of this bright and balmy October weather—while warm drinks are in fashion—we are invited to repair to an uptown skating rink and there disport ourselves on real ice, eight inches thick. After this it might be well for Mr. SWINBURNE to reverse his obsolete paradox about the roses of December and the frosts of June.

If this sort of progress continues, we shall begin to feel as if we were living at the antipodes, where everything goes by contraries, where the trees grow with their roots upward, and where the cherry-pits are found outside of the fruit. We shall expect to have skillful aeronauts for going up with an improved electric machine and tapping the clouds for rain whenever desired, or ingenious navigators with highly improved air-pumps making the winds blow as they list. Perhaps some day we may come to regulate the heat and light of the sun, as we regulate the heat of our furnaces, or the light of our kerosene-lamps. Comparing the achievements of the present with the apparent impossibilities of the past, it is hard to say what expectation is too wild for the future.

### The Aurora Borealis.

Closely following the earthquake, we have been visited with an auroral display of an unusual and beautiful character. The exhibition, which has been widely observed throughout the country, has continued for several nights, but was most brilliant in this vicinity on Monday night and Tuesday morning. In some places it has been diversified by meteors, one of which is reported at Concord, N. H., on Sunday morning. This passed over the town of Enfield, from north-east to south-west, and is described as having been larger than a cart-wheel, and to have been of most vivid colors. It dropped into what is called Shaker Pond, and the spectators say that its sulphurous trail was visible for fifteen minutes after it fell. Reports from Cleveland and Cincinnati, dated Oct. 24, announce a splendid display of aurora at both cities, on the same morning, at 5 o'clock.

The peculiarity of all these displays, like that at New-York, consisted in the bright crimson hue of the spurs or brushes of light. Sometimes, indeed, the coloring changed to a uniform dull red, as if it had been the fringe of a vast but distant conflagration; but the ruddy spears of flame would soon return, and easily realize to the imagination the fears of by-gone generations, who saw in the fellows to these strange sights—

"Fierce, fiery warriors fight upon the clouds
In ranks, and squadrons, and right form of war."

The spectacle, too, precisely recalled the earliest account we possess of such phenomena—that by ARISTOTLE—who speaks of it as "resembling flame mingled with smoke seen on calm nights, or like burning stubble seen afar off, and presenting purple, bright red and blood-colored hues." It likewise brought to mind the memorable sights once seen over Jerusalem, and which CROLY, in his *Salathiel*, so powerfully amplifies from Holy Writ.

Modern science has suggested, without conclusively proving, various causes for the aurora, but the frequent and harmless recurrence of the displays, their common characteristics, and the explanation of other once mysterious natural phenomena, prevent the "northern lights" from longer exciting fear. Of the various solutions, that of Prof. OLMSTEAD is, perhaps, the most plausible. He considers the aurora to be due to nebulous matter, like that which furnishes material for meteoric showers, or the zodiacal light. The light, he thinks, is caused by the friction of the earth in plunging with its atmosphere through this matter, which, being partly metallic, thus gives rise to the concurrent magnetic phenomena. Like other theories on the subject, this is open to objections, although possibly to fewer than the rest. A theory which shall be accompanied by absolute demonstration, is yet to be discovered.

With regard to an alleged tampering with the City bonds, their issue and their amount, in the interest of the Tammany leaders, the *Express* says: "If the Controller violates the law the peril is great and penalties severe." This may be the best answer the *Express* can invent, but it really is no answer at all. We know that the law requires the Controller to make a certain report, but he nevertheless makes none. Is he more likely to respect one provision of law than another? The only satisfactory method of removing the suspicions which exist, and of proving that the accounts of the Controller's office are right, is investigation into every branch of his office by capable and trustworthy citizens. The shrewdness of the Controller is not disputed. The honesty of his administration is the doubtful point.

If the statement can be credited that the members of the French Provisional Government at Tours have accepted the principle of the armistice, it is a very important one. That principle, it may be remembered, was territorial cession without any specification as to its extent. So far as can be gathered from recent indications, the sentiments of the Parisian section of the Government are not likely to be in accord with those of their colleagues. Individually, they may conjecture such a basis to be inevitable, but in the present temper of the inhabitants of the capital, it will probably be found unsafe to make any such concession. An armistice would, besides, only hasten the approaching starvation of Paris, while depriving it of the power to strike a blow in defense, so that, on all grounds, its present acceptance seems far from likely.

*Harper's Weekly* gives us another of NAST's inimitable cartoons to forward the Anti-Tammany crusade. It is entitled "Our Modern Falstaff Reviewing his Army," and has been suggested by our article of Oct. 11, headed, "The Paradise of Repeaters." The fat knight is represented in the person of TWEED; SWEENY makes an appropriate *Bardolph*; JIM FISK, surmounted by a military cap, bearing the number of the gallant Ninth, is a good figure for the braggart and bully, *Pistol*. The Mephistophelian countenance of GOULD gives, from the background, a sinister look at the scene, and may possibly be taken for *Justice Shallow*. Gov. HOFFMAN appears as the diminutive page of the Knights of Coventry, and sustains, with exceeding difficulty, the two-handled sword of his master. The point of resemblance is a remarkable one, the double file, so far as visible, containing the most diverse types of local ruffianism, and being entirely worthy of the knot of celebrities who are engaged in inspecting them. Mr. NAST will add much to his reputation by such cartoons as this.

The Republican Party in this State will hereafter revere, to the present campaign as the beginning of a new era in its fortunes. The mercenaries who have cursed the party for years have at length been driven out. The fraud that has been perpetrated under the name of the Union Republican General Committee can be continued no longer. It has been crushed under the load of indignation which its impudence has excited. The partisan hucksters who have lived by it, and who have cultivated Republican confidence that they might more easily and effectually betray Republican interests, must henceforth march in Tammany's ranks. The reconstructed organization which the Republican County Convention has perfected, with the full concurrence of the State Committee, will bring together the honest Republicans of the City, and will insure the conduct of future elections on a basis of principle.

No greater danger to the pure Republic in France can be imagined than the efforts made in the south to set up the Republic, democratic and social. The red flag, as LAMARTINE said, has only made the tour of the Champs de Mars, dripping with the blood of the people; and if anything can throw the French peasantry into the hands of the first royal pretender or dictator that turns up, it will be the threatened advent of socialism. Marseilles seems determined to more than equal the excesses of Lyons, and to gain an unenviable notoriety as a centre of disaffection in the hour of danger.

"The charges of corruption which have been made against the City officers are believed, because no denial is made to them." Mr. LEDWITH made the remark at the meeting of the Anti-Tammany Democracy, and the same idea must have occurred to thousands. It cannot be alleged that we have dealt only in generalities in the present contest. We have again and again preferred specific accusations against the Tammany officials, we have asserted the existence of a huge deficiency in the City accounts, and we have arraigned the Controller for a violation of law in failing to issue a report on the affairs of his Department. These are not the ordinary charges which people expect to hear in every campaign. They affect so directly the integrity of men occupying high municipal positions, that it is impossible to conceive how honest men can remain silent under them. Yet SWEENY, HALL, TWEED and CONNOLLY are dumb in the presence of their accusers. Their organs are silent as the grave in reference to these matters. Is it surprising that the public accept this silence as a confession of guilt?

Democratic assaults upon the National Government for no other reason than that it intends to secure the enforcement of a national enactment, reveal the old rebel spirit and rest upon the old rebel foundation. The Tammany journals exalt the State over all other authority. They declare that local law shall override federal law. They propose that local Courts shall circumvent federal efforts to carry into effect provisions that are applicable to the whole country. They announce that if United States soldiers be not cut to pieces by the State Militia it will be because of Gov. HOFFMAN'S forbearance. They assert that the Tammany mob—the hordes of robbers and ruffians whom Tammany retains in its service—is strong enough to take possession of the City and hold it in defiance of national power. The absurdity of these declarations does not lessen their criminality. Tammany simply reasserts the doctrine of resistance to the principle of the Union which was expressed two years ago in the nomination of SEYMOUR and BLAIR.

### Missionary Labors Among the Indians—Meeting of the Episcopal Board of Missions.

The Episcopal Board of Missions, which has been in session here during the past few days, had a missionary meeting, last evening, in the Church of the Incarnation, Madison-avenue and Thirty-fifth-street. Bishops POTTER, WHITEHOUSE, of Illinois; WHIPPLE, of Nebraska; CLARKSON, LITTLEJOHN, and several clergymen were present. After reading the evening prayers, Bishop WHITEHOUSE presided, and in a few remarks alluded to the awakening of the Church and of the National Government to interest themselves in the Indians of this continent, and the combination of circumstances that now seemed to favor practical efforts for their evangelization.

A Chippewa Indian, and a missionary among his people in White Earth Reservation, Minn., 200 miles west of St. Paul, being called upon, said that he was rejoiced to find that the Church was beginning to take an interest in the red men. Heretofore the Press and the people had treated them as if they were beyond the pale of human civilization. But he had heard different words during the past few days, and he would return to the Reservation to reassure the hearts of his people. He had now a church of 200 native Christians at White Earth, gathered in during a very brief period, and he predicted that in five years, if they are properly treated, they will all become civilized and christianized and independent. But they are driven from place to place. They are all eager and willing to work, and many of them have little ten-acre plots sowed with corn and other grain.

Mr. WILLIAM WELSH, of Philadelphia, and Mr. F. R. BRUNOT, President of the Indian Commission, gave an interesting and detailed account of recent visits of theirs to the Chippewas of Minnesota, the Yankton and Santee Sioux, Ponkas and Spotted Tail's tribe of Brule Sioux Indians; and Bishop WHIPPLE described the general moral condition of the Indians of Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri and Minnesota, with whom he has labored for eleven years. Donations of money and clothing, agricultural implements, and everything necessary for a civilized community are greatly needed and are asked for. The Episcopal Church has obtained a pledge from the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, that they will not allow the Indians to be disturbed, and the President of the United States and the Secretary of the Interior are heartily co-operating with the Commission, so that under the new régime the red men are likely to have justice done toward them at last.

### Personal.

Gen. CHARLES ROOME, District Deputy Grand Master of Masons for the newly-formed Masonic District in this City, was last evening, at his residence No. 47 West Thirty-third-street, made the recipient of a valuable Masonic jewel, pertaining to the thirty-second degree of Masonry a gift of his personal friends. The presentation was made by SAMUEL DOWS, Esq. The jewel is of gold, very heavy, and in all its details perfect of its kind. Quite a large number of distinguished Masons were present during the evening, among whom was M. W. JOHN H. ANTHON, Grand Master of the State.

We perceive that Col. T. B. THORPE is announced among the regular Republican speakers. The Colonel is one of the best, most earnest and useful advocates of the Administration.

Senator R. E. Fenton, of Jamestown; Hon. M. C. Kerr, of Indiana; Col. F. C. Mande, of the British Army; Hon. Israel Spencer, of Syracuse; Hon. Andrew Graham, of Louisville, and F. W. Vosburgh, of Albany, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Hon. N. G. Parker, of South Carolina; Hon. A. Van Vechten, of Albany, and Hon. Frank Kings, of Virginia, are at the Hoffman House. Ex-Senator Stark, of Oregon, Judge Brown, of Ogdensburg; Dr. Parks, of Boston, and J. Tucker, of Philadelphia, are at the Albemarle Hotel. Ex-Gov. Alvord, of Indiana; Gen. Kane, of Pennsylvania; Ex-Minister George Innis, of Poughkeepsie, and Hon. J. D. F. Lee, of Elmira, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Hon. J. M. Mathews, of Middletown; Hon. C. L. Sharpley, of Philadelphia, and N. H. Shafer, of Pennsylvania, are at the Astor House. Hon. J. A. Norton, of Michigan; J. J. Smith, of Rhode Island; E. C. Thompson, of Rochester, and L. L. Clark, of Kalamazoo, are at the Metropolitan Hotel. Prof. Risley, of Philadelphia, is at the St. Charles Hotel.

## WASHINGTON.

**Tammany and the National Government—Prompt Removal of Tammany Republicans—The English Mission—The Patent Office—Circulars of September.**

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Attorney-General AKERMAN returned from New-York this morning and had an interview with the President during the day. He represents matters in good shape, and the United States officers resolute and determined. The fright of the Tammany adherents at the discovery that the Government really means to back up its officers is somewhat amusing. They have relieved Gen. MCDOWELL and put Gen. TERRY in command, when nothing of the kind has been thought of. A panic was not anticipated quite so soon, but indications of it are already apparent. The news here today that the Grand Jury has promptly indicted twenty of the repeaters is hailed with much satisfaction as an indication that the Courts will heartily co-operate with the executive officers in the enforcement of the laws. NORMAN STRATTON, Esq., of New-York, has been appointed Civil Engineer at the Brooklyn Navy-yard, vice GEORGE W. VAN CLEFT, gone over to Tammany. Mr. VAN CLEFT was here today, endeavoring to save his bacon, but in vain. In this matter of making removals the Administration will exercise a careful discrimination, and make changes only in cases where it is patent that the persons holding position are in the pay or interest of the Democracy. Then it will put its foot upon them.

THE ENGLISH MISSION.

Senator MORTON will arrive here to-morrow morning. Nothing further has been developed regarding the English Mission, and speculation upon it is absurd, since nobody knows anything about it but the President and Mr. FISH, and neither will tell.

PERSONAL.

Gen. PLEASONTON and Gen. P. H. JONES were here, today, on revenue and post-office business, and other affairs, principally the latter. Gen. BRISTOW, the newly-appointed Solicitor-General, arrived here today, and will enter upon the duties of the office to-morrow.

REVENUE DECISION.

Hon. D. H. BARRON, Fifth Auditor, has issued a circular notifying Assessors of Internal Revenue that to avoid an overpayment of commissions, no allowance will hereafter be made until the receipts on assessments, as returned on form No. 51, shall exceed the whole amount of exemption for the fiscal year. The commissions on distilled spirits will be allowed, as heretofore, upon the amount of tax-paid stamps accounted for by the Collector, without reference to the above rule.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

The Patent Office is receiving its full share of abuse from those who are opposing the reforms which the present Commissioner has so successfully introduced. The statement has been widely circulated of late that only 50,000 patents were issued before Commissioner FISHER came into office, and that the number was now over 120,000. The facts are that the first patent signed by Commissioner FISHER was No. 89,267. The last was No. 108,743. This is less than 20,000 in eighteen months, and less per annum than were issued in the two years preceding his administration. The number, instead of increasing, has decreased under the stringent regulations at present enforced. The statements that the Commissioner was ever engaged as patent agent in any sewing-machine case before the Patent Office, or any other case which has been revived under a late act, or that he has granted any patent whatever that was refused by the former Commissioners or Judges are each without the slightest foundation in truth. No application of the kind has ever been before him, and he has not heard or decided any case with which he had anything to do as counsel. It is notorious that from the beginning of his administration he was opposed to the revival and patenting of old cases. This was one of the issues made last Winter between himself on the one side and the Patent Agents and ex-Judge FISHER on the other.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

INTERNAL REVENUE MATTERS.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue instructs the Collector at Philadelphia that medicinal bitters, or such as are claimed so to be in distinction from rectified spirits, cannot conveniently be stamped unless put up in the ordinary mode of bottling bitters and other medicinal preparations. Neither can they be safely shipped unless they are marked, branded and stamped as rectified spirits, or stamped as medicine under schedule C. I order to sell and ship such preparations in bulk, the manufacturers must have prepared proprietary stamps suited to the various sized packages which he proposes to employ; that such stamps, if used, would only cover the bitters so long as they remained in the original packages, and if they should, after sale, be drawn off by the purchasers, and put up in bottles and labelled as medicinal bitters, they would again become liable to be stamped according to the retail price of each bottle.... The Internal Revenue Bureau has issued a Tax Manual for cigar manufacturers in order to guard against frauds and to insure the enforcement of the law.

POSTAGE TO MANITOBA.

As the province of Manitoba, comprising the Red River Settlements, now forms a part of the Dominion of Canada, the correspondence of all descriptions passing between the United States and Manitoba, via

## SUMNER ON THE WAR.

His Lecture in Boston: "The Dual Republics" and "The Dual Empires"

Deliverance of Europe—Lessons of the Present War Between France and Prussia.

Boston, Oct. 26.—Hon. CHARLES SUMNER delivered the first lecture, which he has been carefully preparing the past season, this evening, in the Music Hall, before a large and brilliant audience, including many prominent people. The title of the lecture was, "The Duel between France and Prussia." It is substantially as follows:

MR. PRESIDENT: I am to speak of the duel between France and Prussia, with its lesson to civilization. In calling the terrible war now waging a duel, I might content myself with classical authority, declines being a well-known name given to war. The historian LIVY makes a Roman declare that Athens are to be settled "by pure and pious duel;" the dramatist, PLAUTUS, has a character in one of his plays, who obtains great riches "by the duelling art," and another, LUCRETIUS, in describing the origin of language, declares that there was a time when "duel" was the name for war. The historian LIVY makes a Roman declare himself ready to go, "if the duel be necessary," and the orator CICERO, in a letter to his friend ATTICUS, says: "Let us not desert the duel of the Republic." Even the poet HORACE, in a familiar epistle to his friend LOLLIUS, speaks of "the duel of Troy." Other examples might be cited, showing that the word duel, in its original signification, was applied to war, and not to single combat. Even the Duke of WELLINGTON, in his despatches, sometimes uses the word duel in this sense. Thus, in a letter to Lord BATHURST, dated Nov. 29, 1813, he says: "I have always considered the duel of Spain as a secondary object." Again, in a letter to Lord CASTLEREAGH, dated Dec. 4

## REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The attendance at the Exchange, yesterday, (Oct. 26,) was again large, and the transactions of the day quite numerous and important. The prices, however, were not marked. The following were the sales effected.

ROBERTS & MCGUIRE disposed of three three-story basement and cellar brown-stone-front houses and lots, adjoining each other, on the north side of Seventy-eighth-street, 185 feet east of Third-avenue. The lots are each 16.8 by 102.2. The sale was made by order of the Supreme Court, in foreclosure, under the direction of JAMES H. COLEMAN, Esq., referee, and the premises were struck off to the plaintiff's attorney in the action, A. LEVINGER, Esq., for $11,200, $11,000 and $11,200, respectively. ROBERTS & MCGUIRE also sold a four-story brick tenement-house and lot, on the north side of Thirty-ninth-street, 125 feet east of Tenth-avenue, for $10,700. Mr. KEARNEY was the purchaser. The lot is 25 by 98.9, and the price at which the property was disposed of was extremely low. The legal sale of the property on Eighth-street, near Broadway, under the direction of GRATZ NATHAN, Esq., referee, was adjourned until Nov. 23.

JAMES M. MILLER, at a foreclosure sale, by order of the Supreme Court, DANIEL P. INGRAHAM, Jr., referee, effected the sale, adjourned from Monday last, of the leasehold property on the north-east corner of West Twelfth-street and Greenwich-avenue. On the lot, which is 25 by 98, is a small two-story brick building. The lease sold expires in May, 1877, but it contains covenants for renewals. The ground rent is $175 per annum. The premises were struck off yesterday for $7,000; but the purchaser failing to comply with the terms of sale, it was a second time offered, and, after some delay, sold to W. H. LEE for $6,750.

JOHNSON & MILLER, at an executor's sale, disposed of the property in Brooklyn situated on the north side, and known as No. 118 Hicks-street, opposite the Mansion House in that city. The premises comprise a two-story and attic brick house, 23 by 40, with an extension in the rear; a two-story frame stable adjoining, 17 by 33, and a lot 45 by 100.6. The property was represented to be in good order. It belongs to the estate of ANNA M. E. UNDERHILL, deceased, and was purchased, after some competition, by Mr. CALDWELL for $14,700. The auctioneers announced that the lots on St. Mark's and Warren streets, in Brooklyn, advertised to be sold yesterday, had been disposed of at private sale on Tuesday.

The only business transacted, apart from the above, was an adjournment, by A. J. BLEECKER, SON & Co., of the sale of the Fifth-avenue property, near Thirteenth-street, belonging to the Hargous estate. The adjournment is until Nov. 9; but it is understood that a settlement is being effected, and the property will not again be placed upon the market.

The sale at Rutherford Park, N. J., on Tuesday, by A. J. BLEECKER, SON & Co., met with merited success, about 1,000 persons being in attendance on the ground. All the lots offered were disposed of, except the one parcel of ninety-eight acres; this it was deemed judicious to reserve, and it will be divided into plots and auctioned off at a future day. The lots sold brought good and satisfactory prices. This is the third sale made by the Messrs. BLEECKER of property belonging to the Rutherford Park Association, and was the most successful yet held. A detailed report of the transaction will be found below.

In connection with the sale of the Washington Heights' property, at the Exchange on Tuesday, it may be mentioned that six of the Broadway lots, purchased at that time, were sold the same day by one of the buyers at a good advance. Today gives promise of increased activity in the real estate market. At the Exchange MULLER, WILKINS & Co. will offer a large lot of improved property located on Grand, near Pitt-street, also a number of valuable lots on First-avenue. A. J. BLEECKER, SON & Co. will also sell at the same place desirable property on East Fifteenth-street, near Irving-place, and in addition twenty lots near Prospect Park, in Brooklyn; eight lots at Bay Ridge, L. I., and three lots at Tremont, in Westchester County. All these sales are of importance.

In suburban sales DINGEE, KETCHAM & Co., on the ground at 12 M., will dispose of 157 building lots at Mamoranock, belonging to the unsold portion of the first subdivision of Grand Park. This is a notable sale, but must not be confounded with the great sale of Grand Park villa plots, to be held by the same firm on the grounds on Saturday. Trains for today's auction will leave the New-Haven Railway Depot, corner Fourth-avenue and Twenty-seventh-street, at 11½ o'clock. The attendance of buyers should be large, as a large percentage of the proceeds of the transaction are to be reserved for the creditors of ANDREW WILSON, Jr., deceased. Today, also, A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO. hold quite an important auction sale of city lots at Newark, N. J.

The property reported, yesterday, as sold at private sale by STANLEY DAY, No. 111 Broadway, should have been located in West Thirty-second-street, instead of Twenty-third-street. In other respects the description given was correct. The figures were transposed accidentally.

### Exchange Sales, Wednesday, Oct. 26.

NEW-YORK.

*By Roberts & McGuire.*

3-story and basement b. s. house and lot n. s. 78th-st., 155 ft. e. of 3d-av., lot 16.8x102.2..... $11,200
3-story and basement b. s. house and lot, adjoining, 171.8 ft. e. of 3d-av., lot same size..... 11,000
3-story and basement b. s. house and lot, adjoining, 188.4 ft. e. of 3d-av., lot same size..... 11,200
4-story brick house and lot, n. s. 39th-st., 125 ft. e. of 10th-av., lot 25x98.9..... 10,700

*By James M. Miller.*

2-story brick house and lot n. e. corner 12th-st. and Greenwich-av., lot 25x98, leasehold..... $6,750

BROOKLYN.

*By Johnson & Miller.*

2-story brick building, frame stable and lot, n. s., No. 118 Hicks-st., 125 ft. w. of Clark-st., lot 40x100.6..... $14,700

### Suburban Sales, Tuesday, Oct. 25, 1870.

RUTHERFORD PARK, N. J.

*By A. J. Bleecker Son & Co.*

4 lots on Delafield-av., each 50x270, each..... $525
1 lot on Delafield-av., 80x270..... 550
7 lots on Court-av., each 50x110, each..... 131
4 lots on Court-av., each 50x112, each..... 200
1 lot on Ogden-place, each 50x115..... 300
6 lots on Ogden-place, each 50x115, each..... 205
10 lots on Ogden-place, each 50x115, each..... 170
3 lots on Ogden-place, each 50x50, each..... 131
1 lot on Jay-av., each 50x200, each..... 185
1 lot on Jay-av., each 50x215, each..... 200
1 lots on Jay-av., each 50x200, each..... 275
2 lots on Livingston-av., 50x180 each..... 525
1 lot on Livingston-av., 50x100..... 1,000
2 lots on Lake-av., each 50x125, each..... 165
1 lot on Lake-av., 60x200..... 850
1 lot on Lake-av., 80x200..... 650
1 lot on Park-av., 75x210..... 795
1 lot on Park-av., 78x276..... 925
1 lot on Park-av., 75x220..... 880
1 lot on Park-av., 75x305..... 805
3 lots on Park-av., each 75x140, each..... 600
1 lot on Park-av., 75x200..... 1,100
1 lot on Park-av., 75x112..... 850
1 lot on Park-av., 75x87..... 650
1 lot on Park-av., 75x200..... 825
2 lots on Park-av., each 75x138, each..... 900
1 lot on Lake-av., 75x120..... 385
15 lots on Park-av., 50x120, each..... 300
1 lot on Park-av., 110x130..... 620
1 lot on Park-av., 110x120..... 900
4 lots on Park-av., 50x180, each..... 165
4 lots on Park-av., 50x180, each..... 135
5 lots on Park-av., 50x180, each..... 135
4 lots on Park-av., 50x180, each..... 170
2 lots on Pierrepont-av., each 100x258, each..... 1,200
4 lots on Rutherford-av., 50x157, each..... 390
2 lots on Rutherford-av., 50x157, each..... 345
2 lots on Rutherford-av., 50x150, each..... 300
2 lots on Rutherford-av., 50x150, each..... 335
1 lot on Gouverneur-av., 50x156..... 415
1 lot on Gouverneur-av., 50x156..... 455
1 lot on Gouverneur-av., 50x200..... 510
1 lot on Gouverneur-av., 50x200..... 700
2 lots on Gouverneur-av., 50x120, each..... 230
2 lots on Gouverneur-av., 50x120, each..... 225
2 lots on Gouverneur-av., 50x120, each..... 240

### Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Baxter-st. w. s., No. 44, 25x—, h. and l. ..... ½ part. $30,000
Henry-st., n. s., lot No. 888, Rutgers' map, 24x87.6..... ½ part.
Cherry-st., n. s., lot No. 646, Rutgers' map, 35x102, h. and l. .....
East Broadway, s. s., 315 ft. w. of Market-st., 25x75.3, h. and l. .....
Front-st., s. s., 80 ft. w. of late Thomas Leggett's property, 60.10x140..... 160,000
Great Jones-st., n. s., 119.4 ft. e. of Lafayette-st., 20x100..... 45,000
Rivington-st., n. s., 25 ft. w. of Sheriff-st., 25x79. 9,500
21st-st. n. s. 306 ft. w. of 9th-av., 22x104, h. and l. 27,450
24th-st., s. s., 230 ft. e. of 9th-av., 50x98.9, h. and l. 100,000
23d-st., n. s., 280 ft. e. of 9th-av., 50x98.9, h. and l. .....
28th-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of 6th-av., 17x98.9..... 18,000
31st-st., n. s., 418.9 ft. w. of 2d-av., 18.9x98.9, h. and l. ..... 15,000
34th-st., n. s., 275 ft. e. of 2d-av., 25x98.9, h. and l. 16,400
34th-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 2d-av., 42.10x98.9, h. and l. ..... 33,000
37th-st., s. s., 95 ft. w. of Madison-av., 23x98.9..... 50,000
38th-st., n. s., 203 ft. e. of Lexington-av., 16x94..... 15,500
42d-st., n. s., 280 ft. w. of 7th-av., 20x100.1..... 25,000
56th-st., s. s., 145 ft. w. of 2d-av., 50x100.5..... 15,000
58th-st., n. s., 85 ft. w. of 2d-av., 20x100.5, h. and l. 18,000
60th-st., s. s., 575 ft. w. of 8th-av., 27.6x100.5..... 12,000
2d-av., w. s., 50.11 ft. s. of 104th-st., 25x100..... 4,662
8th-av. and 134th-st., n. w. corner, 99.11x100, h. and l. ..... 51,000

*Leases Recorded.*

Delancey-st., No. 43, 3¾ years, per year..... $950
Spring and Mercer sts., n.-e. corner, 18¼ years, per year..... 11,000
West-st., No. 161, 21 (from 1868) years, per year. 800
West-st., No. 162, 21 (from 1868) years, per year. 600
West and Jay sts., n. e. corner, 21 (from 1868) years, per year..... 3,250
26th-st., Nos. 215, 217, (rear,) 3 years, per year..... 1,250
6th-av., No. 103, 5 years, per year..... 1,000
6th-av., No. 131, 4 years, per year..... 800

KINGS COUNTY.

*Brooklyn.*

Aitalic-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of Graham-av., 25x100, h. and l. ..... $4,500
Baltic-st., n. s., 347.10 ft. w. of 4th-av., 100x100, foreclosure..... 4,000
Bergen-st., s. s., 80 ft. e. of 6th-av., 20x100..... 2,000
Bergen-st. and 4th-av., s. e. corner, 78x100..... 22,000
Boerum-st., n. s., 80 ft. e. of Smith-st., 78x100..... 1,600
Broadway and Grove-st., easterly corner, 68.11x 100.8, irregular..... 4,401
Carroll and Court sts., s. e. cor., 20x100, h. and l. 2,500
Douglass-st., s. s., 125 ft. w. of 8th-av., 12x33..... 750
Dowmiller-st., s. s., 300 ft. e. of Gates-av., 25x101, h. and l. .....
Harrison-av., s. s., 50 ft. e. of Clymer-st., 25x100..... 1,200
Herkimer-st., n. s., 345 ft. e. of Utica-av., 20x158.4, foreclosed..... 4,810
Herkimer-st., n. s., 225 ft. e. of Utica-av., 20x125, foreclosed..... 2,400
Hewes-st., n. s., 300 ft. n. of Williamsburg-st., 25x100..... 7,125
Java-st., s. s., 370 ft. e. of Franklin-st., 25x94.1.... 2,700
Lefferts-place, n. s., 181 ft. e. of Grand-av., 22x80..... 17,000
Manhattan-place, e. s., 300 ft. s. of Bapelyea-st., 20.6x80..... 4,500
McDonough-st., and Reid-av., n. w. cor., 84.9x100..... 3,800
Middle-st. or Prospect-av., n. e. s., 99.7 ft. s. e. of 8th-av., 100x183.11..... 6,000
Monroe-st., s. s., 340 ft. e. of Ralph-av., 25x100, c. 2,500
Moore-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of Leonard-st., 22x74.5x 26.10x100..... 900
Myrtle-st., n. s., 321 ft. n. e. of Irving-av., 20x100 125
Oakland-st., e. s., 279.2 ft. n. of Van Cott-av., 25x 100..... 1,000
Ross-st., s. e. s., 276 ft. s. w. of Wythe-av., 22x100 4,000
Rush-st., s. s., 248.4 ft. e. of Wythe-av., 16.8x100.. 8,300
Schenck-st., e. s., 460 ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 20x16.5 250
Taylor-st., s. s., 40 ft. e. of Wythe-av., 20x80..... 6,000
Atlantic-av., s. s., 80 ft. w. of Troy-av., 20x100, foreclosure..... 2,075
Brooklyn and Jamaica Railroad and Brooklyn Water Works Conduit, s.w. corner, 1¼ acres.. 2,800
Bedford and Nostrand sts. and Monroe and Madison sts., centre of block, 452 ft. w. of Nostrand-av., 25.9x67.6x36.6x67..... 400
Graham-av., s. w. cor. of Moore-st., 17x75x28 x32.6x1.2x42.6, h. and l. .....
Greene-av., n. s., 20 ft. e. of Yates-av., 20x80.. 3,800
Greene-av., n. s., 40 ft. e. of Yates-av., 20x80.. 18,000
Lafayette-av., n. s., 325 ft. e. of Lewis-av., 25x100, h. and l. ..... 9,000
New-York-av. and Malbone-st., n. w. cor., 50x100 2,000
North Carolina-av., or Liberty-av., n. s., 25 ft. e. of John-st., 50x100..... 1,000
Shepperd-av., w. s., 291.1 ft. n. of Atlantic-av., 7ax100..... 3,800
Reid-av., e. s., 100 ft. s. of Monroe st., 100x125.... 7,000
Yates and Greene sts., n. e. cor., 20x80, h. and l.. 12,000
Yates and Greene sts., n. e. cor., 60x80, 3 h. and l. .....
Lafayette-av., n. s., 325 ft. e. of Lewis-av., 22x 100, h. and l. ..... 30,000
McDonough-st. and Reid-av., n. w. cor., 34.8x100
Reid-av., e. s., 100 ft. s. of Monroe-st., 100x125.... 4,000
4th-av., w. s., 50.2ft. s. of 39th-st., 100x100..... 1,500

NEW-JERSEY.

*Newark,*

Crockett-st., e.s., adjoining lot No. 87, 20x100..... $25

*Jersey City.*

Coles-st., e. s., 55 ft. s. of South 6th-st., 20x100.... $4,125
Lot No. 22, Hudson City Terrace map, 25x100..... 2,000
Lot No. 45, Hudson City Land Association, 25x100 2,025
Lots Nos. 36 and 48, block No. 4, Hudson City Land Association, 50x100..... 1,000

## CITY REAL ESTATE.

VAN RENSSELAER & CRUGER,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
No. 182 Grand-st.
The management of estates a specialty. Rents, Interest and Dividends collected.

## BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, two four-story brown-stone fronts; house 12x48 front, 50 feet deep; Mansard story; to be sold on reasonable terms. Inquire at office No. 19 Hicks-st., Nos. 47 and 47½ Willow-st., between Orange and Cranberry sts.; open from 7 to 9.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS—A house and two lots, 25 by 100, corner of 18th-st. and 4th-av., Brooklyn. For particulars, inquire of J. M. FULLER, No. 344 Fulton-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, very low and terms easy, a brown-stone house 25 by 50, lot 25 by 100, three stories, attic, basement and sub-cellar, near Wall-st. ferry. Apply to J. W. MOORE, No. 184 William-st., New-York.

## COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

SECOND GRAND SALE,
AT SCOTCH PLAINS, N. J.,
NOV. 1,
By A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.
400 LOTS IN THE VILLAGE.
PLANK-WALK IN FRONT OF EACH LOT.

Free train and luncheon, and splendid music by Grafulla's
SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND.

LINDEN PARK—THE CHOICE OF THE PEOPLE. Only needs to be seen to be appreciated. THE BEST LOTS IN THE MARKET. PAYABLE $10 MONTHLY. FREE EXCURSIONS Every fair day this week. Go before it is too late and select your lot. Boat leaves foot of Whitehall-st. at 1 o'clock. Free tickets at office of Association, No. 37 Park Row, *World* Building.

RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT.—For sale, twenty-seven acres of elegantly laying land, less than half a mile from Tenedy Station, surveyed and divided into villa plots; will be sold at a bargain if applied for at once.
WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 5½ Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y., for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY-SEAT IN Dutchess County, N. Y., superb in all its appointments. For full description inquire of MALLORY & BLACKWELL, No. 55 Liberty-st.

## DWELLINGS TO LET.

A PART OF A PRIVATE HOUSE TO LET.—Second floor and rooms on third, with bathroom, stationary tubs, gas, &c. Call at No. 1,501 Broadway, between 53d and 54th sts.

YONKERS.—TO LET AT HALF PRICE, two furnished and two unfurnished houses; good neighborhood; river view; near depot. Apply to J. TOUMANS, Agent, Yonkers.

## STORES, &C., TO LET.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.—The extensive building Nos. 45, 48 and 50 Greene st., recently altered into stores. For particulars apply to D. APPLETON & CO., 90, 92 and 94 Grand-st.

## REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

O. H. FITZSIMON, Auctioneer.
BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
Auctioneers and dealers in New-Jersey Real Estate
No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.
SECOND GRAND SALE AT SCOTCH PLAINS, NEW-JERSEY.
FANWOOD STATION,
One hour from the New-York side of the river by the Central Railroad of New-Jersey,
ON TUESDAY, NOV. 1, 1870.
A great opportunity for men of moderate means.
400 CHOICE LOTS,
IMMEDIATELY AT THE VILLAGE,
ADJOINING CHURCHES, SCHOOLS AND STORES.
PLANK-WALK TO STATION.
STREETS ALL HANDSOMELY GRADED.
PLANK-WALK IN FRONT OF EVERY LOT,
LOVELY MOUNTAIN SCENERY!
Only $10 payment, and the auctioneer's fee, on each lot, required on day of sale. Free train and luncheon. SPLENDID MUSIC BY GRAFULLA'S SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND.
Maps and passes for special train leaving the foot of Liberty-st., at 10½ A. M., on the day of sale, can be had upon application to
COUDERT BROS., Attorneys, No. 49 Wall-st.,
R. O. GLOVER, No. 7 Dey-st.,
And to A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., Auctioneers, No. 6 Pine-st.

HAZARD, APTHORP & CO., Auctioneers.
BY HAZARD, APTHORP & CO.,
NO. 110 BROADWAY, CORNER PINE-ST.,
GREAT AUCTION SALE
OF
NINETY COTTAGE PLOTS
IN
ORANGE VALLEY, N. J.,
AT MONTROSE STATION,
TUESDAY NOV. 1,
AND
FIFTY VILLA SITES
ON
ORANGE MOUNTAIN, N. J.,
NEAR MONTROSE STATION,
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 2.
37 MINUTES FROM FOOT OF BARCLAY-ST.
Property of L. S. Haskell, of Lewellyn Park, N. J.
Special trains each day at 11 A. M. Maps, terms and particulars at auctioneers' office.

J. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer.
BY JOHNSON & MILLER.
MONDAY, Oct. 31,
at 1 o'clock, on premises, Edgewater, Staten Island,
GREAT AND ABSOLUTE AUCTION SALE.
DANIEL EMMONS ESTATE.
150 SPLENDID LOTS.
Only a few moments' walk from Vanderbilt Landing; flagged walks, gas, and village improvements. Nearly opposite Clifton & Port, on Vanderbilt-av., and Richmond road; only fifty minutes from Battery. Best opportunity ever offered to buy really desirable lots near New-York. Sale positive. Every lot must be sold. Collation. Free excursion tickets and particulars at office of JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st.

LOTS ON FIRST-AV. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, F. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at AUCTION, on TUESDAY, Oct. 27, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:
FIRST-AVENUE.—The 4 lots, situated on the westerly side of 1st-av., commencing 25 feet 5 inches south of 34th-st., each 20x100 feet.
Maps at the office of the auctioneers.

R. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers.
EXECUTOR'S SALE OF THE ESTATE of A. J. Clyriaut, at 12 o'clock, JAN. 25, 1871, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, via: Building-lots and lots No. 11 Street, No. 73 Avenue, No. 1 Boulevard, No. 43 Liberty-st., six settlements in packet ships of the Black Ball line, 93,360 acres Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company, and 404 acres in 3 parcels of land in Monroe County, Penn.
Particulars of auctioneers' office, No. 9 Pine-st.

## REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

No. 145 CHANELIST., AT AUCTION.
R. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 27, 1870, lot 25 chalk, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:
FRANKLIN-STREET.—The valuable lot, with the four-story and basement brick front house, No. 146 Franklin-st., south side, between West Broadway and Hudson-st. Lot is 22 feet front, 90 feet deep on east side, and 61 feet deep on west side. Fifty per cent may remain on bond and mortgage.
Maps, &c., at No. 9 Pine-st., New-York.

## FINANCIAL.

## ELIZABETHTOWN & PADUCAH RAILROAD, OF KENTUCKY, FIRST MORTGAGE 8 Per Cent. Twenty-Year Convertible Bonds.

This Road, connecting the important points of Louisville and Paducah, is 185 miles long, and passes through a rich agricultural and mineral section of the State of Kentucky, the traffic of which, it is believed, will be abundantly remunerative.

Nearly the whole line is under contract, and forty-three miles of the road are already in successful operation.

The stock subscriptions (of which the City of Louisville subscribed $1,000,000,) amount to $3,095,000.

To lay the rails and completely equip the road, THREE MILLION DOLLARS of First Mortgage Convertible Bonds have been authorized, bearing eight per cent. interest, payable semi-annually at the BANK OF AMERICA, in the City of New-York, on the 1st days of March and September.

These Bonds are the only lien upon the property and franchises of the Company, and are deposited with the UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW-YORK, which will pay over the proceeds of the bonds to the Railroad Company only in the ratio of construction.

The most rigid care has been exercised to protect the interest of the bondholders by every legal safeguard. The bonds can be converted into stock at the option of the holder for seven years after the completion of the road. The management is in the hands of some of the most responsible and favorably-known business men of Kentucky. With the guarantee of their able and faithful direction, and the large amount of stock subscribed, these bonds form a very safe and desirable investment.

The price of the bonds at present is 87½ and accrued interest.

Any further information will be furnished upon application to the undersigned.

NORTON, SLAUGHTER & CO.,
No. 41 Broad-st.,
WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH & CO.,
No. 40 Wall-st.
HALLGARTEN & CO.,
No. 26 Broad-st.

## THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
NO. 336 BROADWAY.
CAPITAL - $1,000,000
DEPOSITS, OVER $5,000,000.
PAYS 4 PER CENT. INTEREST ON DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.
PAYS 5 PER CENT. INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS FOR SIX MONTHS OR LONGER.
THE COMPANY IS A LEGAL DEPOSITORY FOR MONEYS PAID INTO COURT, AND RECEIVES MONEYS IN TRUST.
DARIUS R. MANGAM, President.
B. L. SOLOMON, BENJ. F. BANCROFT,
First Vice-President. Second Vice-President.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

## BANKING HOUSE OF Geo. Opdyke & Co. 25 Nassau st. CORNER OF CEDAR st.

FOUR PER CENT. interest allowed on current accounts, subject to check at sight.
PRIME INVESTMENTS for trust and other funds always on hand.
INVESTMENT ORDERS promptly executed for Government, Gold, Bonds, Stocks and Securities.
COLLECTIONS WANTED ON CHICAGO, KEOKUK, DES MOINES, IOWA CITY, ST. JOSEPH, and other points in the Western States.

## 8 per Cent. Interest FIRST MORGAGE BONDS! OF THE ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER CITY RAILROAD COMPANY.

Principal and Interest Payable in Gold.
85 MILES COMPLETED, and in operation, the earnings on which are in excess of interest on the total issue. Grading finished, and ONLY 20 MILES OF TRACK ARE TO BE LAID TO COMPLETE THE ROAD. Mortgage at the rate of $16,000 per mile. Price 97½ and accrued interest. We unhesitatingly recommend them, and will furnish maps and pamphlets upon application.
W. P. CONVERSE & CO.,
No. 54 Pine-st.
TANNER & CO.,
No. 49 Wall-st.

## MUNROE & CO., AMERICAN BANKERS, NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
NO. 8 WALL-ST.,
New-York.
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all parts of Europe, &c. Exchange on Paris.

## WELLS, FARGO & COMPANY'S EXPRESS SCRIP AND FRACTIONAL CERTIFICATES OF STOCK,

bought and sold at the office of
WILLIAMS & BOSTWICK,
NOS. 40 AND 42 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK.

## TRUSTEE CERTIFICATES OF THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY,

Representing the Interests of Stockholders in assets of the Company previous to Dec. 26, 1868, bought at the office of WILLIAMS & BOSTWICK, Nos. 40 and 42 Exchange-place, New-York.

## ARKANSAS BOND SCRIP BOUGHT AND SOLD

At the office of
WILLIAMS & BOSTWICK,
NOS. 40 AND 42 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK.
SOGERT & WHITE,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 13 Broad-st., New-York.
SHOWN BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 2 and 4 Wall-st.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

OFFICE OF THE WILKESBARRE COAL AND IRON COMPANY, No. 60 Broadway, NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1870.
A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, in Philadelphia, on FRIDAY, Nov. 4, at 1 o'clock, for the purpose of obtaining their consent to the sale of nine thousand (9,000) shares of the Company's stock, received in payment for certain property of the Company, sold by their authority.
The transfer-books will be closed from Oct. 31 to Nov. 5, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board,
WM. H. TILLINGHAST, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned Committee will open books for subscription to the capital stock of the Bankers' Life Insurance and Trust Company of New-York, at the office of Barton & Allen, No. 40 Broad-street, in the City of New-York, on the 31st day of October, 1870.
JACOB H. VANDERBILT,
JAMES M. DAVIES,
SAMUEL BARTON,
SAMUEL F. BARGER,
JOHN A. FOLEY.
Dated NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1870.

MANUFACTURERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK, 261 AND 263 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 24, 1870.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the Manufacturers' and Merchants' Bank will be held at its banking-house, Nos. 261 and 263 Broadway, on TUESDAY, Nov. 8, proximo. The polls will be open from 12 to 1 o'clock P. M.
THEO. D. WARREN, Cashier.

## FINANCIAL.

## MONTCLAIR RAILWAY (OF NEW-JERSEY.)

## FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS INDORSED BY THE N. Y. AND OSWEGO MIDLAND RAILROAD CO.

The only railroad now building from New-York Harbor toward the West is the
GREAT MIDLAND ROAD.

The First Mortgage Bonds of THE MONTCLAIR RAILWAY COMPANY, (the New-Jersey section of the Midland,) are now offered to the amount only of
HALF A MILLION OF DOLLARS.
They are payable, principal and interest,
IN GOLD.

The rate of interest is 7 per cent., payable semi-annually, FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.

These bonds are secured by a first mortgage to MARCUS L. WARD and ABRAM S. HEWITT, Trustees, on the most valuable and profitable portion of THE MIDLAND RAILROAD, the traffic of which will alone suffice to pay a fair profit on the cost of construction.

## The Montclair Railway

having been leased perpetually to the New-York and Oswego Midland Railroad Company, becomes an integral part of that great work, and ITS BONDS ARE GUARANTEED by that Company.

## NEARLY 200 MILES

in extent of this most important railroad are now completed and in successful operation, and THE MONTCLAIR RAILWAY, constituting the eastern terminal section—forty miles in length—is in process of rapid construction, and will be completed by December, 1871, simultaneously with the entire line, thereby establishing a new route from New-York westerly by way of Oswego, fifty miles shorter than by the Central, and by way of Buffalo seventy miles shorter than either the Central or the Erie Roads.

We recommend these bonds as a safe and valuable investment, because—

First—They are secured by a first mortgage on THE MONTCLAIR RAILWAY and all its franchises, and EACH BOND BEARS THE INDORSEMENT of the

NEW-YORK AND OSWEGO MIDLAND RAILROAD COMPANY.

Second—The LOCAL TRAFFIC of this road must be large, as it connects New-York City with its most attractive suburbs, thereby insuring a profitable business to the road.

Third—The franchises of the Company, embracing lines of railway and branches to be built, and an INDEPENDENT FERRY across Hudson River, all of which are included in the mortgage, confer a value on these bonds in addition to that afforded by the main line.

Fourth—The entire capital of both Companies, amounting at the present time to nearly $8,000,000 PAID IN, all of which has been faithfully devoted to the economical construction of the road, is liable for the payment of these bonds.

Fifth—The large rate of interest,

PAYABLE IN GOLD COIN,

affords to holders of Government Bonds a great inducement to change their investment. For instance:

| | |
|---|---|
| A Government Bond of $1,000 costs (say)..... | $1,100 |
| Yielding an income of..... | 60 |
| $1,100, invested in Montclair Railway Bonds, at par, yield an income of..... | 77 |
| Difference, $17, or 23½ per cent. | |

These bonds are issued in denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100, respectively. For sale by

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,
Bankers, No. 10 Wall-st.

The Strongest and Best Secured, as well as Most Profitable Investment now Offered in the Market.

## 7 Per Cent. Gold. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

COUPON OR REGISTERED, AND
FREE OF U. S. TAX,
Principal and Interest Payable In Gold,
ISSUED BY THE
Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota Railroad Company.

The small remaining balance of the Loan for sale at
90 and Accrued Interest in Currency.
INTEREST PAYABLE MAY AND NOVEMBER
J. EDGAR THOMSON, CHARLES L. FROST. } Trustees.

The bonds are issued at $20,000 per mile against the portion only of the line fully completed and equipped. The greater part of the road is already in operation, and the present earnings are largely in excess of the operating expenses and interest on the bonds. The balance of the work necessary to establish through connections, thereby securing the distance between St. Paul and Chicago 45 miles, and 90 miles to St. Louis, is rapidly progressing, in time for the movement of the coming grain crops, which, it is estimated, will double the gross income of the road.

The established character of this road, running as it does through the heart of the most thickly-settled and richest portion of the great State of Iowa, together with its present advanced condition and large earnings, warrant us in unhesitatingly recommending these bonds to investors as, in every respect, an undoubted security. A small quantity of the issue only remains unsold, and when the enterprise is completed, which will be this Fall, an immediate advance over subscription price may be looked for.

The bonds have fifty years to run, are convertible at the option of the holder into the stock of the Company as par, and the payment of the principal is provided for by a sinking fund. The convertibility privilege attached to these bonds cannot fail to cause them at an early day to command a market price considerably above par. United States Five-twenties, at present prices, return only 4¼ per cent. currency interest, while these bonds pay 6¾ per cent., and we regard them to be as safe and fully equal as a security to any railroad bond issued; and until they are placed upon the New-York Stock Exchange, the rules of which require the road to be completed, we obligate ourselves to re-purchase any of these bonds sold by us after this date at the same price as realized by us on their sale.

All marketable securities taken in payment free of commission and express charges.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.

## WILLIAMS & BOSTWICK,

NOS. 40 AND 42 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK,
BANKERS AND STOCK, BOND AND GOLD
COMMISSION BROKERS,
MAKE LIBERAL ADVANCES ON ALL FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

JAMES G. KING'S SONS, BANKERS, NO. 14 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.
Issue letters of credit on London and Paris, available in all the principal cities on the Continent. Buy and sell exchange on London, Paris, Amsterdam, Edinburgh and Glasgow.

OFFICE OF THE INTERNATIONAL OCEAN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 14, 1870.
AN ELECTION FOR NINE DIRECTORS of this Company will be held at the office of this Company, No. 58 Liberty-st., in the City of New-York, on the first TUESDAY of December next, between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock of that day, pursuant to the following by-law of the Company:
The Board of Directors shall consist of nine members, to be elected by the stockholders on the first Tuesday of December of each year, or as soon after as convenient, and at such election each stockholder shall be entitled, either in person or by proxy, to such number of votes as corresponds with the number of shares standing in his name on the books of the Company. The persons receiving the largest number of votes shall be deemed to be chosen."
The transfer-books of the Company will be closed on the 16th of November, and opened again on the 7th of December. T. E. BLADEN, Treasurer.

TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO. HEREBY inform the correspondents of JAS. W. TUCKER & CO., and holders of their credits, that until further notice letters should be addressed care of JAS. W. TUCKER & CO., care of MORTON, ROSE & CO., London.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILROAD.—Premium paid for rights to subscribe to new bonds under circular of Oct. 10, 1870, by E. ROLLINS MORSE & BROTHER, No. 17 Wall-st., Boston.

## FINANCIAL.

## MOBILE & MONTGOMERY RAILROAD COMPANY EIGHT PER CENT. First Mortgage Bonds.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE
## IN GOLD.
## INDORSED BY STATE OF ALABAMA.

We offer the above-named Bonds for sale, and, for the following reasons, confidently recommend them as a most desirable investment.

1. THEY ARE A FIRST MORTGAGE UPON A ROAD ALREADY COMPLETED, THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED AND IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION. The object in placing this Mortgage upon the Road, and of selling these Bonds, is to build an extension of 15 miles from Tensas, the present terminus, into the City of Mobile, which connection is now made by boat. This extension will give entire through Rail connection to *Mobile* and *New-Orleans*, thus saving the cost and trouble of steam-boat service, and delay of breaking bulk both at Tensas and Mobile. The Road, including 15 miles extension, is 182 miles long.

2. THE MORTGAGE IS AT A LOWER RATE PER MILE THAN ANY SIMILAR BOND NOW OFFERING, being for little over $12,000 per mile—less than the Iron and Rolling Stock are actually worth. The cost of the Road is over $30,000 per mile.

3. The Road forms the only railroad connection between Montgomery, the capital of the State of Alabama, and Mobile, its chief commercial city, making it exactly the Hudson River Railroad of Alabama, besides being a link in the great through-coast line between New-Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Savannah, Charleston, Richmond and New-York, or the interior line between the same points, via Augusta, Charlotte and Danville.

4. The Net Earnings of the Road have regularly increased at the rate of about 20 per cent. per annum since the organization in 1867, *and are* NOW *much more than enough to pay the interest upon

## SHIPPING.

**NEW ANCHOR LINE.**

MAIL EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE WEDNESDAY TO AND FROM GLASGOW AND DERRY.

Passengers booked and forwarded from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Norway, Sweden, or Denmark to America by the most rapid, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other route or line.

RATES OF PASSAGE. "EXTRA" STEAMERS.
Australia....Thurs., Oct. 27 | Iowa.....Wed., Nov. 2
Columbia....Sat., Nov. 5 | Anchor.....Wed., Nov. 16
Europa.....Sat., Nov. 12 | Britannia...Wed., Nov. 23
Caledonia.....Sat., Nov. 19 | Iowa.....Wed., Dec. 14
Anchor.....Sat., Nov. 26 | Australia.....Wed., Dec. 28
India.....Sat., Dec. 3 | Britannia...Wed., Jan. 11
and every SATURDAY and alternate WEDNESDAY thereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, New-York, at noon.

RATES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN CURRENCY, TO LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, OR DERRY:
First Cabin $65 and $75, according to location.
Cabin excursion tickets, good for 12 months, securing best accommodations, $120.
Intermediate, $35; Steerage, $25.
Certificates, at REDUCED RATES, can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.
Drafts issued, payable on presentation.
Apply at the Company's offices to
HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

**CUNARD LINE.**

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Cuba, Wednesday, Oct. 26 | Tripoli, Saturday, Nov. 5
Malta, Saturday, Oct. 29 | Scotia, Wednes., Nov. 9
Palmyra, Tues., Nov. 1 | Batavia, Thurs., Nov. 10
China, Wednesday, Nov. 2 | Java, Wednesday, Nov. 16
Abyssinia, Thurs., Nov. 3 | Samaria, Thurs., Nov. 17

RATES OF PASSAGE.
By the steamers, not carrying Steerage:
First Cabin, $130, gold. Second Cabin, $80, gold.
First Cabin to Paris.....$145, gold.
Return tickets.....$250, gold.
By the steamers carrying Steerage:
First Cabin, $80, gold. Steerage, $30, currency.
Return tickets.....$150, gold.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.
Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.
For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling-green.
For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

**FOR LIVERPOOL,**
(VIA QUEENSTOWN,)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class fully-power iron-screw steamships, from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY

as follows:
MINNESOTA, Capt. T. W. FREEMAN, Nov. 2, at 1½ P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. WHINERAY.....Nov. 9, at 3 P. M.
NEVADA, Capt. GREEN.....Nov. 16, at 12 M.
COLORADO, Capt. T. F. FREEMAN, Nov. 23, at 3 P. M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. WILLIAMS...Nov. 30, at 12 M.
MANHATTAN, Capt. FORSYTH..Dec. 7, at 3 P. M.
Cabin passage, $80, gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.
For freight or cabin passage apply to the WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall-st.

**ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.**

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST AND SOUTHAMPTON.

The splendid steamships on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:
PEREIRE.....DAUER.....SATURDAY, Oct. 29
LAFAYETTE.....ROUSSEAU....SATURDAY, Nov. 12
VILLE DE PARIS.SURMONT..SATURDAY, Nov. 26
ST. LAURENT.....LEMAIRE...SATURDAY, Dec. 10
Rates of passage, payable in gold, (including wine:)
TO BREST OR HAVRE—First cabin, $140; second cabin, $75.
*These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.*
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—Hereafter the steamers of this line will touch at Southampton, England, to land passengers and specie.

## NATIONAL LINE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN, From Pier No. 47 North River.
ITALY, Grace, Saturday, Oct. 29, at 9 A. M.
ENGLAND, Webster, Saturday, Nov. 5, at 12 M.
THE QUEEN, Thomson, Saturday, Nov. 12, at 8 A. M.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $75 and $85, currency; steerage, $28 currency.
Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $22 currency.

LONDON DIRECT.
PENNSYLVANIA, Thompson, November.
Cabin passage, $85 and $75, currency.
Steerage passage, $28, currency.
For further particulars apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

**FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.**—Inman Line of Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:
CITY OF BRUSSELS.....Saturday, Oct. 29, 10 A.M.
ETNA, (via Halifax).....Tuesday, Nov. 1, 12 M.
CITY OF WASHINGTON.Saturday, Nov. 5, 2 P.M.
CITY OF PARIS.....Saturday, Nov. 12, 8 A.M.
and each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE
PAYABLE IN GOLD. PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.

**PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S**
THROUGH LINE TO
## CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.
FREIGHT AND PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED.

Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:
First Class. Steerage.
$125 to $170. $60.
according to location of berth.
These rates include berths, board and all necessaries for the trip.
Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon,
ON 4TH AND 20TH OF EACH MONTH,
except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds of baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
NOV. 4, ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with SACRAMENTO, Capt. FARNSWORTH.
Steamer of GREAT REPUBLIC will leave San Francisco Dec. 1, 1870, for China and Japan.
All freight for San Francisco will go as fast, and be received until 4 P. M. Thursday, Nov. 3.
Freight for Central American and South Pacific ports will be received until 4 P. M. on Wednesday, Nov. 2, only. All the usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.
For freight or passage tickets, and all further information, apply at the office, Pier No. 42 North River.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

**FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.**
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 22d of every month:
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, Nov. 22.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. G. B. SLOCUM, Dec. 22.
MERRIMACK, Capt. WIER, Jan. 23.
These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

**U. S. MAIL TO HAVANA.**
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY, sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely from Pier No. 4 North River.
MORRO CASTLE Capt. R. ADAMS.....Oct. 27
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICK, (via Nassau.)..Nov. 3
MISSOURI, Capt. J. B. EDWARDS.....Nov. 10
For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, JR., President.
No. 5 Bowling-green.

**HAVANA. SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.**
New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line—Sailing every twenty days, from Pier No. 17 East River. The new steamers
CITY OF MERIDA, Capt. DRAKER, WEDNESDAY, Nov. 2, P. M.
CITY OF MEXICO, Capt. TIMMERMAN, TUESDAY, Nov. 29, 3 P. M.
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 23 Broadway.

**FOR NASSAU, N. P..**
CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's steamer COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICK, will sail Nov. 3, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.
For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

**FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,**
THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK,
TUESDAYS,
THURSDAYS
AND SATURDAYS.
THE STEAM-SHIPS
HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. CHEESEMAN, THURSDAY, Oct. 27, from Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 55 Liberty-st.

MAGNOLIA, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, Oct. 29, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, Oct. 29, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 56 West-st.

CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS, TUESDAY, Nov. 1, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents.
Nos. 61 and 63 South-st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.
C. D. OWENS, GEORGE YONGE,
Agent, A. & G. R. R., Agent C. R. R.,
No. 239 Broadway. No. 469 Broadway.

**DELAWARE AND NEW-YORK S. S. CO.**—Pier No. 21 N. R.—The steamer W. W. COIT will leave for Lewes, Del., on MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 4 P.M., taking freight for all points on the Junction and Breakwater and Delaware Railroads. Returning, leave Lewes WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 P. M. Specific freight rates low. For freight and passage apply at office on pier.

**UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.**—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 206 Broadway.

## SHIPPING.

Old line, low freight.
The well-known, first-class steamship
ILLINOIS,
J. B. RAKER, Commander,
now at her dock receiving cargo, will leave Pier No. 43 North River on SATURDAY, 29th October, at 12 M. Freight taken for Mobile to be reshipped at New-Orleans.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 55 Liberty-st.

Steam-ship LODONA will follow from Pier No. 29 East River, on SATURDAY, Nov. 5.
C. H. MALLORY & CO.,
No. 163 Maiden-lane.

**NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.**
Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one; their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from the fatiguing of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage; in securing the best accommodations, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Gardens, Paris.

## AUCTION SALES.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer—Sales-room No. 60 Liberty-st.

**SALE BY ORDER OF SUPERIOR COURT.**
T. J. BARR, Esq., Receiver.
THE ENTIRE STOCK AND FIXTURES of the late firm of
MESSRS. A. BININGER & CO.,
by EDWARD SCHENCK, commencing on SATURDAY, Oct. 29, at 11 o'clock, and continuing on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 2, FRIDAY, Nov. 4, and MONDAY, Nov. 7, on which day the sale will be exclusively of Madeira, at the old stand of Messrs. BININGER & CO.,
NOS. 92 AND 94 LIBERTY-ST.,
the entire stock of the choicest wines and liquors, consisting in part of
choice Madeiras, probably the finest lot in the country; old sherries, ports, brandies, rums, gins, Hungarian and French wines. Also a fine lot of teas, together with all the desks, safes and other fixtures.

LEAVITT, STREBRIGH & CO., Auctioneers.
**CAPT. BEEVEY'S LIBRARY.**
THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING,
Messrs. LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Clinton Hall, Astor-place, announce that they will sell by AUCTION on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY EVENINGS at 7½ o'clock, the LIBRARY of JAS. R. HERVEY, Esq., Belleville, N. J., AN UNRIVALED COLLECTION OF BOOKS IN THE RICHEST AND MOST ELEGANT BINDINGS. This probably the most extraordinary and costly collection of books ever offered for sale in this country. Libraries catalogued and sold. Collections of paintings catalogued and sold.

WM. ELLIOTT, Auctioneer.
**AUCTION SALE OF HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUS, &c.**—YOUNG & ELLIOTT will sell on SATURDAY, 29th inst., at 11 A. M., at No. 9 John-st., twenty cases of Dutch bulbs in lots to suit purchasers.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.
**BY T. E. MINTURN, BROWN & CO.,**
By order of Messrs. DAY (Thursday,) Oct. 27, at 11 o'clock, within their store, 1,000 boxes new loose Muscatels, 10,000 packages new Layer Raisins, all prime new crop, landing; 450 kegs Almeria Grapes, 2,500 boxes fresh Malaga Lemons, landing.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & Co., Auctioneers.
**PEREMPTORY, OPEN SALE, AT 10 A. M., AT THE** Sales-room, Willoughby, corner Pearl, Brooklyn—Large assortment of parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, bedding, fancy goods, china, velvet and other carpets, &c.

## PROPOSALS.

**PROPOSALS FOR THE SALE OF ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES.**
ORDNANCE OFFICE,
WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 17, 1870.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock P. M. on SATURDAY, the 29th day of October, 1870, for the purchase of the following ordnance and ordnance stores, viz.:
2,500 Breech-loading Muskets, calibre 58, with Cartridges for same.
1,000 Ball's Repeating Carbines, calibre 50, with Ammunition.
2,500 Gallagher's Carbines, adapted for Spencer Ammunition.
4,000 Maynard's Carbines, with 500 rounds of Ammunition per gun.
1,000 Palmer's Carbines, calibre 44, with Ammunition.
3,000 Remington Carbines, calibre 44, with Ammunition.
2,500 Warner's Carbines and Ammunition.
2,700 Joslin's Carbines and Ammunition, calibre 52.
40,000 sets of Carbine Accoutrements, serviceable, Blakeley's and other patterns.
70,000 sets Infantry Accoutrements.
20,000 Starr's Revolvers, calibre 44, with Ammunition.
5,000 Rogers' & Spencer's Revolvers, calibre 44, with Ammunition.
10,000 Remington Army Revolvers, calibre 44, with Ammunition.
35,000 Pistol Holsters.
40,000 Cavalry Sabres.
1,500 Sporting Rifles.
20,000 setts Horse Equipments.
FIELD ARTILLERY.
50 batteries of Field Artillery, complete, with Ammunition.
Bids will be entertained for any one, or all of the foregoing lots. The bids to specify the price offered for the arms with ammunition, for accoutrements by themselves. The bids for Artillery will be for batteries, complete with ammunition; so much for a battery of light twelve-pounders, and so much for a battery of Parrott three-inch rifle guns, or for batteries and ammunition separately.
The privilege is reserved by this office of rejecting any or all bids which may not be deemed sufficient or satisfactory. A margin of twenty per cent. must be paid at the time of the award, and the residue upon delivery of the stores; all the stores to be delivered at the City of New-York, within thirty days after the award.
A. B. DYER,
Chief of Ordnance.

PURCHASING AND DISBURSING PAY-MASTER'S OFFICE, UNITED STATES NAVY,
No. 29 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 25, 1870.

**PROPOSALS, SEALED AND INDORSED** on envelope, "Bids for Supplies Advertised," will be received at this office until 1 o'clock P. M., the 1st proximo, for the following supplies of the best quality, to be delivered at the Navy-yard, New-York, viz.:
BUREAU STEAM ENGINEERING.
5,000 lbs. white lead; 50 gross 1½ inch No. 10 round head brass screws; 200 gallons boiled linseed-oil, in 10-gallon cans; 50 bbls. lime.
BUREAU YARDS AND DOCKS.
75 feet rubber suction hose, made on spiral wound flat galvanized iron, with couplings to suit pump, as per sample.
BUREAU ORDNANCE.
70 sheep-skins in wool; 6 gross brass screws, 3-inch, No. 24.
Bidders are referred to the respective officers in charge of the Navy-yard for samples and further information, and will state in their proposals the date within which they will complete deliveries if awarded to them, which must not exceed ten days from date of order.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids that may not be deemed advantageous to the Government, and to award each article or item separate, as may be most to its interest.
Responsible security required for the prompt and faithful delivery of supplies awarded within the time specified.
Blank forms will be furnished at this office, and bids opened at the hour above-named, when parties interested are invited to be present.
J. O. BRADFORD, Pay-master, U. S. N.

**TO CONTRACTORS.**
The Holyoke and Westfield Railroad Company will receive sealed proposals for the graduation and masonry of their railroad from the track of the New-Haven and Northampton Railroad in Westfield to Front and Dwight sts. in Holyoke, ten miles, with turn-outs and branches, until WEDNESDAY, Nov. 9, 1870.
Maps, profiles, plans and specifications may be seen at the engineer's office, Westfield, Mass., and further information can be had on inquiry of L. F. Root and E. E. Randolph, engineers, C. N. Yeamans, Vice-President of the New-Haven and Northampton Railroad, or of the undersigned, J. C. PARSONS, President.
HOLYOKE, Oct. 20, 1870.

OFFICES OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK,
CASTLE GARDEN, NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1870.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT** the time for receiving, at the offices of the Commissioners of Emigration, proposals for the erection of the Insane Asylum on Ward's Island, has been extended to the 6th of November prox.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the architect, John O'Neil, Esq., No. 20 Nassau-st., from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. of each day.
Proposals will be sealed and addressed to the President of the Commission or the Chairman of the Building Committee.
The Committee reserve to themselves the right to decline all proposals, if they deem it advisable.
(Signed,) RICHARD O'GORMAN, President.
JAMES W. HUSTED, Chairman.

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

**DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED** States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JULIUS FEINHOLTZ, bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.—NOTICE is hereby given that he has been issued by said Court against the estate of Julius Feinholtz, of the City of New-York, of the County of New-York, of the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the City of New-York, at No. 68 Nassau-st., in said district, on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1870, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court. GEORGE H. SHARPE,
Marshal—Messenger.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

**UNITED NICKEL COMPANY,**
NO. 17 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.
Sole owners of Adams and Bonnington Patents for Nickel Plating in United States is now ready to grant licenses under same.
E. A. QUINTARD, President.
Licenses in New-York,
L. L. Smith, No. 6 Howard-st.
AMERICAN NICKEL PLATING COMPANY,
corner Centre and White sts.

## TEACHERS.

**AN AMERICAN GENTLEMAN,** RESIDENT in Central Europe, just returned from Europe, where he has been perfecting himself in German, French and Italian, and who is acquainted with Greek and Latin, desires to teach any or all of those languages; will undertake instruction in private families or in schools; would go into the country; best references given. Address N. Z. P., care of Dod, Nos. 111 and 113 William-st.

**WANTED—AN ITALIAN TEACHER.** Address, with terms, &c., B., Box 113 Times Office.

## INSTRUCTION.

**THE CHESTERFIELD SCHOOL,**
CLASSICAL, COMMERCIAL, AND ENGLISH,
BIENVILLE,
No. 9 Washington-square, (east side.)
GEO. W. CLARKE, PH. D., PRINCIPAL.
Prospectus boys of all ages for business or college on reasonable terms, and opens its twenty-eighth academic year Sept. 12. For references and particulars see circular, to be had at the Institute, which parents are invited to visit.

**CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE,**
FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN,
Nos. 128, 126 AND 130 EAST 26TH-ST.,
REOPENS SEPT. 19.
College, Business, West Point, Navy School. Modern languages. Boarding and Primary Departments, Gymnasium, &c.
Prospectus to be had.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

**ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,**
5TH-AV., CORNER 20TH-ST.
In the departments of ancient and modern languages, English and mathematics, reopens MONDAY, Sept. 12; the Primary department Sept. 19, and the gymnasium Oct. 1. School hours, 9½ A. M. to 2½ P. M.

**GARDNER INSTITUTE,**
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
NO. 620 FIFTH-AVENUE.
Fourteenth year opens Sept. 20. Able masters in charge of the several departments.
Carriages provided for pupils at a distance.
Rev. Dr. and Mrs. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

**MOUNT PLEASANT MILITARY ACADEMY,**
A SELECT BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
AT TUXEDO PARK, ON THE LINE OF THE ERIE RAILROAD.
The course of instruction embraces the following departments: CLASSICAL, MODERN LANGUAGES, ELEMENTARY, MATHEMATICAL, ENGLISH STUDIES AND NATURAL SCIENCES. Pupils are also formed in MUSIC, DRAWING, FENCING and ELOCUTION. A THOROUGHLY ORGANIZED MILITARY DEPARTMENT, RIDING-SCHOOL, BALLET TRAINING, HORSES, GYMNASIUM, &c. For further information address
BENJAMIN & ALLEN, Principals,
Sing Sing, N. Y.

**LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,**
NOS. 161 5TH-AV. AND 967 BROADWAY,
Corner 22d-st.—fifteenth year.
Recess spacious, light, airy and steam-heated. Young pupils with Mrs. Lyon, the others with Mr. Lyon—A Yale graduate, he wholly instructs the College class, and means that all from this school shall have ample fitness. In four years, 20 have entered College, viz.: 5 Yale, 3 Harvard, 1 Williams, 1 Trin., 2 Polytechnic. Of all, only three were conditioned. Other classes follow yearly. More pupils applied this past year than could be received. Light gymnastics. Only pure, contented, working pupils desired.

**MISS COMSTOCK'S,**
NO. 32 WEST 40TH-ST.
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.
Vacancies may be filled in October.
An EXCLUSIVELY French department (or French and German, if desired,) modeled after the best schools abroad, will be organized Oct. 1.
N. B.—No remaining care and talent for regular course of tuition in English and French.
Address by mail as above.

**MISS HINSDALE AND MRS. CHARLES KEITH.**
WILL CONTINUE MRS. MACAULAY'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, NOS. 275 AND 277 MADISON-AV.
The school will open Sept. 21.
The Professors and teachers heretofore connected with it will be retained. Address as above.

**MISS ARMSTRONG'S**
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
No. 85 Madison-av., between 28th and 29th sts.,
Will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21.
Address as above.

**MRS. GARRETSON'S**
ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, NO. 58 WEST 47TH-ST.,
will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 20, 1870. Circulars may be obtained by application as above. Mrs. GARRETSON will be at home on and after Sept. 1.

**FLUSHING INSTITUTE,**
FLUSHING, N. Y.
Terms, $100 per quarter, from NOV. 22.
E. A. FAIRCHILD.

**MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S**
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, No. 58 WEST 47TH-ST., (Murray Hill,) will reopen Tuesday, Sept. 20, 1870.
Address as above.

**MRS. PARKS'**
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 153 Madison-av., corner 32d-st.
Formerly Ferris' Female Institute.
Reopens Sept. 21. For circulars apply as above.

**MRS. PRINCE AND MISS LYONS'**
French and English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 104 West Twenty-third-st., will open Sept. 14, 1870. Apply for circulars to above address.

**YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE,**
Established 1854, for making boys intelligent, healthy, Christian men. Thorough teaching. Common sense management. Reopens Sept. 5. BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 208 Yonkers, N. Y.

**MRS. EDWARD S. WHITE,**
No. 59 West 42d-st.,
opposite Reservoir, FAT. English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children; will reopen Sept. 26.

**MORRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE.**
MORRISTOWN, N. J.
A SELECT FAMILY SCHOOL.
C. G. HAZELTINE, A. M., Principal.

**WM. H. LEGGETT'S SCHOOL,**
No. 1,214 Broadway, next to 30th-st. Number limited; primary department and gymnasium.

**"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOLS."—BEGIN** with the 10th year Sept. 20. For girls, 15 W. 42d-st., (removed from 8 W. 14th-st.) N. B.—Private instruction rooms for young ladies connected with the above. Boys' school 1,409 B'way, cor. 39th-st. For admission or circulars apply to Miss E. M. COE, Prin., 15 W. 42d-st.

**PROF. ROUSSEL'S FRANCO-AMERICAN INSTITUTE,** No. 819 6th-av., reopens Sept. 15. Boarding and day pupils spaced for collars or business; French the language of the school; primary department. Send for circular.

**ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE,** NYACK, ON THE HUDSON, N. Y.—The Fall term will commence Sept. 15. For circulars with full particulars, address Rev. L. DELOS MANSFIELD, Principal.

**MISS DU VERNET** WILL REOPEN her Preparatory School for boys, and Miss M. F. DU VERNET, her classes for little girls, at No. 102 West 29th-st., one door from 6th-av., on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

**UNDERCLIFF YOUNG LADIES'** Boarding-school, Cold Spring, N. Y., opposite West Point. For circulars apply to Mrs. MORRIS and Miss PICKERSGILL, of *Home Journal*, New-York. Terms moderate. Reopens Sept. 20.

**MRS. J. T. BENEDICT'S BOARDING** and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 45 East 34th-st., New-York, will reopen on Sept. 22. Particular attention given to French and German. For circulars call or address as above.

**GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF THE UNIVERSITY,** corner of Washington-place and Wooster-st., prepares boys for college or for business.
M. M. HOBBY, G. CHASE, Principals.

**J. H. MORSE'S ENGLISH,** CLASSICAL and Mathematical School reopens Sept. 19, at No. 1,267 Broadway, near 32d-st. For circulars, apply to J. H. MORSE, No. 737 7th-av.

**IRVING INSTITUTE,** TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The school year will commence Sept. 19. For circulars apply to D. S. HOWE, M. A., Principal.

**DR. BERTHET'S FRENCH, ENGLISH,** Classical and Mathematical School opens Sept. 19, at No. 105 East 40th-st., two doors from Park-av. Prospectus at Lookwood's, No. 512 Broadway.

**MISS PERINE WILL REOPEN** HER English and French School for young ladies and children, No. 106 East 38th-st., Sept. 28.

**ADDRESS A. P. LASHER,** PENNington, N. J., for circulars for one of the best and cheapest schools.

**MISS OLSSEN'S ENGLISH AND** French school, for Misses and children, No. 280 4th-av., will be reopened Sept. 22.

**MRS. STORRS' BOARDING AND** Day School for young ladies, No. 13 West 45th-st., will open Sept. 21. Address as above.

**MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL,** White Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

**MISS SARAH SEDGWICK'S** SCHOOL for boys will open Sept. 15 at No. 1,198 Broadway, between 29th and 30th sts.

**GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR** young ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars address Miss EMILY NELSON.

**MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL,**—White Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

**THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH** and FRENCH Boarding-school for young ladies, New-Brunswick, N. J., will reopen Sept. 20.

**BENDAN'S SCHOOL (FOR FORTY** Boys only,) Broadway, corner 52d-st.—English, Classical, French, German. Primary.

**MRS. FREDERICK JONSON'S PRIVATE** classes for young ladies, No. 124 Lexington-av., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 26.

**SCHOOL FOR BOYS.**—MISS WARREN'S French and English School in Trenor's Lyric Hall, No. 718 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts.

**MISS WALSH'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH** School for young ladies and children, 33 East 38th-st., near Madison-av., will reopen Thursday, Sept. 22.

**RAND'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND** Mathematical School, 27 Broadway, reopens Sept. 14.

## AMUSEMENTS.

**BENEFIT OF THE VETERANS' BENEFIT.**
LAST THREE NIGHTS OF THEIR FAVORITE
BENNETT OF EARLY SEASON.
When will be repeated for only four or five nights and last time,
ADRIENNE LECOUVREUR.
In which Miss Seebach is universally admitted to have achieved one of her greatest triumphs in Nov-
MARIE SEEBACH.....as.....ADRIENNE
MATHILDE VERET.....as.....THE PRINCESS
After the play, Miss Seebach will declaim Schiller's celebrated "Song of the Bell." Die Glocke, and at the conclusion Miss Seebach will deliver a short address.
FRIDAY, Oct. 28, LAST NIGHT BUT ONE, when will be presented, an immensely attractive bill. By request, Reade's master work,
VALERIE, THE BLIND ORPHAN,
and from FAUST the two Acts that include the celebrated Jewel, Garden, Prison and Death scenes.
VALERIE.....SEEBACH.
MARGUERITE.....SEEBACH.
SATURDAY, SEEBACH'S FAREWELL NIGHT, on which occasion will be presented, after careful preparation, Shakespeare's work,
TAMING THE SHREW.
CATHARINE.....MARIE SEEBACH
FRIDAY, (next week,) Nov. 4—SEEBACH IN BROOKLYN.

**MLLE. CHRISTINA NILSSON'S LAST CONCERTS.**
STEINWAY HALL, ON 14TH-ST.
MR. MAX STRAKOSCH respectfully announces that the last appearance of
MLLE. CHRISTINA NILSSON,
(prior to her departure for Boston,) will be as follows:
ONE (1) GRAND NILSSON MATINEE,
NEXT SATURDAY, OCT. 29, AT 1 O'CLOCK,
AND ONE (1) GRAND NILSSON CONCERT,
NEXT MONDAY, OCT. 31, AT 8 O'CLOCK.
Being the last concert prior to her departure for Boston.
MLLE. CHRISTINA NILSSON WILL BE ASSISTED BY
MISS ANNIE LOUISE CARY, Contralto;
MLLE. MARIE KREBS, the distinguished pianist;
SIGS. BRIGNOLI, VERGER, VIEUXTEMPS.
The GRAND OPERA ORCHESTRA, under the direction of MAX MARETZEK.
CONDUCTOR.....SIGNOR BOSONI.
Admission, $2; reserved seats, $3 and $4; reserved seats to matinee, $3 and $4.
Seats can be secured at the hall, also Schirmer's, No. 701, and at No. 114 Broadway.
Steinway's pianos are used at all the Nilsson Concerts.
THIS, (THURSDAY,) OCT. 27, AND NEXT WEDNESDAY, NOV. 2,
AT THE BROOKLYN ACADEMY.
FRIDAY, NOV. 4, BOSTON MUSIC HALL.

**FOURTEENTH-STREET THEATRE**
Near 6th-av.
Lessees and Managers
C. WHEATLEIGH AND J. SNYDER.
The Directors have the honor of announcing that the English dramatic season will commence on
MONDAY, OCT. 31.
The renowned tragedienne,
Mrs. F. W. LANDER,
will make her rentree on the scene of her former triumphs,
AS
ELIZABETH,
QUEEN OF ENGLAND,
supported by a full and powerful company selected for its individual excellence. Exclusive occupation of seats for the first six nights of Mrs. LANDER'S engagement will commence on Wednesday morning, Oct. 26, at G. Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; the general chessing box office, No. 14 Broadway, and at the box-office of the theatre. Scale of prices: General admission to all parts of the house, $1; orchestra seats, $1 50; family box seats, $2; dress circle, reserved, $1 50; amphitheatre boxes, five seats, $12 50; family circle, 50 cents.

**FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.**
Sole Lessee and Manager.....AUGUSTIN DALY
FIFTY TIMES
OF
MAN
AND
WIFE
MARY
NIGHT
THIS
WEEK
AND
SATURDAY
MATINEE.
***MAN AND WIFE will be acted but A FEW NIGHTS LONGER, and will be followed by the revival, in all its original perfectness, of the latest Parisian sensation,
FERNANDE
Due notice will be given of the first appearance of Miss AGNES ETHEL and FANNY MORANT.

**OLYMPIC THEATER.**
GREAT SUCCESS.
The best Pantomime ever yet produced.
PEALS OF LAUGHTER
AT
WEE WILLIE WINKIE
GEO. L. FOX AS CLOWN.
In which character he has no equal.
EVERYTHING NEW.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 2

**EUTERPE.**
SUBSCRIPTION CONCERTS AND REHEARSALS.
FIRST PUBLIC REHEARSAL
TUESDAY, NOV. 1, AT 2½ P. M.
FIRST CONCERT THURSDAY, Nov. 3, at Association Hall. UNPUBLISHED MSS. COMPOSITION OF MENDELSSOHN.

**MR. A. A. FAVARGER**
Is to give a course of
FIVE FRENCH READINGS,
at the HALL OF THE UNION LEAGUE CLUB, commencing Nov. 4.
Mr. Favarger will also give a short and sharp course of lessons, after his plan of simultaneous exercises for mastering FRENCH CONVERSATION, as pursued by the Conservatory of Paris.
For prospectus, or other particulars, Mr. FAVARGER can be addressed No. 8 East 9th-st., or seen till 1 P. M.

## DANCING.

**A. BODWORTH'S**
CLASSES FOR DANCING,
At No. 212 8th-av., corner 20th-st., and No. 681 5th-av. Send for a circular.
Morning Class now forming for ladies and children on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 10.
Also, Mr. FRANK DODWORTH'S Afternoon Class, at 4 o'clock on the same days.
Children's Evening Class will commence on FRIDAY, Nov. 4, at 5 o'clock.

**DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY,** No. 83 5th-av., corner of 14th-st.—Morning and afternoon classes, TUESD

## POLITICAL.

### THE STATE

**Republican Orators on the Stump.**

Addresses are announced to be delivered by prominent Republicans as follows:

THURSDAY, OCT. 27.

Kingston—Hon. Horace Greeley.
Binghamton—Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
Elmira—Gen. Stewart L. Woodford.
Schenectady—Gen. Kilpatrick.
Stockholm—Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Lyons—Gen. C. H. Van Wyck.
Truxton—Gen. T. M. Hite.
Peeskie—Hon. Charles T. Mills.
Port Jervis—Wm. V. Weber, Esq., (German.)
Clinton—Gen. John L. Swift.
Avon—Major Z. K. Pangborn.
Conquest—H. P. Crozier, Esq.
Hudson—Hon. Mahlon Chance.
Dundee—Hon. J. F. Manning.
Constantia—Col. A. D. Shaw.
Brooklyn (Flatbush and Clinton avenues)—Dr. David Bell.
Lawrenceville—Capt. George Parker.
Cuba—Hon. H. Boardman Smith.
Brazier's Falls—Hon. A. X. Parker.
Depeyster—R. G. Pettibone, Esq.
Possie—Hon. Stillman Foote.
Wigwam, Brooklyn—Hon. J. H. Warwick.
Roslyn—Rev. Charles B. Ray.

FRIDAY, OCT. 28.

Corning—Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
Troy—Hon. Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts.
Geneseo (Afternoon)—Gen. Stewart L. Woodford and Major Z. K. Pangborn.
Oswego—Gen. C. H. Van Wyck.
Canton—Hon. B. G. Noble.
Preble—Gen. T. M. Hite.
Theresa—Hon. Chas. T. Mills.
Port Jervis—Rev. W. F. Butler.
Eighteenth District, Thirty-fourth-street, New-York—Hon. E. Delafield Smith and Hon. Ethan Allen.
Dresden—Hon. J. F. Manning.
Coughdenoy—Col. A. D. Shaw.
Sterling Centre—H. P. Crozier, Esq.
Moravia—Gen. John L. Swift.
West Troy—Hon. Mahlon Chance.
Massena—Capt. George Parker.
Norfolk—Hon. A. X. Parker.
Hammond (Afternoon)—Hon. Stillman Foote.
Brier Hill (Evening)—Hon. Stillman Foote.
Bleecker Buildings—Capt. Eugene O'Shea.

SATURDAY, OCT. 29.

Le Roy—Hon. Wm. Dorsheimer.
Albion, (Afternoon)—Gen. Stewart L. Woodford.
Rochester, (Evening)—Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Ogdensburg—Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Evan's Mills—Hon. Charles T. Mills.
Cortland—Gen. Thomas M. Hite.
Fulton—Gen. John L. Swift.
Penn Yan—Hon. J. F. Manning.
New-Haven—Col. A. D. Shaw.
Cato—H. P. Crozier, Esq.
Heuweltou—R. G. Pettibone.
Newburg—Hon. Ethan Allen and Rev. W. F. Butler.

MONDAY, OCT. 31.

Ovid (Afternoon)—Gen. Stewart L. Woodford.
Geneva (Evening)—Hon. A. W. Tenny.
Twenty-third-street and Second-avenue, New-York—Hon. Ethan Allen.
Thirty-fourth-street and Eighth-avenue, New-York—Hon. Horace Greeley.
Gouverneur—Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Jamestown—Hon. Chauncey M. Depew.
Oneonta—Gen. John L. Swift.
De Ruyter—Gen. T. M. Hite.
Victor—Hon. J. F. Manning.

TUESDAY, NOV. 1.

Palmyra (Afternoon)—Gen. Stewart L. Woodford.
Canandaigua (Evening)—Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Cooperstown—Gen. John L. Swift.
Owego—Gen. Joseph R. Hawley.
Champlain—Hon. Butler G. Noble.
Clifton—Hon. J. F. Manning.
Oxford—Gen. T. M. Hite.
Schuylville—Hon. H. Boardman Smith.
Schenectady—H. P. Crozier, Esq.
No. 123 West Houston-street, New-York—Hon. Ethan Allen.

### VETERANS FOR WOODFORD.

**Ninth Assembly District Soldiers' and Sailors' Woodford and Kaufman Campaign Club—Speeches by Hon. Henry Wilson, S. T. Streete and Others.**

The large hall in Bleecker Building was crowded last evening by the soldiers and sailors of the Ninth Assembly District. There was excellent music and fine singing, and the cheering presence of many of the fair sex inspired the "Boys in Blue" with bright hopes. Capt. F. M. CLARK, the President, called the meeting to order, and introduced S. T. STREETE, who delivered a stirring address, and ably discussed the question, "Are we a Nation?" And having shown that we are, called upon the people to preserve a nationality so dearly bought.

HON. HENRY WILSON was the next speaker. The distinguished Senator from Massachusetts was received with loud applause, and said:

I am among those who believe that there has not been, for the last ten years, a single period when there has not been a Republican majority in the State of New-York. The Democratic Party has some honest men among it, nor is it always wrong. And yet there has been no issue since 1854, between Republicans and Democrats, in which the Republicans have not been always right and the Democrats wrong. To the standard of patriotism, especially, the Republican Party can proudly point, and its fidelity to the nation has never been questioned. It was this party which made the country free, and elevated four and a half millions of slaves to the sublime height of American citizenship. Our record is the history of our country, and when the Republican Party shall cease to exist, and shall have closed its labors, its influence will continue to be felt all over the world, wherever country, liberty, justice and humanity are held dear. There are four millions of voters in the Republican ranks, and we can carry thirty States any day. We want the State of New-York on our side, and if all petty strifes and personal ambition are buried, and all remain true to liberty, an overwhelming victory for the Republican Party will close this campaign. The speaker concluded by denouncing the public men who permit the repeating and miscounting of votes, and said that they should be sentenced to the Penitentiary for life, and called upon the people to trample out of existence these infamous practices. Senator WILSON was loudly applauded as he sat down. Mr. W. H. GRACE and Mr. RICHARD MCCLOUD, Irish Republicans, next addressed the meeting, and denounced Messrs. TWEED, HALL, COX, BROOKS, &c., as outgrowths of running Know-nothingism, and enemies of their race. After a rousing speech from Hon. NORMAN STRATTON, this most interesting meeting adjourned.

### THE SMITH FACTION.

**Convention of the Tammany Republicans Last Evening—They Resolve to Make No Nomination.**

The Tammany Republican County Convention met, agreeably to adjournment, last evening, at Head-quarters, Broadway and Twenty-second-street, Mr. J. V. GRIDLEY, President, in the chair. After the reading of the minutes of the meeting of Saturday last, Ex-Alderman DAYTON objected to so much of them as narrated the fact that certain delegates at that meeting withdrew from the Convention, alleging that such narration was not properly part of the Convention's proceedings, and should not, therefore, appear on the record. This question was discussed by Messrs. DAYTON, TOUCEY and DA CUNHA, and the motion to amend, by striking the matter alluded to from the record, was finally put, and lost.

Mr. IRA O. MILLER, from the Committee on Contested Seats, reported in favor of admitting to seats the delegates elected on the ticket headed by MARK LANNIGAN, from the Second District; those on the ticket headed by DAVID MILLER, from the Eighth District, and the sitting delegates from the Fifteenth District. The report was adopted.

Mr. SINCLAIR TOUCEY, from the Committee appointed to prepare an address to the Republicans of the City, reported that the Committee deemed it best not to report such address until after the nominations of the Convention are made.

Mr. D. D. CONOVER, from the Committee of twenty-one to consult with Anti-Tammany organizations in regard to nominations, reported progress, and asked leave to report fully on Monday evening next, to which time he hoped the Convention would adjourn.

Mr. PULLMAN offered the following as a substitute for Mr. CONOVER's verbal report:

*Whereas*, A large number of Republicans believe that it would be for the best interests of the party to make no county nominations for the coming election; therefore,

*Resolved*, That this Convention, yielding to the expressed wish of the people, decline to make any nominations for county offices, and leave Republicans to act as they may think will best subserve the interests of the party; recommending, however, that every Republican vote for those whom he may consider will best serve the people.

In support of the above resolution, Mr. PULLMAN said that since the adjournment of the last session of the Convention he had taken occasion to inquire of Republicans what their views were with regard to the nomination of an independent party ticket for county offices, and had found a difference of opinion, some favoring a separate ticket, and others not. The State Committee had advised that no ticket be nominated. Whatever the judgment of this Convention might be, yet, in view of the fact that half, at least, of the Republicans of the City were opposed to the nomination of a separate ticket, he thought it would be better to yield to their views. A split there would be for the advantage of our State ticket to make no county nominations. We could not elect a county ticket in any event, and it might be that the aid we would get from Democrats, in return for our vote for their county ticket, would help the Republican State ticket. He was with neither party in the split that had recently occurred in our ranks. He was opposed to turning out men from Federal offices because they did not vote on the question as others wished them to, and he was equally opposed to any alliance whatever with Tammany Hall.

Mr. IRA O. MILLER was in favor of referring the resolution to the Committee of twenty-one, who were appointed for the special purpose of considering this very question. He believed that the Committee would examine the subject carefully and discreetly, and would arrive at a decision that would be satisfactory to the Convention. He believed they would have done this in any event, and it would have been better if they had been allowed to do it without the intervention of the State Committee. He would, therefore, move that the resolution be referred to the Committee of twenty-one.

The motion was carried by a large majority, and the resolution was so referred.

Mr. RUFUS F. ANDREWS remarked that he was gratified to see present the representative men of the Republican Party. The Committee of twenty-one would leave no effort untried to get at the real feelings of the district associations with regard to making nominations, and their report on this point, when presented, would, he thought, be fully satisfactory. Much had been said outside as to removals from appointed federal offices of good Republicans, because they would not obey the bidding of certain leaders. He hoped that delegates would refrain from assenting dissent in this particular. The time was coming when President GRANT would be convinced that he has been misinformed as to the action of the General Committee, and he would be heartily disgusted at the operations of his misinformants. Let no one, therefore, put himself in opposition to the Administration, for eventually the true Republicans, represented in this Convention, would have the approval not only of President GRANT, but of the Republican Party generally.

Mr. PULLMAN said that the whole story ought, in all honesty, to be told. If Federal officials were being removed because they would not vote under dictation, their opponents were pursuing a like course with regard to other delegates. Mr. HENRY SMITH and Mr. MANIERRE were making removals on their side. He wanted both sides of the case to go before the people.

A motion to adjourn till Monday evening next brought the discussion to a close and the Committee adjourned till that time.

Mr. FRAZIER, from the Naturalization Committee, stated during the meeting that 124 naturalizations had been effected by the Committee during the day, and fresh papers had been supplied to twenty men who had lost their originals.

### PROSECUTION OF REPEATERS

**Indictments Presented by the Grand Jury—The Cases of Strauss, Gannon and Others—Two New Arrests—A Plot to Rescue Gannon.**

The United States Grand Jury appeared before Judge BENEDICT at the Circuit Court, yesterday, for the purpose of presenting indictments against SAMUEL STRAUSS, of the County Clerk's Office, JOHN MCLAUGHLIN, a member of the Tammany Hall General Committee from the Eighth Ward, and TERENCE QUINN, of the Sixteenth Ward, and two others, charged with illegal registration. GANNON was indicted for having fraudulently enrolled his name, as alleged, at three different polling-places, and for having represented himself by the act of registering as a qualified voter, although legally disfranchised in consequence of his being a State Prison convict. Bills of indictment were found by the Grand Jury, during the afternoon, against OWEN GANNON, a reputed political "rough," accused of resisting a United States officer in the performance of his duty, and HENRY C. BUTTS, charged with fraudulent registration. Several other indictments were also found. Bench-warrants were issued for the arrest of the prisoners, and they will be brought to the Court today, to plead. It is very probable that some of them will be tried this week. In the case of SAMUEL STRAUSS, a motion was made by his counsel, before Judge BENEDICT, for his release on bail. The motion was allowed, and a bond in the sum of $10,000 was executed by MORGAN JONES and TIMOTHY BRENNAN before Commissioner WHITE for the prisoners' appearance. The former surety has bailed out several alleged "repeaters." Gen. DAVIES, Assistant District-Attorney, represented the Government in the case. OWEN GANNON was brought from Ludlow-street Jail to Commissioner DAVENPORT's office, yesterday, and a motion was made for the reduction of his bail, previously fixed at $20,000. This was stoutly opposed by Assistant District-Attorney PURDY, who said that GAUNON had been arrested for a very grave violation of the laws of the United States, and that he would be arraigned before the Court today if possible. The motion was denied, after which an examination was demanded by the prisoner's counsel. Subsequently, however, the examination was adjourned until Friday, and GANNON was remanded to jail.

A deputy marshal overheard some of the prisoner's friends plotting for his rescue, but their plan was frustrated by the vigilance of the officers.

MICHAEL BREW was taken into custody at No. 107 Washington-street, by Deputy Marshal BERNHARD on a charge of illegal registration. He was committed to prison to await an examination.

MORITZ BRACKMAN, proprietor of an underground concert-saloon, at the corner of the Bowery and Bayard-street, was arrested on a similar charge. The latter is alleged to have been a notorious "bounty-jumper," and to have been sent to prison a few years ago for larceny, by reason of which he is disfranchised as a voter. He gave $5,000 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

### MISCELLANEOUS LOCAL POLITICS

**Gen. M. T. McMahon Nominated for Congress by the Republicans.**

The Fourth Congressional District (anti-Tammany) Republican Convention met last evening at No. 84 West Broadway. A letter of declination was received from Hon. P. C. VAN WYCK. The Convention then unanimously nominated Gen. MARTIN T. MCMAHON and adjourned. Gen. MCMAHON has the nomination of the Young Democracy. He served with distinction during the war in the old SIXTH Corps.

**Preparations for the Enforcement of the Election Laws.**

Marshal SHARPE is now busily engaged in selecting Deputy Marshals to serve on the day of election. Several hundred persons will be selected for the work, the Marshal having power to appoint as many special deputies as may be necessary to preserve order at any election at which Representatives in Congress are to be chosen, to preserve order and arrest for any offense or breach of the peace committed within their view. It is said that about 6,000 men will be appointed.

A conference of United States officials in which Gen. SHARPE, Senator CONKLING, Collector MURPHY, Attorney-General AKERMAN, Hon. THOMAS C. ACTON and District-Attorney DAVIS participated, was held yesterday in regard to an important subject connected with the election.

**Meeting of Uptown Carmen—An Election Dodge—A Question Whether They Will Turn Out in the Democratic Procession—An Order from Peter B. Sweeny.**

The Carmen's Association of the Twentieth, Twenty-first and Twenty-second Wards, met last evening at the corner of Seventh-avenue and Thirty-fourth-street, JAMES LYNCH in the chair.

The Chairman stated that the object of the organization of the Association was to obtain the privilege of continuing to stand at the junction of Broadway, Thirty-second-street and Sixth-avenue, as it was understood they were to be ordered away from that point.

One of a committee who had waited on ALEX. FREAR, to whom they appealed for assistance, handed in a paper obtained by Mr. FREAR from PETER B. SWEENY, President of the Department of Public Works, granting permission for the carmen to continue their stand at Broadway, Sixth-avenue and Thirty-second-street "until further orders."

Mr. MORRIS objected to the character of the permission, because it could easily be revoked after election; he had had experience with politicians, and the best way to deal with them was to get all you could out of them before election; if the carmen could get licensed for a year to continue their stands, all right, but he had seen an order from Mr. SWEENY to the Mayor's Marshal not to license any men to stand with carts at the place referred to.

A committee of three was appointed to arrange to have regular licenses granted to stand at the present place, and report at 6 o'clock this evening, with the understanding that if the request was not granted the Association would not turn out in the grand Democratic torchlight procession this evening.

**Banners to Ledwith—Enthusiastic Meetings—Attempts to Destroy the Banners by Tammany Democrats.**

The adherents of the Tammany Ring, last night, endeavored to practice some of their favorite dirty tricks for the discomfiture of the opponents whom they feel that they cannot overcome in a fair and open contest.

A large and enthusiastic mass-meeting and banner-raising by the Young Democracy of the Eighteenth Ward took place at Constitution Hall, corner Twenty-second-street and Third-avenue. JOHN P. LYNCH presided, and in a short speech introduced FRANCIS B. PURCELL, who made an able and eloquent speech. Speeches were made by ROBERT B. NOONEY, Judge LEDWITH, JULIUS WADSWORTH and others. Just as the banner was flung to the breeze some one in the interest of Tammany Hall cut the rope and it fell to the ground, whence it was taken away for repairs by order of the police.

The young Democracy of the Twenty-first Ward attempted to raise a Ledwith banner last evening at the corner of Thirtieth-street and Second-avenue. Everything passed off quietly until they attempted to raise the banner, when the crosstree on which the rope rested, which had been sawed "asunder by some Tammany minion, broke, and the banner fell. A car was passing at the time, and a number of men got on top of it and endeavored to fix the rope, but the car was soon driven away carrying the banner some distance.

An enthusiastic mass-meeting was held and Mr. PERCY H. FAKEMAN was elected Chairman. Stirring speeches were made by Judge LEDWITH, Wm. G. BARRETT, Joseph EDMONDS, Julius WADSWORTH, candidate for Coroner, from the Eighth District, F. B. MARTIN and others.

**The Third Assembly District Republicans Indorse the Action of the County Convention.**

At a meeting of Republicans, held last evening at the Third Assembly District Headquarters, No. 375 Broome-street, Mr. E. A. WILLOUGHBY acted as Chairman and Mr. JAMES COSTELLO Secretary. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

*Resolved*, That we indorse the State Central Committee, and we pledge ourselves to do all in our power to elect the ticket headed by WOODFORD and KAUFMAN.

*Resolved*, That we indorse the action of the County Convention, and favor the election of all officers opposed to Tammany Hall.

*Resolved*, That we heartily indorse the Federal Administration, under the leadership of our worthy magistrate, President U. S. GRANT.

JOHN HECKER, HENRY HASHAGEN, FRANK MCGEE, Committee on Resolutions.

**Grand Republican Rally in Williamsburg—Speech of Senator Wilson.**

Washington Hall, at the corner of Broadway and Fourth-street, Brooklyn, E. D., was filled to its utmost capacity, last night, with the Republicans of that section of the city. Several of the ward organizations were present in force, headed by bands of music. In the edifice there was also an excellent band, which made things lively with patriotic strains. Gen. J. S. CATTIN occupied the chair. On calling the assemblage to order, he stated that the prospects of the Republican Party never looked brighter in the city than they do at the present time.

Resolutions were passed indorsing the entire Republican ticket, State and County. The orator of the evening, Hon. HENRY WILSON, of Massachusetts, was then introduced and made one of his most spirited speeches. The course of the Democratic Party was passed in review in a few well-turned sentences, after which he referred to the charges of incompetency made against the present Administration, which he characterized as absurd, and cited in support of his position a few stubborn facts, showing how peace had been restored all over the country, the revenue collected and the debt decreased. In conclusion, he delivered a glowing eulogium on the Republican candidate for Governor, Gen. STEWART L. WOODFORD. Other speeches, by several of the prominent members of the party, followed, after which the meeting adjourned, amid loud and prolonged cheers for the Republican ticket.

**Nominations Last Evening.**

*Tammany.*—Eighteenth Assembly District, Leander Buck; Thirteenth Ward School Trustee, Henry E. Lynch—for short term.

*Republican.*—Third Assembly District indorsed James Hayes; Eighth Assembly District, Samuel Engel, the Young Democracy candidate; Seventeenth Assembly District, Ira G. Allen; Third Ward School Trustee, Francis F. Fellers.

*Young Democracy.*—Sixteenth Assembly District, Francis R. Purcell.

**Kings County Assemblymen.**

Now that there is a fair prospect of having an approach to a fair election, the Republicans ought to elect at least four out of the nine Assemblymen from Kings County. The Second, Fifth, Eighth and Ninth Districts have a clear majority of Republican voters, and if they will only go to the polls, and see that there is no cheating in the count, they will elect their candidates. The candidates in all these districts are good men and deserving of the support, not only of Republicans, but of disinterested citizens. In the Second District, which has been fraudulently represented for two years past by a Democrat, the Republicans have a majority of at least 1,000 voters, but they have been cheated out of their rights for two years by repeaters and false canvassers. It should not be permitted again this year. In the Fifth District, where Mr. W. COCHRAN was elected last year, but counted out in favor of W. T. JONES, there is also a large Republican majority. Mr. GOODRICH is again a candidate, and the people of that district ought to see to it that he has an overwhelming majority.

In the Ninth District, so long represented by JOHN C. JACKSON, the Democratic leader of the Assembly, we are assured that there is a good prospect of electing a Republican this year. The candidate is Mr. FRANCIS J. FISHER, a man who has the confidence of the people of the district, and who will represent their interests. He is one of the chief promoters of the underground railroad from the East River to the outskirts of Brooklyn, an enterprise that will be of inestimable benefit to the people of Brooklyn. Through his exertions the charter for the road was carried through the Assembly last Winter, and if he is elected the road will be incorporated and under way before another year comes round.

**Kings County Republican Convention.**

The Republican County Convention met yesterday, in Commonwealth Hall, Brooklyn, and nominated JAMES DUFFEY, of the Eleventh Ward, for County Clerk, in place of Gen. JOURDAN, resigned. Mr. SAMUEL MADDOX, candidate for Register, sent in a letter declining his nomination, but the Convention, by an almost unanimous vote, refused to accept it. Mr. MADDOX was prompted to take this action in order to show that he had no desire to run for the office named against the will of his party. The other candidates on the regular local ticket were also unanimously indorsed.

**John Hill and the Fourth District of New-Jersey.**

Mr. HILL is actively at work canvassing the Fourth District. He has been in Bergen and Sussex Counties during the past week, and will now be in Essex, Passaic and Morris. The people seem very earnest and enthusiastic, and give indications of a handsome victory. Mr. HILL is, however, devoting himself to the canvas, and has made the following appointments: Passaic, Thursday, 27th inst.; Lodi, Bergen County, Friday evening, 28th inst.; Franklin Mills, Essex County, Saturday evening, 29th inst.; Bloomfield and Orange, Monday evening, 31st inst.; Rutherford Park Hotel, Tuesday evening, Nov. 1; Little Falls, Wednesday evening, Nov. 2; West Milford, Cisco's Hotel, Thursday evening, Nov. 3. The Boonton Washington Cornet Band will be present at this meeting. Friday and Saturday, Nov. 4 and 5, in Morris County, at the mines and other places; Monday evening, Nov. 7, in Boonton.

**Political Gravities.**

At the regular weekly meeting of the Fifteenth Assembly District Republican Club, last evening, at Krorn's Hall, No. 246 West Thirty-third-street, encouraging reports were received from every part of the district, in which a thorough and effective organization exists.

The Democratic General Committee of Richmond County met at GALLAGHER'S saloon, Canal-street, Stapleton, at 2 o'clock yesterday. SAMUEL BARTON was elected Chairman, W. F. ELLIOT and M. STAPLES, Secretaries; J. M. MAERE, Treasurer, and ALFRED NORMAN, Sergeant-at-Arms. Committees on Finance and Printing were appointed, and also a Committee of Arrangements for a meeting to ratify the State and county nominations. A resolution was adopted that a new primary meeting be held at Castleton on Saturday evening to elect delegates to the General Committee. An address was delivered by Judge KILPATRICK, and the meeting soon after adjourned.

The friends of JOHN DECKER, the nominee of the Democratic Party for Assembly, met, last evening, at Geiser's Hotel, Stapleton, for the purpose of ratifying the nominations for county, State and Congressional nominations. JOHN DECKER and other candidates addressed the meeting, which was largely attended.

The Irish Republicans of Newark met in Library Hall last night. Speeches were listened to from Gen. BURKE, Dr. R. LEDDY, of New-York, and others. There was a large and enthusiastic audience.

The Democratic Ward organizations met, last night, and nominated candidates for the Boards of Supervisors and Aldermen.

The Republicans held a ratification meeting at Paterson last night, the Wigwam was crowded to the fullest with an enthusiastic audience. F. T. Frelinhuysen, Martin Ryerson, John Hill, and Gen. Kilpatick were present and a number of addresses were made.

An enthusiastic meeting of the WOODFORD and KAUFMAN Club took place last night at Sixtyieth-street and Ninth-avenue. CHARLES H. KETCHEL in the Chair. Addresses were made by the Chairman and by H. B. LE POER. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the Republican Government and expressing pleasure at the arrangements made for fair voting at the coming election.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**The Election Returns—Nominations and Other Matters.**

CLEVELAND, Oct. 26.—The official majority for SHERWOOD, Republican candidate for Secretary of State in Ohio, is 16,964. The balance of the ticket has about the same majority. The prohibition ticket received about 2,900 votes.

ALBANY, Oct. 26.—The Republicans have nominated JOHN J. HAGGERTY for Assembly, in the Third Assembly District of this county.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—It is understood that Hon. THOMAS HOYNE has declined the Democratic nomination for Congress in its district.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 26.—The first number of a new afternoon paper, called the *Congressional Independent*, and devoted to the interests of BENNIE MCCARTHY, was issued this afternoon.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 26.—Hon. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, the Democratic candidate for Governor, and others, addressed a large and spirited meeting of the Democracy in Faneuil Hall, to-night.

GEORGE, N. Y., Oct. 26.—At the Democratic Congressional Convention of the Eighth District, held here today, Mr. CLARK B. CROSS, of Tonawanda, was unanimously nominated for Representative to Congress. Thos. G. PLATT, the regular Republican candidate, has withdrawn, and MILO GOODRICH is in the field as an independent Republican candidate. The Congressional Committee is understood to be dead, thus preventing a call for a new Convention.

**Federate Council of the Protestant Episcopal Church—The Deliberations and Their Result—Address by Bishop Potter.**

In pursuance of a call issued by Bishop POTTER, a Council convened yesterday at St. John's Chapel, Varick-street, for the purpose of forming a Federate Council of the Dioceses in the State of New-York. The Bishops of the five dioceses were present, viz.: Bishop POTTER, of New-York; DOANE, of Albany; LITTLEJOHN, of Long Island; COXE, of Western New-York, and HUNTINGDON, of Central New-York. A large number of prominent clergymen and laymen of the dioceses were also in attendance as delegates to the Council. Among these were Rev. Drs. Haight, Ingersoll, Payne and Beach, Hon. Horatio Seymour, S. P. Nash, Hon. W. H. Ludlow, Orlando Meads, Judge Hunt, Lieut.-Gov. Jones and Gen. Miller. The proceedings of the Council began with prayer, the officiating clergymen being Rev. Drs. DRAPER, TUCKER, SHELTON and HASKINS.

Bishop POTTER read the ante communion, Bishop COXE the Epistle and Bishop HUNTINGDON the Gospel. The Right Rev. Dr. POTTER then offered up prayer, and in brief terms extended a hearty welcome to the delegates. The services preceding communion were performed by Bishops HUNTINGDON and DOANE, and the sacrament administered by Bishop POTTER. The Council then took a recess.

At the afternoon session a motion was made by P. P. NASH, Esq., and the resolution carried, that until a constitution for the Federate Council is adopted the right of the Bishops of the five dioceses to vote as a separate body be recognized. Rev. Dr. BEACH, of Oswego, made a motion that the Bishops, clergy and laity present under the call of the Bishop of New-York, declare it expedient to establish a Federate Council. A long discussion ensued as to whether the motion should be referred to a committee, or the resolution at once carried. Bishop COXE earnestly advocated the latter course, and the motion was carried unanimously. The following Committee was appointed to adopt means of furthering the object of the resolution: The Bishops of New-York, Albany, Long Island, Central New-York and Western New-York, Rev. Drs. Haight, Ingersoll, Beach, Payne and Deane, Judge Johnson, Hon. W. H. Ludlow, Horatio Seymour, S. P. Nash and Orlando Meads.

Bishop POTTER delivered a brief address, in which he congratulated the Council on the harmony and promptitude which had characterized the day's proceedings. He said that whatever might be said to the country, the Church would always be able to agree in essentials, while leaving liberty of thought and steering clear from Romanism.

The Council then adjourned to meet next January.

### ARMY AND NAVY RECORD.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Second Lieut. E. N. Chester, of the artillery, has resigned. Capts. C. A. Hartwell, W. H. Hugo Dewitt, C. Poole and Major J. M. Goodhue are relieved from duty as Indian Agents, and await orders, excepting Capt. Poole, who is transferred to the Twenty-second Infantry. The following are honorably discharged: Capts. John M. Duffy, Orson C. Knapp, unassigned, F. H. Watson, Third Cavalry, and Silas W. Tarlton, supernumerary; Brevet Lieut.-Col. J. G. White, lieutenant in Wm. C. Sweet, Twenty-fourth Infantry, Wm. T. Dodge, Twenty-first Infantry, Wm. A. Cameron, Fifth Artillery, Ira L. McBarron and Joel E. Lyman, unassigned. Capt. Geo. Meade, Twenty-second Infantry, is transferred to unassigned officers and infantry.

### FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The American Securities opened quiet and closed dull. Stocks opened and closed quiet, with a period of flatness about 1½ P. M. The course of the market during the day is indicated by the following table:

| | 11½ A. M. | 1½ P. M. | 5 P. M. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Consols for money | 92¼ | 92⅜ | 92⅜ |
| Consols for account | 92¼ | 92⅜ | 92⅜ |
| United States 5-20s, 1862 | 89¼ | .... | 89 |
| United States 5-20s, 1865, old | 88⅜ | .... | 88⅜ |
| United States 5-20s, 1867 | 90 | .... | 90 |
| United States 10-40s | 87⅛ | .... | 87 |
| Illinois Central F. shares | 114 | .... | 114 |
| Erie Railroad shares | 18¼ | .... | 18¼ |
| Atlantic and Great Western Railroad shares | 29½ | .... | 29 |

FRANKFORT, Oct. 26.—United States Five-twenty Bonds opened quiet at 95¾ for the issue of 1862.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 26—5 P. M.—COTTON opened quiet and steady, because easier toward 1 P. M. and closed dull. Middling Uplands opened at 9d. and closed at 8½d. @9d.; Middling Orleans opened at 9½d. and closed at 9¼d. @9¼d. The sales of the day foot up 10,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export. BREADSTUFFS—Wheat, 9s. 10d. per cental for New Milwaukee; Winter, 10s. 3d. Flour, 24s. for Western Canal. PROVISIONS—Lard is firmer but unchanged. PRODUCE—Spirits Petroleum, 11d. @11¼d. Turpentine, 28s. 6d.

LONDON, Oct. 26—5 P. M.—TALLOW, 43s. SUGAR on the spot, firmer. LINSEED-OIL is firmer, but unaltered in price. Refined PETROLEUM firmer. Common RESIN firmer.

ANTWERP, Oct. 26.—PETROLEUM opened firm.

### DOMESTIC MARKETS.

OSWEGO, Oct. 26.—FLOUR active and 25c. higher on all grades; sales 2,000 bbls. at $6 50 for No. 2 Spring; $7 for Amber Winter; $7 50 for White Winter; $8 25 for Double Extra. WHEAT firm but quiet; New No. 1 Milwaukee Club held at $1 23. CORN dull; sales 5,000 bushels on private terms. BARLEY unchanged; sales 2,900 bushels prime up-lake Canada at $1; Bay Quinte held at $1 14. RYE scarce and nominal. PEAS held at $1 free. CORN-MEAL, $1 80 for bolted, $1 70 for unbolted. PORK quiet. MILL-FEED steady; Shorts, $18@20; Shipstuffs, $22@23; Middlings, $20@23 ₱ ton, as to quality. HIGHWINES, 90c. Canal FREIGHTS—Wheat, 11¾c.; Barley, 10c. to New-York; Lumber, $3 50@3 75 to the Hudson; $4 80 to New-York. Railroad FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 63c.; to New-York, 49c.; to Albany, 46c.; Grain and Mill-feed to Boston, $4 60 ₱ ton. Lake IMPORTS—168,000 bushels Barley; 4,700 bushels Peas; 391,000 feet Lumber. Canal EXPORTS—17,500 bushels Wheat; 26,000 bushels Barley; 513,000 feet Lumber.

BUFFALO, Oct. 26.—RECEIPTS—Flour, 7,000 bbls; Wheat, 200,000 bushels; Oats, 45,000 bushels; Barley, 6,000 bushels. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 207,000 bushels; Corn, 16,000 bushels; Rye, 15,000 bushels. Railroad SHIPMENTS—Flour, 20,000 bushels; Barley, 2,000 bushels; Wheat, 2,000 bushels. FREIGHTS by canal—Wheat, 14½c.; Corn, 13½c.; Oats, 8c., to New-York. FLOUR steady, with fair local trade. WHEAT dull and unsettled; sales 7,500 bushels Chicago, per sample, at $1 18; 7,400 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee Club at $1 19; 400 bags White Kentucky at $1 40@1 55. CORN dull; No. 2 Western sold in small lots at 68c. @70c. OATS quiet; sales 25,000 bushels No. 2 Western at 45c. RYE—Sales 400 bushels Western at 85c. BARLEY quiet; sales 9,000 bushels Western, per sample, at 90c. SEEDS and PEAS inactive. PORK and LARD unchanged. HIGHWINES dull; 100 bbls. sold at 90c.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—EXCHANGE unchanged. FLOUR steady; Spring Extras, $2 65, cash. WHEAT dull and lower; No. 2 Spring, $1 01¾; seller November, $1 02¾. CORN dull and lower; No. 2 Mixed, 54c.; seller November, 53c.; seller last half of November, 53½c. OATS dull and lower; No. 2, 34½c., seller November. RYE advancing, with a fair demand; No. 2, 80c. BARLEY firm, with a fair demand; No. 2, 80c. HIGHWINES dull at 85c., iron-bound. MESS PORK, $25 @25 25. LARD, 14½c. @14½c. Green MEATS—Shoulders, 7¾c.; Short Ribs, 11½c.; Hams, 12½c. HOGS, $7 40@8 for Fair to Extra Choice. CATTLE dull at $3 25@5 87½. FREIGHTS quiet and firm; Wheat, to Buffalo, 9c. RECEIPTS—3,500 bbls. Flour, 100,000 bushels Wheat, 40,000 bushels Corn, 44,000 bushels Oats, 16,000 bushels Rye, 4,500 bushels Barley, 12,000 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—5,000 bbls. Flour, 20,000 bushels Wheat, 26,000 bushels Corn, 3,000 bushels Rye, 69,000 bushels Barley, 1,000 Hogs.

ALBANY, Oct. 26.—WHEAT in good demand for Amber: common and medium grades are very dull; Amber State and Western, fair to good, $1 35@$1 43; Extra, $1 45@$1 50; White State and Western, $1 44@$1 60, and dull; Diehl, $1 70. RYE quiet; nominal 95c.@$1 for Western: $1 02@1 05 for State. CORN dull, with liberal offerings and small sales; Mixed Western, 81½c. @83c. BARLEY continues to attract attention, but no concessions are made; two-rowed State from 86c. @95c., according to quality; six-rowed State, $1 02@$1 08 for No. 3 and No. 2; $1 15 for No. 1; prime Canada East, $1 15; Canada West, $1 @$1 20, according to quality. BARLEY-MALT—The business is confined to the trade: sales of new six-rowed State at $1 35; Canada West, $1 35@$1 40; no old Malt in the market. OATS in moderate demand and at steady prices; sales of Western at 56c. @58c.; State, 54c. @56c.; the latter prices being for choice White, bagged.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 26.—COTTON advancing; sales at 15c. @16¼c. FLOUR firm; Superfine, $4 10@$4 30; Extra Common, $4 75. WHEAT—Receipts light; No. 2 Red Winter, inspected, $1 22@$1 25; No. 1 Red Winter, $1 35. CORN advancing and scarce; 54c. for prime Mixed; 55c. @56c. for prime White. OATS, in bulk, higher at 37½c. @40c. BARLEY dull at 80c. @$1 05. RYE —Nothing doing. WHISKY dull and unchanged. TOBACCO heavy. HAY—Prairie unchanged. PROVISIONS firm and scarce. PORK, $22. BACON quiet; Shoulders, 14c.; Sides, 20c. for Clear. LARD firm at 16c. for tierces; 17¾c. for keg. RECEIPTS—5,500 bbls. Flour; 9,500 bushels Wheat.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—COTTON steady; Middling Uplands, 17¼c. @17¾c.; do. Gulf, 18c. FLOUR more active; Extras, $5@$5 25; Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota Extra Family, $5 50@$6 50; Pennsylvania do., $6 44@$6 75; Indiana and Ohio do., $6 37½@$7; Fancy brands, $7 25@$8. WHEAT in fair demand; Penna. Red, $1 37@$1 40; Amber, $1 40@$1 44. RYE—Sales of Western at 93c. CORN unchanged; New sells at 70c. @72c. OATS looking up; Western and State at 51c. @54c. BARLEY nominal at $1 02@$1 05. GROCERIES and PROVISIONS unchanged. PETROLEUM quiet; Crude, 15½c.; Refined, 23½c. @23¾c. WHISKY nominal at 93c.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 26.—COTTON easier; Middling offered at 16½c.; sales, 250 bales; net receipts, 100 bales; coastwise, 185 bales; total, 285 bales; stock, 3,900 bales. FLOUR active and firm. WHEAT dull and market favors buyers; prices unchanged, except for Western, which is quoted at $1 35@$1 38. CORN dull and irregular; White, 60c. @63c.; Yellow, 70c. @80c.; Mixed Western, 65c. @66c. OATS dull at 47c. @50c. RYE dull at 70c. @75c. PROVISIONS unchanged. WHISKY dull at 91c. @ 93c.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 26.—COTTON dull and droo